Cyber® A/T
Component Cutting Saw

June 2015
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Quad and Blade Numbers, Overhead View of Saw

Stationary-End Saw Blades
1
2
Infeed Side

Carriage-End Saw Blades
4
3

Quad and Blade Numbers
6
5

Operators side

-6°
20°
32°
Emergency Stopping Methods
Overview of Emergency Stops (E-Stops)

This section describes how to quickly stop the saw for safety reasons.

Emergency stops (E-stops) cease control power immediately. The only control power existing in the machine after an E-stop is actuated is the power that energizes the maintenance lights. Utilize any of the E-stops on this machine to cease power, which will stop the blades and all motion.

NOTE: Do not use the E-stops as a standard stopping method when cutting is complete. Overuse may cause certain components to wear faster.

Note the different types of E-stops and their locations shown here.

Push one of the red emergency stop (E-stop) pushbuttons to cease power transmitting to the control circuit.

A typical E-stop pushbutton is shown here.

To release the E-stop, pull the pushbutton straight out. It will return to its extended position, and the machine will operate again.
Emergency Stopping Methods (cont)
Additional Stopping Methods

Perimeter Safety Cable (Pull-Cord)

Pull the perimeter safety cable away from the saw to cease power transmitting to the control circuit. The safety cable should have a maximum of 8 in. slack in either direction before it shuts off the saw.

There are two cable and switch box pairs. You must press the button on the correct switch box to reset the circuit after someone pulls a perimeter safety cable.

**NOTE:** Refer to the previous step for the location of the Perimeter Safety Cable (Pull Cord)

Swing Guard E-Stop Actuator

The swing guard E-stop actuator is an expanded metal guard, but it is also an E-stop. Its purpose is to protect infeed operators by preventing them from reaching a saw blade while standing at the typical location an operator would stand.

**NOTE:** Refer to the previous step for the location of the Swing Guard E-Stop Actuator

Disconnect Switches

Turn both disconnect handles to the off position when the machine is not in use.

**NOTE:** Refer to the previous step for the location of the Disconnect Switches
Operator Control Interface
Using the Touch Screen

Tips for using the Touch Screen:

• Use only your finger to press buttons on the touch screen. Hard objects can damage the touch functionality.

• Press the buttons on the touch screen so your finger rests completely on the button and pauses.

• It is recommended that a keyboard and mouse be available for use to supplement the touch screen. If you need to navigate around the Windows software without a mouse, see the following page.

• Always use overlays on the touch screen surface to protect it.

To replace the old overlay:
Peel off the old overlay (look for a small tab to pull on) and stick a new one to the front of the monitor, which is actually the bezel. This machine was shipped with 5 spare overlays.

NOTE:
An overlay must be kept on your touch screen at all times to protect the bezel and touch screen from excessive wear, scratching, and other damage. An overlay will greatly increase the life of your touch screen and help to maintain the quality of the image on-screen.
Navigating Windows Software without a Mouse

To left-click (also called “select”)

- Using the keyboard, direct the cursor to the icon by using the arrow keys or TAB key. Press the ENTER key to select it. It may be necessary to press the space bar to highlight the icon before pressing ENTER.

To open the START menu

- Press CTRL-ESC or press the key that looks like a flying window.

To right-click

- Direct the cursor to the correct location by using the same procedure as used in the To left-click (also called “select”) section. View the right-click menu by pressing the SHIFT-F10 keys on the keyboard or pressing the key between the flying window key and the CTRL key.

To view a menu on the menu bar

- Press the ALT key along with the letter that is underlined in the menu name.

Opening Windows Explorer

- Right-click the START menu

To navigate Windows Explorer

- Press the TAB key to toggle between the two frames.
Operator Control Interface
Getting Familiar with the Software

Several software programs are in use when operating the Cyber A/T saw. The information below outlines the software programs on every MiTek-supplied computer for a Cyber A/T saw. The next page will introduce you to optional software that will allow you to use the saw to its fullest potential.

Operating System - Program that allows all other programs to function. Example: Windows® XP

Cimplicity® - Software that allows the personal computer and the PLC on the saw to communicate with each other

NOTE: The Cimplicity software in use must be compatible with the Project and PLC software in use.

Project - Subset of Cimplicity that executes specific saw functions

NOTE: The Project software in use must be compatible with the Cimplicity and PLC software in use. Look on the Main Menu screen for your software version.

PLC software - Software programmed into the PLC by MiTek.

NOTE: The PLC software in use must be compatible with the Project software in use. Look on the PLC Status screen for your software version.
Operator Control Interface
Getting Familiar with the Software (cont)

MiTek optional software significantly enhances the performance of the saw by allowing the operator to use batch cutting files. Using batch cutting files gives the operator the ability to analyze many trusses at once and download the files to the saw.

The operation of the software listed below is not covered in this material. However, training is available on MiTek University for CyberSort™, MBA™ and MVP™.

NOTE: Contact MiTek’s software technical support team for assistance with any optional software.

Optional Software:

**CyberSort** - Part of the MiTek Suite; reads multiple input file formats and turns them into CYB or EZY file for the A/T or a variety of other output files for other companies’ equipment

**Job Summary** - Works with CyberSort to create EZY or CYB files

**MBA** - Management software that handles orders, jobs, costs, etc.

**MVP** - Production management tool that enhances MBA to extend it out to the shop; intended for a paperless environment
Operating Procedures
Quick Start

Quick Start: An Operating Overview

This section summarizes the normal operation of the Cyber A/T saw in Automatic Mode. The procedure is defined in more detail in subsequent sections.

**NOTE:** These instructions assume that both disconnect handles were turned to the off position at last use.

**DANGER:** Before turning on the equipment, make sure that all personnel and equipment are out of the restricted zone.

1. Perform daily startup procedures:
   a) Turn power on to the saw, the computer, the monitor and any optional accessories installed.

   b) Perform the pre-operation safety check.

   c) Check everything listed in the maintenance checklist titled *At the Beginning of Each Shift - Also, see this section of the Maintenance Manual*

   d) Clear all emergency stops and faults.
Quick Start: An Operating Overview (cont)

2. Set up the saw.
   a) Load the batch cutting files.
   b) Set the infeed conveyor offset.

3. Attach needed supports. For more information on using supports, see page 26 of this manual.

4. Start the conveyors and saw blades.

**Warning:**
- Cut and crush hazard
- Airborne particles, chemicals and loud noise hazard.
- Do not enter the area between the infeed conveyors when the saw is operating. Serious injury and/or death could occur due to rotating saw blades and conveyors traveling along the rail.
- Wear ear and eye protection for all cleaning activities.
- When using cleaning and lubrication solutions, wear a properly rated respirator and gloves.

5. Feed the lumber onto the infeed conveyor and remove it from the outfeed side.

6. Clean the saw every 2 hours, per the maintenance checklist titled *Every 2 Hours* in the Maintenance Manual.

7. When done for the day, shut down the saw and the computer.
Overview of Operating Procedure in Automatic Mode

Daily Startup

Setup

Supports

Start the Saw

Feed and Off-Feed Lumbar

Shut Down

Center Support Bar
Heel Cut Skid Bar
Floor Truss Web Riser Bar

Clean and Lubricate Every 2 Hours
Operating Procedures
Daily Startup

Turning On the Saw
1. Turn on the main disconnect or circuit breaker in your facility which supplies power to the saw (this may not be necessary at your facility).

2. Move the saw's main power disconnect handle from the off position (down) to the on position (up) on the stationary end and the carriage end of the machine.

3. Check the air supply.
   a) Check to see that compressed air is connected to the saw and the air gauge reads at least 100 psi. If it does not, check to see that the compressor feeding the saw is on.

   b) Check to see that there is oil in the lubricator. The bowl should be between 1/4 and 3/4 full.

   c) Check that there is no water in the separator. Drain the bowl if necessary.

Turning On the Computer and Monitor

NOTE: The Cyber A/T software allows you to choose different languages. English and Spanish are built into the software as of Project version 12.0
Operating Procedures
Daily Startup (cont)

Turning on the Computer

1. Open the door on the PC enclosure.

2. Turn on the UPS by pressing the ON button labeled “1” shown here. The button will illuminate to indicate that the unit is on.

3. Turn on the computer by pushing in and releasing the button on the front of the PC tower. The button is labeled “2” shown here.

4. Turn on the touch screen monitor by opening the door on the back of the touch screen enclosure and pushing the toggle switch up. The image shows the toggle switch in the up position, which is the POWER ON position.

On the monitor’s screen, the logon to Windows dialog will display with SAWYER as the user name and the password field will be blank.

5. Press OK.

The Csimplicity Project screen will appear.
Operating Procedures
Daily Startup (cont)

Turning on the Computer (cont)

6. Press START to load the default project.
   
   a) If you have Project version 12.0 or later, a language selector screen will appear at this point.

   b) Choose the language you want the screen to display in: English or Spanish.

   c) Refer to the Maintenance manual for more instructions regarding the language selector screen.

7. Wait for the screen to display a picture of the saw.

8. Touch the screen to begin.
Operating Procedures
Pre-Operation Safety Check

Safety Tests
Perform these safety tests daily before operating the saw and after performing any maintenance.

Testing Emergency Stops (E-Stops)
Test that all E-stops are operating correctly at the beginning of each shift. To do so:

1. Start the blades using any operating mode.

2. Activate one E-stop.
   a) Ensure that all movement stops within 6 seconds. If not, refer to the Maintenance Manual in the Troubleshooting appendix to correct the problem and repeat the test.
   b) The E-stop icon in the alarm bar at the top of the screen should blink in red.

   **NOTE:** If it did not blink, there is a problem with the saw controls or E-stop circuit wiring.

   c) Try to start one of the saw blades by pressing and holding one of the start buttons.

   **NOTE:** If the blade starts, there is a problem with the saw controls or E-stop circuit wiring.

   d) Clear the E-stop.

   e) The emergency stop icon in the alarm bar at the top of the screen should stop blinking.

3. Repeat until all E-stops have been checked and passed the test.
Performing Daily Maintenance
Refer to the Maintenance Checklists appendix, in the Maintenance Manual, for the lists of preventive maintenance items that must be done before starting up the saw and every two (2) hours.

### Maintenance Checklist

#### At the Beginning of Each Shift

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preventive Maintenance Action</th>
<th>See Page #</th>
<th>Dates Completed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Check that the pneumatic system pressure on the saw and the PC enclosure are approximately 100 psi</td>
<td>MT-104</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check that the saw’s pneumatic lubricator oil level is at least 3/4 full and fill the oil if necessary</td>
<td>MT-104</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check for water in the pneumatic system filter on the saw and the PC enclosure and drain water if necessary</td>
<td>MT-104</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check E-stops for proper operation</td>
<td>SAFETY-12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check saw blade braking time (5 to 6 seconds)</td>
<td>SAFETY-12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check that all guards are in place and secure</td>
<td>MT-228</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perform a daily calibration check to ensure that saw is ready for production cutting</td>
<td>MT-49</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Every 2 Hours

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preventive Maintenance Action</th>
<th>See Page #</th>
<th>Dates and Times Completed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clean, and lubricate entire saw as described in the Maintenance chapter</td>
<td>MT-55</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blowing off and cleaning/lubricating should include: Side splashers, castings, and motors</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chains and sprockets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infeed conveyor, including rack and pinion</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waste conveyors</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hold-downs, including vertical and horizontal rack and pinion</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carriage and carriage tracks</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vertical Acme rods</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guards</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Square drive shaft</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table D-2: Preventive Maintenance Every 2 Hours During Operation

At the Beginning of Each Shift

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preventive Maintenance Action</th>
<th>See Page #</th>
<th>Dates Completed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Check saw blades for chipped or missing teeth, dullness, pitch build-up, and warping</td>
<td>MT-77</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clean and lubricate all parts listed in the Every 2 Hours checklist and described in the Maintenance chapter</td>
<td>MT-59</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inspect the saw for damage and loose or missing parts as described in the Maintenance chapter</td>
<td>MT-60</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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Operating Procedures
Pre-Operation Safety Check

Clearing E-Stops and Faults
To clear E-stops - see the *Overview of Emergency Stops (E-Stops)*, as described in the *Emergency Stopping Procedures module of this course*, or in the *Operation Manual*.

To clear faults - see the *Alarm Conditions Menu*, as described in the *Software Screens – Part 2 module of this course*, or in the *Operation Manual*. 
Operating Procedures: Setup
Loading and Deleting Batch Cutting Files

Loading EZY Files

1. In the Automatic Menu, press MORE.

2. Press FILES. The Batch Selector screen appears.

3. If loading files from a floppy, insert the floppy disk containing the batch files into the floppy drive.
   • If the saw's computer is located in a separate PC enclosure, the floppy drive is located on the front of the PC enclosure.
   • If the saw’s computer is inside the touch screen enclosure, the floppy drive is also located there.

4. Press IMPORT MEMBERS.

5. Select the drive that corresponds to the network, hard disk, or floppy drive.
   a) Press the down arrow on the screen and slide your finger down until the correct drive is highlighted.
   b) Remove your finger from the screen.

6. Select a subfolder (subdirectory) by double tapping the folder(s) with the batch files.
Operating Procedures: Setup
Loading and Deleting Batch Cutting Files (cont)

Loading EZY Files (cont)

7. Select the file name from the list on the right side of the screen.

8. If the imperial or metric check box is showing, ensure the correct box is checked.
   
   For most software versions, this setting is made in the Defaults settings instead of here.

9. Press OPTIONS.

10. Select the options you want when the saw imports the batch file, and press DONE when finished.

11. Press IMPORT ALL to import all data from the EZY files listed or IMPORT to import data from only the highlighted EZY files.

12. Press BACK to return to the previous screen.

13. Select the batch to be cut by touching the batch in the list so that it is highlighted.

14. Once a batch(es) is highlighted, the NO SELECTION button will change to CONTINUE. Press CONTINUE to cut the batch(es) selected. This will return you to the Automatic Menu.

The first piece in the batch will load automatically.
Deleting Batch Files

At the end of the work day, or at least on a weekly basis, clear the EZY files from the machine.

1. From the More screen on the Automatic screen or from the Main Menu, press FILE to open the Batch Selector screen.

2. In the Batch Status field, select CUT. This will display all batches that were completely cut. Partially cut batches are not displayed.

3. Press the DELETE ALL button, and all listed batches will be deleted.

4. Press CONTINUE to return to either the Automatic screen or the Main Menu.
Operating Procedures: Setup
Setting Infeed Conveyor Offset

If you want the saw to set up the infeed conveyor farther away from the blades to provide additional leverage when loading boards, set an infeed conveyor offset.

When to Use the Infeed Conveyor Offset

If you must use infeed offset, set it for the minimum amount possible. The closer the infeed conveyor is to the blades, the more accurate the cut will be.

There is an option checkbox to ignore the use of the infeed offset. If blades 5 or 6 are in-the-cut, turn OFF the infeed offset.

How to Set an Infeed Conveyor Offset

Access the Infeed Offset setting from the Semiauto screen > View Saw or from the Automatic screen > More.

1. From the More screen on the Automatic screen, press INFEED OFFSET.
2. Select the amount of offset for both ends. It is available in 6-in. increments from 0 to 18 in. (6 in. is typical).
3. Press EXIT to return to the Automatic screen.
Operating Procedures: Using Supports
Using the Center Lumber Support

The center lumber support supports the lumber between the infeed conveyors to prevent it from sagging. It improves the accuracy and consistency of the cuts on longer pieces by preventing the lumber from bowing downward along its length while being cut. It helps ensure that the angle and centerline are accurately cut.

When to Use the Center Lumber Support

Use the center lumber support for all lumber with a centerline length longer than 10 ft.

In Automatic Mode, an indicator and text message appear when a center lumber support is required. In the Semiauto Mode, only a graphic displays, as shown here.
Operating Procedures: Using Supports
Using the Center Lumber Support (cont)

How to Attach the Center Lumber Support

Refer to the image shown here.

1. Place each end of the center lumber support in the V-track on opposite sides of the saw under where the center of the board will be.

2. Place a straight 2x4 on the infeed conveyor.

3. Use the adjustment bolts on the foot of the center lumber support to adjust the height so the support is 1/8-1/4 in. below the bottom of the board.
Operating Procedures: Using Supports
Using the Heel Cut Skid Bar

The heel cut skid bar supports the end of the lumber, between the saw blade and the infeed conveyor.

When to Use the Heel Cut Skid Bar
The heel cut skid bar is required for long scarf cuts, specifically when the centerline length is over 6 ft with an infeed offset of 12 in. or more. If the saw has five (5) blades, one (1) heel cut skid bar comes with the saw. If the saw has six (6) blades, two (2) heel cut skid bars are provided. In Automatic Mode, there is an indicator for each end of the saw and a text message that appears when a heel cut skid bar is required. In the Semiauto Mode, only a graphic displays, as shown here.

How to Attach the Heel Cut Skid Bar
Refer to the image shown here. The heel cut skid bar should be set as close to the blades as possible, while maintaining a safe clearance between the heel support and the blades.

The heel cut skid bar must be level with the infeed conveyor. Use the adjustment bolts on the foot of the bar to adjust the height. Place each end of the heel cut skid bar in the V-track on opposite sides of the saw, under the end of the board you wish to cut. If using one (1) heel cut skid bar, it should be placed at the carriage end. If using two (2) bars, place one (1) on the carriage end and one on the stationary end.
Operating Procedures: Using Supports
Using the Floor Truss Web Riser Bars

Using the Floor Truss Web Riser Bars
The floor truss riser bars are for cutting floor truss webs and other pieces when the lumber is fed through the saw with one of its broad sides facing up as shown here. The riser bars lift the board up to avoid the notch in the flights and prevent the lumber from tilting front to back, which could cause the cuts to be unparallel with the face of the board.

When to Use Floor Truss Web Riser Bars
Use the floor truss web riser bars any time the orientation of the board fed through the saw is as shown here. Most floor truss webs require this orientation.

How to Attach Floor Truss Web Riser Bars
Refer to the image shown here. Attach the floor truss web riser bars to the outside of each infeed conveyor using 5/16-18-in. hex head screws (customer-supplied). Each bar requires two (2) screws, one on each end.
Operating Procedures: Begin Sawing
Start the Saw

1. Ensure all setup tasks are complete and supports are in place.

2. Ensure the material handlers and equipment on the outfeed side of the saw are ready. See Fig 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WARNING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STOP!</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ensure that all personnel are out of the restricted zone area. See page SAFETY-10 to see the restricted zone.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. From the More menu, turn on the waste conveyor (WAST CONV. START).

4. If your saw has an optional incline conveyor, turn it on from the More menu also (INCLINE CONV. START).

5. Press START and all blades and the infeed conveyor will start.

6. Don’t forget to clean the saw every 2 hours. See Fig 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAUTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AIRBORNE PARTICLES, CHEMICALS, AND LOUD NOISE HAZARD.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wear ear and eye protection for all cleaning activities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>When using cleaning and lubrication solutions, wear a properly rated respirator and gloves.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fig 1

Fig 2
Quiz 1

1. When cutting is complete, E-Stops should not be used as a standard stopping device
   a) True
   b) False

2. An Overlay is not required to protect your touch screen and bezel
   a) True
   b) False

3. Which 2 languages are built into the Cyber A/T software
   a) English and German
   b) English and Spanish
   c) English and French
   d) English and Dutch

4. Safety tests should be performed
   a) Before operating the saw
   b) After performing maintenance
   c) At the beginning of each shift
   d) All of the above

5. If you must use infeed offset where should it be set
   a) For the maximum amount possible
   b) The minimum amount possible
   c) Setting at any location will work
   d) None of the above
Operating Procedures: Feeding the Saw
Feeding and Removing Lumber

Orientation of Lumber

Shown here is a 2x4 orientation versus a 4x2 orientation when placed on the infeed conveyor.
- Roof truss webs are generally placed on the infeed conveyor in a 2x4 orientation.
- Floor truss webs are generally placed on the conveyor in a 4x2 orientation.
Operating Procedures: Feeding the Saw (cont)

Tips for Faster Feeding

- The infeed system is designed for one or two (1-2) people to feed lumber into the saw. With longer lumber, it will be faster and safer with two (2) people, but with experience, one person is able to feed the lumber.

- Use a cart or conveyor system as a holding area for the lumber that is to be cut. The lumber should be stacked neatly at approximately the same level as the lumber pivot extensions.

- The flights on the lumber conveyor carry the lumber to the saw blades. You may try to place a board between every pair, or you may decide to skip one or more flights between lumber pieces.

- Adjust the infeed conveyor speed using the INFEED SPEED dial on the operator station so the conveyor is moving at a speed comfortable for your infeed operators. The comfortable speed varies with the length of lumber and with individual operators.
Operating Procedures: Feeding the Saw (cont)
How to Feed the Lumber

Feeding Procedure for Short Lumber

Note the number of pieces to be cut, the stock length to be fed, and the grades and species of lumber.

The shorter the lumber, the easier it will be to feed it. One person may be able to keep up easily. When you are having difficulty keeping up with the desired speed, refer to the procedure for long lumber or assign a second person to help.
Operating Procedures: Feeding the Saw (cont)
How to Feed the Lumber (cont)

Feeding Procedure for Long Lumber

1. Note the number of pieces to be cut, the stock length to be fed, and the grades and species of lumber.

2. Place as many pieces of lumber onto the lumber pivot extensions as will fit comfortably.

3. Place the lumber, one piece at a time, onto the conveyor extensions between the flights. The flights will begin carrying it toward the saw blades.

   a) Push-and-pivot method:
      1) Standing at the carriage end, slide the end of one piece of lumber down onto the conveyor extension.
      2) Push down on the closest end of the lumber, using the conveyor extension as a fulcrum point so the other end raises up.
      3) Continue to push your end of the lumber down and away from the saw until the opposite end of the lumber falls onto the stationary-end conveyor extension.
      4) Release your end of the lumber.

   b) Roll method:
      1) Standing at the carriage end, roll each board toward the saw so both ends fall simultaneously onto the conveyor extensions.
      2) Release your end of the lumber.

4. Continue until all the pieces for the setup have been fed into the saw.
Operating Procedures: Remove Lumber
How to Remove the Lumber at the Outfeed Side

Outfeed arms are supplied with standard saws to catch the lumber on the outfeed side after it is cut. In most instances, one (1) person should be able to raise the lumber up off the outfeed arms and place it on a cart or conveyor system. Multiple people may be required depending on the size of the lumber and the speed of the saw.

MiTek offers optional conveyor systems that replace the outfeed arms so the cut boards fall directly onto the conveyor.
Operating Procedures:
Other Operating Procedures

Choosing Which Member to Cut

Access the Member Selection screen, shown here, from the Automatic screen by pressing the MORE button.

The Member Selection screen allows the operator to view all the members within the current batch. During normal operation, the first uncut member is loaded for setup. From the Member Selection screen, any member can be selected for setup.

Choosing Which Batch to Cut

Access the Batch Selector screen, shown here, from the Automatic Menu by pressing the MORE button.
Starting the Blades

For more information on Starting the Blades in Automatic Mode, refer back to the Operating Procedures – Quick Start section of this course.

For more information on Starting the Blades in Manual and Semiauto Mode, see the Software Screens module in this course.
Operating Procedures:
Other Operating Procedures (cont)

Operating a MiTek Inker or Catcher Display

If you have an optional peripheral device such as the MiTek Inker and/or Catcher Display, refer to its manual for operation and maintenance. It should operate whenever the saw is operating in Automatic Mode and the peripheral device is turned on.

Resetting Alarms and Faults

Each alarm or fault must be reset individually.

For more information, refer to the Software Screens module > Alarm Conditions Menu in this course.

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Alarm Conditions Menu

![Alarm Conditions Menu Diagram]
Selecting a Language for the Software

For Project versions 12.0 or later, you can choose to display all text in English or in Spanish. The default setting is to display in English and automatically display a language selector screen when you turn on the saw computer, after logging into Windows. When the language selector screen appears, choose the language you want the software to display and press OK.

To prevent the language selector screen from appearing every time you logon, click the DON'T ASK ME AGAIN box before hitting OK. This option sets the language chosen at the time as the default, and the screen will not appear again until you manually change it.

To manually change the language after the DON'T ASK ME AGAIN box has been clicked on, double click the shortcut on your desktop called CYBER AT CHANGE LANGUAGE. The language selector screen appears, and you can change the language and/or click the DON'T ASK ME AGAIN box off.

To change the language after logging in, shut down Project. When you restart it, either the language selector screen appears or you can use the CYBER AT CHANGE LANGUAGE shortcut on the desktop.

The check box itself cannot be removed. The operator always has the option to change languages.
Operating Procedures:
Adjustments During Operation

The following procedures refer to Manual Mode and Semiauto Mode only. These settings are automatically adjusted when operating in Automatic Mode.

**NOTE:** In Manual Mode, use the arrow buttons on the touch screen to adjust the settings.

**NOTE:** In Semiauto Mode, enter the number on the keypad on the touch screen to adjust the settings.
Operating Procedures:
Adjustments During Operation (cont)

Adjusting the Centerline or Angle of a Saw

In this example we will use blade 1, but the process is the same for all blades.

1. To adjust the blade motor centerline, use the buttons on the right to raise or lower the pivot point.

2. To adjust the blade motor angle, use the buttons on the left to increase or decrease the angle.

The reading below the buttons displays the actual position of the setting.

Blades 5 and 6 also have an IN and OUT button. When these blades are not in use, they should be in the out position. When needed, pushing the IN button will bring them into the cut.
Operating Procedures:
Adjustments During Operation (cont)

Adjusting the Position of the Infeed Conveyors

You can adjust the horizontal location of the infeed conveyors in Manual Mode.

From the Manual screen, press the appropriate button to move the conveyor in the correct direction. The reading below the buttons displays the actual position of the infeed conveyors from the saw blades.

- To adjust the infeed conveyors on the stationary end, use the two buttons on the left in the image shown here.

- To adjust the infeed on the carriage end, use the two buttons on the right in image shown here.

When operating in Automatic Mode, the infeed conveyors are set, by default, at a specific distance from the saw blades.

**NOTE:** To override this automatic setting, refer to the *Setting the Infeed Conveyor Offset* section previously discussed in this course.
Operating Procedures:
Adjustments During Operation (cont)

Adjusting the Position of the Hold-Down

You can adjust the horizontal location of the hold-downs in Manual Mode. See the image shown here.

Press the appropriate button to move the conveyor in the correct direction. The reading below the buttons displays the actual position of the hold-downs from the saw blades.

When operating in Automatic Mode, the hold-downs are automatically set to be a specific distance from the saw blades.

NOTE: To override this automatic setting, refer to the Setting the Infeed Conveyor Offset section previously discussed in this course.
Operating Procedures:
Adjustments During Operation (cont)

Adjusting the Position of the Carriage

You can adjust the horizontal location of the carriage while in Manual Mode or Semiauto Mode.

The image here shows the buttons to use when in Manual Mode. Press and hold the appropriate button to move the carriage in the correct direction. The reading below the buttons displays the actual distance of the carriage saw blades from the stationary saw blades.

NOTE: When operating in Automatic Mode, the carriage automatically moves to the correct position for the programmed cut.
Operating Procedures: Adjustments During Operation (cont)

Adjusting the Position of the Lumber Stop

You can adjust the horizontal location of the lumber stop while in Manual Mode or Semiauto Mode. The lumber stop should be located so the board barely grazes blade 2 when traveling along the infeed conveyor.

The image here shows the buttons to use when in Manual Mode. Press and hold the appropriate button to move the lumber stop in the correct direction. The reading below the buttons displays the actual position of the lumber stop from the saw blades.

When operating in Automatic Mode, the lumber stop automatically moves to the correct position for the programmed cut.

Changing Lumber Size

The centerline and hold-down locations are automatically adjusted based on the height of the lumber when it is sitting on the infeed conveyors.

- In Automatic Mode, it automatically has this information from the batch files.
- In Semiauto Mode, press the button shown here to enter the board height.
- In Manual Mode, manually adjust the height of the hold-downs and the centerline height.
Operating Procedures:
Adjustments During Operation (cont)

Adjusting the Speed of the Infeed Conveyors

Adjust the speed of the infeed conveyors by changing the default setting. From the Main Menu, go to Defaults>Speeds.

It is necessary to slow the infeed conveyors to about 80% of normal operating speed when blades 5 or 6 are in-the-cut.

Moving a Blade In-the-Cut or Out-of-Cut

Any blade can be moved completely out of a cut when not needed or returned to the blade assembly when needed. Press the corresponding button as shown in this image.

From the Manual screen, only blades 5 and 6 can be moved out-of-cut or in-the-cut.

From the Semiauto screen, any blade can be moved out-of-cut or in-the-cut.

In Automatic Mode, blades are moved in and out automatically based on the batch file data.
Operating Procedures:
Overfeeding

NOTE: The saw counts the number of pieces fed into the saw using an infeed switch and loads the next setup when the correct infeed quantity is reached. The infeed conveyors stop when the outfeed switch recognizes all boards fed into the saw have exited the saw. If the sawyer feeds more boards than required, the infeed conveyor will not stop until all boards are cut and off the saw. This is called overfeeding.

The default setting allows the infeed conveyor to pause and give a warning when overfeeding occurs. The operator must acknowledge the warning for the saw to continue feeding the lumber. If you don’t want to continue feeding that board, press STOP and back the board out of the cutting area to remove it.

When the saw counts extra boards on one run, the quantity on the next run will be short. It is recommended that the overfeeding warning be left on at all times so the sawyer is aware of this.

NOTE: If a qualified maintenance supervisor wants to turn the default warning off, use the Default screen which is shown in the Operation Manual.
Operating Procedures:
Shutting Down - Saw

During Normal Operation

To cease power to the control circuit and immediately stop all motion, activate an E-stop.

At the End of the Day

1. Press the STOP button on the touch screen from either the Manual, Semiauto, or Automatic screen.

2. Press the ALL HOME button on the Semiauto screen to place blades in their home position.

3. Press an E-stop.

4. Turn the disconnect handle on the stationary-end AND carriage-end electrical enclosures to their off positions.

NOTE: Always place blades in All Home position when shutting down. Blades may “cup” if left in a Horizontal position for an extended period of time.
Operating Procedures:
Shutting Down – Computer and Monitor (cont)

Computers Inside a PC Enclosure

1. From the Manual, Semiautomatic, or Automatic screen, touch the Main Menu button.

2. Touch the SHUTDOWN button on either side of the screen.

3. A window appears asking if you are certain you want to turn off the screen. Touch the YES button.

4. The computer goes through its shutdown procedure.

5. Once shutdown is complete, a message appears saying it is safe to turn off the computer.

6. Turn off the monitor.

7. Open the door of the PC enclosure and push the power button on the PC tower.

8. Push the power button on the UPS.

9. Switch off power at the main power disconnect on the stationary end enclosure.
Operation: 
Software Screens – Main Menu

Looking Up the Project Software Version

Alarms Status Bar
An alarms status bar is located at the top of the Main Menu and several other screens. Press an alarms status button when there is no fault showing to quickly access the various alarm status screens.

The Main Menu indicates the Cimplicity Project version in the lower right corner. In the image shown here, the version shows “V20.11”.

The same screens can be reached through the Alarm Conditions Menu.

Press one of these buttons when it is flashing red for more information on the nature of the fault.
Operation:
Software Screens – Main Menu Buttons

Manual:
Enter the saw into the Manual Mode. This mode is used for maintenance of the saw. Here you can adjust any single axis to a desired position. This will be covered in more detail in the Manual Screen section of the training.

Semiauto:
Enter the saw into the Semiautomatic Mode. This mode is used for cutting single pieces and certain calibration procedures. This will be covered in more detail in the Semiautomatic (Semiauto) Screen section of the training.

Automatic:
Enter the saw into the Automatic Mode. This is the normal operation mode of the saw. In this mode the saw will automatically set up and run production files. This will be covered in more detail in the Automatic Screen section of the training.

Files:
This button opens the Batch Selector menu. This is where the EZY files can be loaded into the saw’s program. This will be covered in more detail in the Batch Selector Screen section of the training.

Alarms:
This opens the Alarm Conditions menu. This will be covered in more detail in the Alarm Conditions Menu section of the training.

Calibrate:
This opens the Calibration menu. See the Calibration Check section of the Cyber A/T Maintenance Manual.

Defaults:
This will open the defaults screen. You can set system defaults with this menu. See the Default Screens section of the Cyber A/T Operation Manual.
Operation:
Software Screens – Main Menu Buttons (cont)

Service:
This opens a screen used for maintenance purposes. It shows setups and faults for every axis. This will be covered in more detail in the Maintenance Record Screens section of the training.

Reports:
This allows you to set up and print reports. This will be covered in more detail in the Reports Screens section of the training. Also, see the Generating Reports section of the Maintenance Manual for more details.

Shutdown:
The SHUTDOWN buttons on each side of this screen allow the Cyber A/T computer to be safely turned off. After touching one of these buttons, Cimplicity will prompt with a shutdown confirmation screen. Select YES to shutdown. See the Operating Procedures: Shutting Down previously covered in this training material.
Operation:
Software Screens – Alarms Status Bar

The alarms status bar is located at the top of most screens and allows quick identification of problems.

Pressing the flashing red fault indicator opens the appropriate alarm screen.

See the *Alarm Conditions Menu* screen for details on the alarms.

1. Motor overload alarm
2. Motor circuit breaker alarm
3. Proximity switch count alarm and home prox
4. Profibus fault
5. Emergency stop alarm
6. Variable frequency drive alarm
7. Position alarm
8. Programmable controller fault
9. Miscellaneous alarms
Operation:
Software Screens – Manual Screen

Overview
The Manual screen allows the operator to move each axis of the Cyber A/T saw. This mode is designed for use during maintenance.

Touching the axis jog button moves that axis in the direction indicated by the arrow. A readout of the actual position of each axis displays below each pair of jog buttons.

1. MAIN MENU - Opens Main Menu.
2. STOP/START - All blades. The logo toggles between a green START and a Red STOP.
3. VIEW SAW - Actual positions of the saw. See the section on View Saw Screen. This button flashes red if a collision zone is detected.

See the following steps for a description of each button on the Manual Screen.
Operation:
Software Screens – Manual Screen (cont)

4. WASTE CONV. START - Start/stop the waste conveyor.
   a) Green Start - Starts the conveyor. When the conveyor is running, a green dot displays.
   b) Red Stop - Will stop the conveyor. When the conveyor is stopped, a red dot displays.

5. INCLINE CONV. START - Controls the incline conveyor.
   a) Green Start - Starts the conveyor.
   b) Red Stop - Stops the conveyor.

6. INFEED CONV. START - Controls the infeed conveyor.
   a) Green Start - Starts the conveyor.
   b) Red Stop - Stops the conveyor.

7. FORWARD JOG and REVERSE JOG - Joys the infeed conveyor.

8. IN/OUT - Displays the current boards-in and boards-out quantities for that run.

9. ADJUST BOARD COUNTERS - Enter quantity to cut. Saw automatically shuts off when quantity is reached. See Fig 1.

10. INFEED SPEED - Feed conveyor speed adjustments. See Fig 2.

11. CARRIAGE POSITION - These buttons adjust the carriage position (length of the board).

12. LUMBER STOP - These buttons adjust the lumber stop position.
Operation:
Software Screens – Manual Screen (cont)

13. SPEED set for:
   a) Angle speed fast/slow.
   b) Centerline speed fast/slow.
   c) Conveyor speed fast/slow.

14. BLADE 2 ADJUSTMENTS – Adjusts blade 2

15. MOTOR START buttons - These buttons start the saw motors.

16. BLADE 1 ADJUSTMENTS - Adjusts blade 1

17. BLADE 6 ADJUSTMENTS- Adjusts blade 6. Note the title is in red, indicating that the blade is out of the cut.

18. HOLD-DOWN ADJUSTMENTS - These buttons adjust the hold-downs.

19. BLADE 5 ADJUSTMENTS - Adjusts blade 5. Note the title is in red, indicating that the blade is out of the cut.


21. BLADE 3 ADJUSTMENTS - Adjusts blade 3

22. INFEED ADJUSTMENTS - These buttons adjust the infeed conveyors.
Operation:
Software Screens – Manual Screen

Sub-Menus Accessed From the Manual Screen

View Saw Screen

The View Saw screen has several purposes:
• Displays the location of the blades and carriage
• Warns of possible or existing collision situations
• Displays the dimensions of the lumber in the batch
• Allows the operator to change the infeed offset setting

NOTE: The VIEW SAW button will flash yellow if a collision is predicted, but the saw will still operate. It will flash red if a collision is detected, and the saw will not operate until the Collision Profibus Fault alarm is reset and the collision conditions are changed.
Operation:
Software Screens – Semiautomatic (Semiauto) Screen

Overview
The Semiautomatic (Semiauto) screen is very similar in appearance to the Manual screen. The primary difference is the use of the pop up keypad to set the axis locations. The locations of the horizontal hold-downs and infeed conveyors are set automatically when in Semiauto or Automatic Mode. To position an axis, press the component button to bring up the keypad, enter the desired set point, and press the OK button.

1. MAIN MENU - Returns to the Main Menu.

2. START / STOP
   a) START - Sequentially starts the blades and the infeed conveyor. Press and hold until the first blade starts.
   b) STOP - Stops all blades and the infeed conveyor. This button appears only if a blade is running.

3. INITIATE SETUP - Moves all axis locations to the set points.

4. VIEW SAW - View actual positions of the saw. See View Saw Screen on the previous step. This button will flash red if a collision is detected or an Invalid setup is entered. Press the Abort button to reset.
Operation:
Software Screens – Semiautomatic (Semiauto) Screen (cont)

5. **WASTE CONV. START** - Start or stop the waste conveyor.
   a) **Green Start** - Starts the conveyor. When the conveyor is running a green dot will be displayed.
   b) **Red Stop** - Stops the conveyor. When the conveyor is stopped a red dot will be displayed.

6. **INCLINE CONV. START** - Start or stop the incline conveyor.
   a) **Green Start** - Starts the conveyor.
   b) **Red Stop** - Stops the conveyor.

7. **INFEED CONV. START** - Press and release the button to start or stop the infeed conveyor. The button toggles between green START and red STOP.

8. **INFEED JOG** - Reverse jogging of the infeed conveyor.

9. **IN/OUT** - Displays the current boards-in and boards-out quantities for the run.

10. **ADJUST BOARD COUNTERS** - Enter quantity to cut. See the Adjust Board Counters Screen section of the Operation Manual for more information.
    The saw automatically shuts off when quantity is reached. The quantity must be entered before pressing INITIATE SETUP.

11. **SAW BLADE DISPLAY** - Displays the position of the blades.

12. **ABORT SETUP** - Stops axis positioning.
Operation:
Software Screens – Semiautomatic (Semiauto) Screen (cont)

13. BOARD HEIGHT - This displays a numeric keypad. Enter the height of the board, as it will be when placed on the infeed conveyor.
   2x3 = enter 3
   2x4 = enter 4
   2x6 = enter 6
   4x2 = enter 2

14. INFEED SPEED - Adjust the infeed conveyor speed. See the *Infeed Speed Screen* section of the Operation Manual for more information.
   a) TURTLE - Holding this button decreases the infeed conveyor speed.
   b) RABBIT - Holding this button increases the infeed conveyor speed.
   c) Or touch the center bar for a keypad where the speed can be entered.

15. BLADE 2 ADJUSTMENTS - Displays the current position of the blade and the text *Blade 2* will be Blue in color. If the saw blade is running, the blade number will turn to green. If the blade is out of the cut the text will turn to red.

16. BLADE 1 ADJUSTMENTS - Displays the current position of the blade and the text *Blade 1* will be Blue in color. If the saw blade is running, the blade number will turn to green. If the blade is out of the cut the text will turn to red.

17. ALL HOME - Moves the blades to default set points for angles and centerlines. Factory default is 90°.

18. BLADE 6 ADJUSTMENTS - Displays the current position of the blade and the text *Blade 6* will be Blue in color. If the saw blade is running, the blade number will turn to green. If the blade is out of the cut the text will turn to red.

19. MOTOR START buttons. These buttons start the individual saw motors.
Operation:
Software Screens – Semiautomatic (Semiauto) Screen (cont)

20. **Carriage** settings position set point.

21. **BLADE 5 ADJUSTMENTS** - Displays the current position of the blade and the text **Blade 5** will be Blue in color. If the saw blade is running, the blade number will turn to green. If the blade is out of the cut the text will turn to red.

22. **CLEANING POSITIONS** - Moves blades and centerlines to a pre-defined position where they may be easily cleaned.

23. **BLADE 4 ADJUSTMENTS** - Displays the current position of the blade and the text **Blade 4** will be Blue in color. If the saw blade is running, the blade number will turn to green. If the blade is out of the cut the text will turn to red.

24. **BLADE 3 ADJUSTMENTS** - Displays the current position of the blade and the text **Blade 3** will be Blue in color. If the saw blade is running, the blade number will turn to green. If the blade is out of the cut the text will turn to red.

25. **LUMBER STOP** - Pressing this button opens a window that allows you to adjust the setting of the lumber stop.


   The OUT and IN buttons located in the box for the settings of each blade are used to take the blade out of the cut or put the blade in the cut. Out of the cut will automatically set the values for the angle and centerline. When OUT is pressed, the buttons to set the angle and centerline will not be visible until the blade is brought back into the cut by pressing the IN button.

27. **IN** - Press button to put blade in cut (if it was previously moved out-of-cut).
Operation:
Software Screens – Semiautomatic (Semiauto) Screen (cont)

Sub-Menus Accessed From the Semiauto Screen

See the View Saw Screen section of the Operation manual.

See the Adjust Board Counters Screen section of the Operation manual.

See the Adjusting the Infeed Conveyor Speed section of the Operation manual.
Operation:
Software Screens – Automatic Screen

Overview
The Automatic screen reads the set point data from the batch cutting files. All values shown on this screen are set points.

NOTE: You may notice a blinking error on the Automatic screen saying “Infeed Arm Raised”. Ignore this error; it is normal.

- Important information about the current batch
- Saw blade numbers here correspond to the color of blades in the graphic
- Red blade number means that Blade is out-of-cut.
- Shows current and total cuts in the batch currently running or setting up
Operation:
Software Screens – Automatic Screen (cont)

Using the Automatic Screen
The Automatic screen reads the set point data from the batch cutting files. All values shown on this screen are set points.

1. MAIN MENU - Opens the main menu.

2. STOP - Stops all blades and the infeed conveyor.

3. MORE - Opens an auxiliary function window.

4. INITIATE SETUP - Move all axis to the set points.

5. START - Starts all necessary motors. Press and hold until the first blade starts.

6. Saw Blade Display - The saw blades in the center of the screen show the current position of each of the saw blades that will be used. Blades not used in the cut will disappear from the screen.

7. ABORT SETUP - Stops axis positioning.
Operation:
Software Screens – Automatic Screen (cont)

8. INFEED SPEED - Controls infeed conveyor speed.
   a) TURTLE - Holding this button decreases the infeed conveyor speed.
   b) RABBIT - Holding this button increases the infeed conveyor speed.
   c) Or touch the center bar for a keypad where the speed can be entered.

9. VIEW SAW - View actual positions of the saw. See the View Saw Screen section of the Operation Manual for more information. This button will flash red if a collision was detected or an invalid setup was entered.

   Press the ABORT SETUP button to reset.

10. IN/OUT - Touching here allows setting of the IN/OUT counts.

11. DONE - Indicates that current cut is complete and loads the next setup. This is an optional button controlled by the .ini file.

12. SET - This will pop up a numeric keypad for the board quantity to be entered.

   Setting the quantity to zero will reset the in and out counters.

   The quantity must be entered before pressing the INITIATE SETUP button.

13. Current set points display.
Operation:
Software Screens – Sub-Menus Accessed From the Semiauto Screen

More Screen

1. EXIT - Returns to the Automatic Screen.

2. LUMBER STOP - Manually adjusts lumber stop.

3. FILES - Opens the File (Batch Selector) screen that allows the user to select, load, delete, view statistics, and sort batches.

4. MEMBER - Opens the Member Selection screen.

5. NEXT SETUP - Loads the next setup.

6. INFEED OFFSET - Adds 0 in., 6 in., 12 in., or 18 in. to the normal blade to infeed clearance.

   This feature is disabled when carriage length is less than 6 ft.

7. WASTE CONV. - Starts or stops the waste conveyor.

8. INCLINE CONV. - Starts or stops the incline conveyor.

9. INFEED JOG - Controls forward and reverse jogging of the infeed conveyor.
Operation:
Software Screens – Sub-Menus Accessed From the More Screen

Batch Selector Screen

Access the Batch Selector screen from the FILES button on the Main Menu or from the FILES button on the More Menu.

The Batch Selector screen allows the operator to navigate through the cutting list. It shows the batches that have been cut since the last time batch files were cleared out and the batches that have been downloaded and are waiting to be cut.

1. **DELETE ALL** - Deletes all currently listed batches.

2. **DELETE CURRENT** - Deletes the selected batch.

3. **ZERO QUANTITIES** - Marks the batch as not cut, allowing it to be cut again.

4. **STATUS (MARK INACTIVE)** - Marks the selected batch as active or inactive.

5. **IMPORT MEMBERS** - Allows EZY files to be loaded onto computer from disk or networks drive.

6. **LOGIN** - Allows sawyer to login by name and assign a shift number for reporting purposes.
Operation:
Software Screens – Sub-Menus Accessed From the More Screen (cont)

7. REPORTS - Opens the REPORTS/STATISTICS screen.

8. NO SELECTION - This button only displays when no selection has been made. Use it to exit the menu. As soon as a selection is highlighted this button will turn into the CONTINUE button.

9. CONTINUE - Returns to Automatic screen. The “View By” options on the left of the screen allow loaded batches to be sorted and viewed in a variety of ways.

10. Batch Status
    • All (View all loaded batches)
    • Not Cut (View only batches not completely cut)
    • Cut (View only batches that have been completely cut)

11. Active Status
    • Active (View only batches not marked inactive)
    • Inactive (View only batches marked inactive)
    • All (View all loaded batches)

12. Sort By
    • Alphabetical
    • Date
    • Pieces
    • Priority (for future use)

13. Sort Direction
    • Ascending
    • Descending
Operation:
Software Screens – Sub-Menus Accessed From the More Screen (cont)

Member Selection Screen

Access the Member Selection screen from the Batch Selector screen or from the More screen. The Member Selector screen allows the operator to view all the members within the current batch. During normal operation, the first uncut member is loaded for setup. From the Member Selection screen, any member can be selected for setup. Simply press the member to cut, and the setup will be loaded.

The following color codes are used as a visual reference:
- **Green** - Members in the group are cut.
- **Blue** - Members are currently selected.
- **Red** - Members in the group are not cut.
- **Yellow** - Members in the group are partially cut.

1. **CHECK BOXES**
   a) **COMPRESS** - Hides all sub quantities.
   b) **NOT CUT** - Shows only members not cut.
   c) **PAGES** - Hides the page number list on the screen.

2. **NEW BATCH** - Opens the BATCH SELECTOR screen.

3. **CANCEL** - Exits the Member Selection screen.
Operation:
Software Screens – Alarm Conditions Menu

Access the Alarm Conditions Menu by pressing the ALARMS button on the Main Menu. You can also access each individual alarm screen by using the Alarms Status Bar at the top of most screens. The alarm screens will guide you to the cause of a fault and inform the operator how to clear the fault.

Main Menu

The MAIN MENU button on the Alarm Conditions Menu screen returns the operator to the Main Menu.

WARNING

Always lockout and tagout the main electrical source before opening the control panel! Severe electrical hazard exists, including death or severe personal injury.
Motor Thermal Overload Alarms

A motor overload occurs when a motor runs under excessive load and begins to heat up. The motor overload protection will trip before the motor is damaged. The overload protection is mounted to the output side of the motor starter.

To reset a motor thermal overload:

1. Determine the cause of the overload and correct.
2. Turn off and lockout the main electrical source.
3. Locate the overload inside the electrical enclosure and press the red reset button.
4. Restore power and resume normal operation.

Press the fault indicator to view control panel location.
Operation:
Software Screens – Alarm Conditions Menu (cont)

Motor Circuit Breaker Alarm
A motor breaker trip occurs during a short-circuit condition. The circuit breaker feeds power to the input side of the motor starter.

To reset a circuit breaker:

1. Determine the cause of the breaker trip and correct.

2. Turn off and lockout the main electrical source.

3. Locate the breaker and switch it off, then back on (up position).

4. Restore power and resume normal operation.
Operation:
Software Screens – Alarm Conditions Menu (cont)

Proximity Switch Count Alarms
A proximity (prox) switch count alarm will occur when an axis is moving and no count pulses are detected. The count proximity switch sends pulses to the PLC as a metal cam on the axis drive rotates. The pulses are counted by the PLC to track axis position.

The proximity switch count alarm is caused when the PLC does not receive a signal from the count prox for 1/2 seconds when the axis should be moving.

To reset a count alarm:

1. Determine the cause of the alarm and correct.

2. Press the ALARM RESET button on the touch screen.

3. Resume normal operation.
Operation:
Software Screens – Alarm Conditions Menu (cont)

Home Proximity Switch Alarm
A home proximity (prox) switch fault will occur if an axis is far out of calibration or the home target is not sensed. The axis is calibrated each time the home proximity switch passes a metal target.

To reset a count alarm:

1. Determine the cause of the alarm and correct.
2. Press the ALARM RESET button on the touch screen.
3. Resume normal operation.
Operation:
Software Screens – Alarm Conditions Menu (cont)

Profibus Fault

- A red indicator(s) represents a problem with the encoder or Profibus network.

- A yellow indicator(s) represents a count fault. The position did not change when the axis was signaled to move. Correct the problem and reset the alarm by pressing the RESET ALARM button on the touch screen.
Operation:
Software Screens – Alarm Conditions Menu (cont)

Emergency Stop Alarm
An emergency stop (E-stop) alarm will occur if any emergency stop pushbutton is pressed, the pull cord (perimeter safety cable) is activated, or low air pressure on the blade motor brakes is sensed.

To reset an E-stop:

- Pull out the emergency stop pushbutton that is activated.
- Press the reset button on the perimeter safety cable alarm to reset the perimeter safety cable switch.
**Operation:**
Software Screens – Alarm Conditions Menu (cont)

**Variable Frequency Drive Alarm**
A variable frequency drive (VFD) alarm can be caused by a motor overload, short circuit, under-voltage, and similar conditions. The VFD has built-in diagnostics that check for a variety of problems.

**To Reset a VFD:**

1. Determine the cause of the fault and correct the problem.

2. Reset the fault using one of these methods:
   - Press the reset button on the VFD
   - Press the RESET ALARM button on the screen.
**Operation:**
Software Screens – Alarm Conditions Menu (cont)

**Position Alarm**
A position alarm will occur during automatic positioning if all axes do not reach their set point within 60 seconds. The Position Alarm screen will indicate which axis failed to reach its set point. The START button will not be available until the saw recognizes all axes are in position.

The most common reason for this fault is a mechanical binding preventing a component from moving. Clean, lubricate, and inspect the saw to determine the cause of a position alarm.

**To reset a position alarm:**

a) Determine the cause of the alarm and correct.

b) Press the INITIATE SETUP button on the Semiauto or Automatic screens to perform setup again.
Operation:
Software Screens – Alarm Conditions Menu (cont)

Programmable Logic Controller Fault
The programmable logic controller (PLC) has several status points that are monitored to help diagnose PLC-related problems. It is normal for some of these status points to show a fault when the power is turned on.

To reset a PLC alarm:

a) Determine the cause of the alarm and correct.

b) Press the ALARM RESET button on the touch screen.

c) Resume normal operation.

PLC status shows Current PLC status
PLC Fault Table Shows the most Recent PLC faults that have occurred
Operation:
Software Screens – Alarm Conditions Menu (cont)

Miscellaneous Alarms
The Miscellaneous Alarms screen is for alarms that don't fit into the categories discussed on other screens. Each alarm is described here.

**NOTE:** All of the miscellaneous alarms are reset automatically when the alarm condition is cleared.

- Maintenance Jumper - The maintenance jumper indicator will be yellow when the stationary end jumper is not in place. This jumper is used for saw setup and maintenance only. Semiautomatic and automatic operations are not allowed if the jumper is open.

- Stationary-End DC Power Supply Fault - The DC power supplies in the stationary and carriage control panels are monitored. A DC power supply alarm will be displayed when the DC power is off.

- Stationary-End Control Power Interrupt - The AC control power in the stationary and carriage control panels is monitored. A control power alarm will be displayed when the AC power is off.

- Low Air Fault - The low air alarm will occur when the air pressure feeding the saw drops below 60 psi.
Operation:
Software Screens – Alarm Conditions Menu (cont)

Miscellaneous Alarms (cont)

• Motor Starter Safety Fault - The Motor Starter Safety Fault displays when a motor starter is engaged when it should not be or a motor starter does not engage when it should be.

  NOTE: A motor starter safety fault may occur when a motor starter is on and the PLC program has it turned off. This condition will drop out the emergency stop circuit, causing all motors to turn off. This is monitored to enhance machine safety.

• Carriage-End DC Power Supply Fault - The DC power supplies in the stationary and carriage control panels are monitored. A DC power supply alarm will be displayed when the DC power is off.

• Carriage-End Control Power Interrupt - The AC control power in the stationary and carriage control panels is monitored. A control power alarm will be displayed when the AC power is off.
Operation:
Software Screens – Maintenance Record Screens

Access the Maintenance Record screens by pressing the SERVICE button on the Main Menu.

The Maintenance Record screen 1 and screen 2 allow maintenance records to be viewed. They are used for displaying detailed information about all axes of the saw and predetermining possible trouble spots.
The Maintenance Record Reset screen is used to reset the data on Maintenance Record screens 1 and 2 back to zero (0). This feature is useful during troubleshooting.

**NOTE:** The data is not archived. Ensure the data is no longer needed before resetting data.
Operation:
Software Screens – Reports Screens

The *Cyber A/T* saw tracks productivity and provides basic reports. This information is stored in a *Microsoft® Access®* database called cybrdata.mdb located in ‘c:\simplicity\mitek\scripts’.

The first Cyber Stats screen allows statistics to be viewed by day, week to date, and month to date. To view statistics for a past day, simply press the date on the calendar.

Statistics are stored for three (3) days (can be changed in the Cybersaw.ini file). Increasing the number of days can cause member load times to increase, since the database will become larger as the number of statistic days is increased.
Operation:
Software Screens – Calibration Screen

See the Calibration Check section of the Maintenance Manual for calibration instructions.

NOTE: The calibration key switch on the front of the touch screen enclosure must be set to the ON position to allow changes to settings on the Calibration screen.
Quiz 2

1. The center lumber support should be used for all lumber with a centerline length longer than
   a) 4 ft
   b) 6 ft
   c) 8 ft
   d) 10 ft

2. The infeed orientation of a floor truss web is 2x4
   a) True
   b) False

3. When operating in Automatic Mode, the carriage automatically moves to the correct position for the programmed cut
   a) True
   b) False

4. When shutting down the saw, blades should always be placed in what position to prevent cupping
   a) All Home
   b) Vertical
   c) Horizontal
   d) 45 degrees

5. The Alarm Status Bar is located where
   a) Top of the Main Screen only
   b) The Manual Screen only
   c) The Semiauto Screen only
   d) Top of most screens
Operation:
Sample Cuts #1: Bottom Chord

NOTE: All sample cuts should be done in Semiautomatic Mode.

NOTE: Note that some cutting lists use 0° when the saw blades are vertical. These saw blades are 90° when the blades are vertical.

Specifications for Bottom Chord Sample
• Pitch and Span – 3/12 pitch – 24’ 8” span – ¼” heel
• Lumber Size – 2x4
• Attachments – Heel cut skid bar

WARNING
Read and understand all safety precautions before operating this equipment. Failure to do so may result in death or severe personal injury.
Operation:
Sample Cuts #1: Bottom Chord (cont)

Cutting instructions:

1. Turn the power on.

2. Angle blade 1 to 90° (Enter 900).

   **NOTE:** Raise centerline above lumber width if an angle other than 90° was entered.

3. Angle blade 2 to 90° (Enter 900). Set the centerline to 1-3/4 in. by entering 112.

4. Angle blade 3 to 90° (Enter 900). Set the centerline to 1-3/4 in. by entering 112.

5. Angle blade 4 to 90° (Enter 900). If an angle other than 90° is entered, raise the centerline above lumber width.

6. Angle blade 5 to 14° (Enter 140). Position the centerline at the required butt cut height.

7. Set the carriage length at 12 ft 4 in. (Enter 12 04 00).

8. Set the infeed speed to middle setting.

9. Set the lumber stop at 1/2-in. mark to the left of “0” on scale.

10. Position the heel cut skid bar approximately 2 in. from the blades, between blades and feed chain, and lock it in place. This is not required unless the infeed offset is greater than 6 inches.
Operation:
Sample Cuts #1: Bottom Chord (cont)

Cutting instructions (cont):

11. Set both the vertical height of both hold-downs to the 2x4 setting on the scales.

12. Position center lumber support approximately midway between infeed chains.

13. Place 2x4 on edge in the feed conveyor at the root of the lumber pivot arm and push it against the lumber stop.

14. Press the START button on the touch screen.

15. After the board is cut, check all dimensions on the board for accuracy.

16. Repeat as necessary.
Operation:
Sample Cuts #2: Top Chord

NOTE: Note that some cutting lists use 0° when the saw blades are vertical. These saw blades are 90° when the blades are vertical.

Specifications for Top Chord Sample
- Pitch and Span – 3/12 pitch – 24’ 8” span
- Lumber Size – 2x4
- Attachments – Center lumber support
Operation:
Sample Cuts #2: Top Chord (cont)

Cutting instructions:

1. Turn the power on.

2. Angle blade 1 to 76°. (Enter 760).

3. Angle blade 2 to 90° (Enter 900).

**NOTE:** The centerline can be placed at any height.

4. Angle blade 3 to 76°. (Enter 760).

5. Angle blade 4 to 90° (Enter 900).

**NOTE:** The centerline can be placed at any height.

6. Use the OUT OF CUT button on saw #5.

7. Set the carriage to the overall length of the top chord.

8. Set the centerline on blade 3 to 0 inch and #1 saw to board height.

9. Set the infeed speed to middle setting.

10. Set the lumber stop at the 1/2 in. mark to the left of “0” on scale.
Operation:
Sample Cuts #2: Top Chord (cont)

Cutting instructions (cont):

11. Set the vertical height for both hold-downs to the 2x4 setting on the scales.

12. Position the center lumber support approximately midway between chain.

13. Place 2x4 on edge on the infeed conveyor at the root of the lumber pivot arm, and push it against the lumber stop.

14. Press the START button on touch screen.

15. After the board is cut, check all dimensions on the board for accuracy.

16. Repeat as needed.
Operation:
Sample Cuts #3: Roof Truss Web

NOTE: Note that some cutting lists use 0° when the saw blades are vertical. These saw blades are 90° when the blades are vertical.

Specifications for Roof Truss Web Sample
- Pitch and Span – 3/12 pitch – 24’ 8” span
- Lumber Size – 2x4
- Attachments – None
Operation: Sample Cuts #3: Roof Truss Web (cont)

Cutting instructions:

1. Turn the power on.

2. Angle blade 1 to 33.6° (Enter 336).

3. Angle blade 2 to 56.2° (Enter 562).

4. Angle blade 3 to 33.6° (Enter 336).

5. Angle blade 4 to 29.7° (Enter 297).

6. Set blade 5 to out-of-cut.

7. Set the carriage to the overall length of the web.

8. Set the centerline of all four saws to 1-3/4 in.

9. Set the infeed speed to the middle setting.

10. Set the lumber stop at the 1/2 in. mark to the left of “0” on scale.
Operation:
Sample Cuts #3: Roof Truss Web (cont)

Cutting instructions (cont):

11. Set the vertical height of both hold-downs to the 2x4 setting on the scales.

12. Position the center lumber support approximately midway between chain.

13. Place the 2x4 on edge on the infeed conveyor at the root of the lumber pivot arm, and push it against the lumber stop.

14. Press the START button on the touch screen.

15. After the cut, check all dimensions on the board for accuracy.

16. Repeat as needed.
Operation:
Sample Cuts #4: Floor Truss Web

NOTE: Note that some cutting lists use 0° when the saw blades are vertical. These saw blades are 90° when the blades are vertical.

Specifications for Floor Truss Web Sample
- Overall Web Length – 2’ 2”
- Lumber Size – 4x2
- Attachments – Floor truss web risers
Operation:
Sample Cuts #4: Floor Truss Web (cont)

Cutting instructions:

1. Turn the power on.

2. Angulate blade 1 to 60° (Enter 600).

3. Angulate blade 2 to 30° (Enter 300).

4. Angulate blade 3 to 60° (Enter 600).

5. Angulate blade 4 to 30° (Enter 300).

6. Set blade 5 to out-of-cut.

7. Set the carriage length at 2 ft 2 in.

8. Set the centerline for all four saws to 15/16 in.

9. Set the infeed speed to middle setting.

10. Set the lumber stop at the 1/2 in. mark to the left of “0” on scale.
Operation:
Sample Cuts #4: Floor Truss Web (cont)

Cutting instructions (cont):

11. Set the vertical height of both hold-downs to the 2x4 setting on the scales.

12. Position the center lumber support approximately midway between chain.

13. Place the 4x2 on edge on the infeed conveyor at the root of the lumber pivot arm, and push it against the lumber stop.

14. Press the START button on the touch screen.

15. After the cut, check all dimensions on the board for accuracy.

16. Repeat as needed.
Operation:
Sample Cuts #5: Scissors Bottom Chord

NOTE: Note that some cutting lists use 0° when the saw blades are vertical. These saw blades are 90° when the blades are vertical.

Specifications for Scissors Bottom Chord Sample
- Pitch and Span – 3/12 pitch – 24’ 8” span
- Lumber Size – 2x6
- Attachments – Heel cut skid bar
Operation:
Sample Cuts #5: Scissors Bottom Chord (cont)

Cutting instructions:

1. Turn the power on.

2. Angle blade 1 to 71.5° (Enter 715).

3. Angle blade 3 to 71.5° (Enter 715).

4. Angle blade 4 to 18.3° (Enter 183).

5. Angle blade 5 to 15.3° (Enter 153).

6. Set the carriage to the overall length of the board.

7. Set the centerlines for blades 1 and 2 to 4-1/2 in. (Enter 408).

8. Set centerlines for blades 3 and 4 to 1-7/8 in. (Enter 114).

9. Set blade 5 centerline to 3-3/4 in. (Enter 212).

10. Set the infeed speed to the middle setting.
Operation:
Sample Cuts #5: Scissors Bottom Chord (cont)

Cutting instructions (cont):

11. Set the lumber stop at the 1/2 in. mark to the left of “0” on scale.
12. Set the vertical height of both hold-downs to the 2x6 setting on the scales.
13. Position the center lumber support approximately midway between chain.
14. Place the 2x6 on edge on the infeed conveyor at the root of the lumber pivot arm, and push it against the lumber stop.
15. Press the START button on the touch screen.
16. After the cut, check all dimensions on the board for accuracy.
17. Repeat as needed.
Operation:
Angle and Slope Conversion Chart

This image shows what the slope of a cut will be when the saw blade is set at the angle indicated.

If the cut should be a 4/12 slope, look for 4" in the yellow columns. The blade angle should be set at 18.4° to accomplish a 4/12 slope.

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Deg. = Saw Angles
In. = Slope (x/12)
Quiz 3

1. A motor thermal overload alarm occurs when a motor runs under excessive load and begins to
   a) Short out
   b) Heat up
   c) Cool below operating temp
   d) Power fluctuates

2. An emergency stop (E-stop) alarm will occur when
   a) Any emergency stop pushbutton is pressed
   b) The pull cord (perimeter safety cable) is activated
   c) Low air pressure on the blade motor brake is sensed.
   d) All of the above

3. All miscellaneous alarms are reset automatically when the alarm condition is cleared
   a) True
   b) False

4. Data on the Maintenance Record Reset Screen is not archived and must not be deleted until it is no longer needed
   a) True
   b) False

5. When the blades on the saw are set at 90 degrees they are
   a) Horizontal
   b) Angled
   c) Vertical
   d) Neither, this saw uses 0 degrees