

Operation Manual



MatchPoint[™] BLADE[™] Wood Processing System

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Manual applies to U.S. equipment.

001080-OP

If printing this manual from a file, it is highly recommended that it be printed in high resolution in color ink. Many of the graphics will be unclear and could create an unsafe condition if this recommendation is not followed.



Wood Processing System



U.S. and other patents pending.

Manual applies to North American and Australian equipment.

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Legal Notice

Patents

The *BLADE* wood processing system is made and sold under one or more of the following patents:

US 6,539,830	ZA 2008/00280
US 6,702,096	DE 1896228
US 7870879	FR 1896228
AU 2006263691	GB 1896228
NZ 564779	US 6702096 (Auto Deck)

For use with US 6539830 For use with AU 783340 For use with CA 2398768

Other patents may apply

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Notice of Change

Use this page to record Service Bulletins and Notices that you receive to keep your manual updated.

BLADE™

Wood Processing System

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Refiérase a la página SEGURIDAD-29 para español.

For safety information in Spanish, refer to SEGURIDAD-29.

Safety Indicators: Signal Words

The following signal words and colors are used throughout this document to indicate safety hazards. Pay careful attention when you see them. The level of severity differs for each signal word and color.

Signal words are accompanied by graphics showing what personnel should or should not do. The graphics are called safety symbols and are defined on page 19, but more specific text is provided every time a graphic is used throughout the manual. Everyone near the machine must be trained on how to read these safety indicators.

Failure to comply with the instructions accompanying each signal word may result in property damage, personal injury, or even death. Personnel must follow all safety procedures and practices to ensure the safest possible operation of this equipment. However, at no time is this document a substitute for common sense. Personnel must ensure that the work environment is safe and free of distractions.

DANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, is likely to result in death or serious injury.

WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

When CAUTION is used *with* the safety alert symbol (yellow triangle), it indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

When CAUTION is used *without* the safety alert symbol, it indicates a potentially hazardous situation which may result in equipment damage.

NOTICE

Calls attention to information that is significant to understanding the operation at hand.

ENVIRONMENTAL

Applies to conditions that may affect the environment but do not have an immediate, direct effect on personnel or equipment.



General Equipment Safety Rules



Because it is impossible to anticipate every circumstance that might involve a hazard, the safety information provided in this equipment manual and on the machine is not all-inclusive. If this machine is operated or serviced using a procedure not specifically recommended by the manufacturer, the procedure shall be approved by a professional engineer to ensure it will not render the equipment unsafe. Use extreme caution and common sense at all times!

Know Your Equipment

- Read this manual completely before using or maintaining the equipment. Do not operate this machine unless you have a thorough knowledge of the controls, safety devices, emergency stops, and operating procedures outlined in this manual.
- Read and follow all safety notes. Failure to comply with these instructions may result in economic loss, property damage, and/or personal injury including death.
- Refer to the lockout/tagout guidelines on the following pages to safely perform maintenance and troubleshooting of this equipment.
- Observe and obey all safety labels. Replace worn labels immediately.
- Use this equipment solely for the purpose described in this manual.
- Only qualified personnel should attempt to operate or perform maintenance on this equipment. "Qualified personnel" is defined as:

...a person or persons who, by possession of a recognized degree or certificate of professional training, or who, by extensive knowledge, training, or experience, has successfully demonstrated the ability to solve problems relating to the subject matter and work—ANSI B30.2-1983

...one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of the electrical equipment and installations and has received safety training on the hazards involved—NEC 2002 Handbook

Personal Safety

- Always wear safety glasses and hearing protection in an industrial environment.
- Utilize a filtering face piece (dust mask) when working near sawdust.
- Wear proper clothing and appropriate personal protective equipment (e.g. safety glasses and hearing protection.) Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry. Confine long hair by tying it back.
- Use caution when lifting heavy parts or material.



Installing the Equipment

- Follow installation instructions completely.
- This equipment is not for use in a residential area.



Lockout/Tagout

- Before performing maintenance on the pneumatic or hydraulic systems, bleed the lines to eliminate pressure.
- Lockout/tagout all energized systems before performing maintenance on them. Refer to the *Lockout/Tagout Guidelines* section on page 5.

Keeping a Safe Environment

- Keep children away. All visitors should be kept a safe distance from the work area. Hazards may not be apparent to individuals unfamiliar with the machine.
- Keep work areas well lit.
- Keep the work area clean and free of any trip or slip hazards.
- Do not use the equipment in damp or wet locations, or expose it to rain or snow.
- Minimize dust clouds and protect your equipment by cleaning dust in this manner:
 - Vacuum dust prior to blowing with air
 - Shut down electrical power and sources of ignition
 - If using compressed air, it should be a low compression (no more than 15 psi)
 - Powered cleaning equipment such as vacuums must be consistent with local governmental codes for use in dusty conditions.



Operating and Maintaining the Equipment

- Ensure that all people, tools, and foreign objects are clear of the restricted zones before operating this equipment. The restricted zones are shown on page 17.
- Perform safety tests to ensure all E-stops are working properly before operating the equipment at the initial startup, after performing any maintenance, and in accordance with the maintenance schedule.
- In case of machine malfunction, stop the machine immediately using an E-stop and report the malfunction to a supervisor.
- Never leave the machine running unattended. Turn the power off! Do not leave the machine until all parts have come to a complete stop and all electrical power has been shut off.
- Check for worn or damaged parts regularly. Repair or replace them immediately.
- Keep the hydraulic, pneumatic, and electrical systems in good working order at all times. Repair leaks and loose connections immediately. Never exceed the recommended pressure or electrical power.
- Check that all safety devices are in working order before each shift starts. All protective guards and safety devices must be in place before and during use of the machine. Never disconnect or bypass any safety device or electrical interlock.
- Only qualified maintenance personnel shall remove or install safety devices.
- Periodically inspect the quality of the finished product.

Electrical Safety

- Do not use any liquids in the interior of electrical cabinets.
- When using solvents on and around the machine, remove power to the machine to eliminate the chance of sparking, resulting in explosion or fire. Wear a respirator approved for use with solvents. Wear protective clothing, gloves, and safety glasses.



Lockout/Tagout

Lockout/Tagout Guidelines

All lockout/tagout guidelines must be met according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.147. A specific procedure should be included in your company's energy control program. This manual is not intended to replace your company's deenergizing or lockout/tagout procedure required by OSHA, but merely to provide general guidance.

The term "lockout," as used in this manual, means placing a lockout device on any and all energy sources to ensure that the energy isolating device and the equipment being controlled cannot be re-energized or operated until the lockout device is removed. The photos on the next page show where the electrical disconnects are located for this machine.



- Energy sources include electrical, mechanical, hydraulic, pneumatic, chemical, thermal, or other energy.
- In the case of electrical energy sources, the main power and control power to the machinery must be turned off and physically locked in the "off" position.
- A lockout device is usually a keyed padlock.
- If more than one person is working in a restricted zone, use a group lockout device that will allow each person to use a lock that can be removed only by the person performing the maintenance.

"Tagout" means that a prominent warning is securely fastened to an energy-isolating device to indicate that the equipment shall not be operated.

Whenever you see this symbol, lockout/tagout!







Electrical Lockout/Tagout Procedures



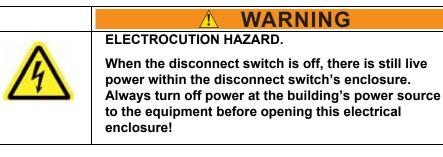
When Working on a Machine Outside the Machine's Main Electrical Enclosure



If working on the electrical transmission line to the machine, follow the procedure on page 9.

Before performing maintenance on any machine with electrical power, lockout/tagout the machine properly. When working on a machine outside of the machine's main electrical enclosure, not including work on the electrical transmission line to the machine, follow your company's approved lockout/tagout procedures which should include, but are not limited to the steps here.

- 1. Engage an E-stop on the machine.
- 2. Turn the disconnect switch handle to the "off" position. See Figure SAFETY-1.



- 3. Attach a lock and tag that meet OSHA requirements for lockout/tagout.
- 4. Restrain or de-energize all pneumatic components, hydraulic components, and other parts that could have live or stored power.



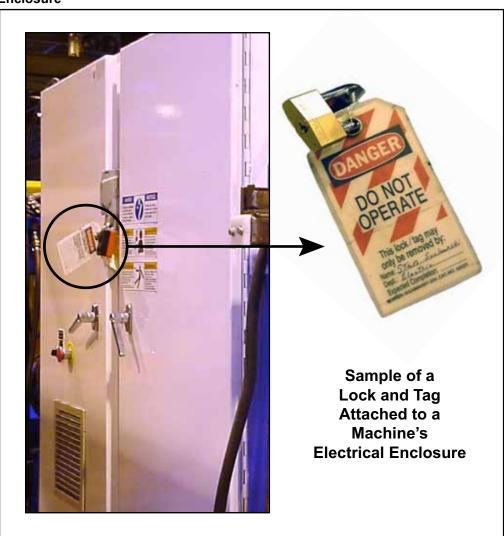


Figure SAFETY-1: Sample of a Lockout/Tagout Mechanism on an Electrical Enclosure



Figure SAFETY-2: Lockout/Tagout on Additional Equipment in the System



Auto Deck Enclosure May be replaced with optional infeed equipment.

Power can also be disconnected using saw's main disconnect switch.



Powered Skewed Conveyor Enclosure (optional equipment)



Main Pneumatic Filter/Regulator

- Located on right side of saw.
- Yellow plate is shown in lockout position. Place lock and tag through holes in yellow plate.
- Pneumatic lines will bleed naturally when yellow plate is in lockout position.
- Ensure gauge reads 0 before performing replacing a supply bottle for the printer or performing any maintenance!





When Working on a Machine Inside the Machine's Main Electrical Enclosure or in the Electrical Transmission Line to the Machine

Before opening the main electrical enclosure, or attempting to repair or replace an electrical transmission line to the machine, lockout/tagout the machine properly. Follow your company's approved lockout/tagout procedures which should include, but are not limited to the steps here.

- 1. Engage an E-stop on the machine.
- 2. Shut the power to the machine off at the machine's power source which is usually an electrical service entry panel on the facility wall. One example of a locked-out power source panel is shown in Figure SAFETY-3.
- 3. Attach a lock and tag that meets OSHA requirements for lockout/tagout.
- 4. Open the door to the enclosure in which you need access, and using a multimeter, verify that the power is off.

Figure SAFETY-3: Sample of a Lockout/Tagout Mechanism on a Power Source Panel





Hydraulic System Lockout/Tagout Procedure

When Lockout/Tagout is Not Required

If working on components other than the hydraulic system, but that requires you to be near the vicinity of movable hydraulic components, you must, at a minimum, physically restrain the hydraulic components from moving. If this is not possible, lockout/tagout the entire hydraulic system.



When Lockout/Tagout is Required

Before attempting repair or performing maintenance on a hydraulic line or component, lockout/tagout the machine properly. Follow your company's approved lockout/tagout procedures.

Pneumatic System Lockout/Tagout Procedure

When Lockout/Tagout is Not Required

If working on components other than the pneumatic system, but that requires you to be near the vicinity of movable pneumatic components, you must, at a minimum, physically restrain the pneumatic components from moving. If this is not possible, lockout/tagout the entire pneumatic system.



When Lockout/Tagout is Required

Before attempting repair or maintenance on a pneumatic line or component, lockout/ tagout the machine properly. Follow your company's approved lockout/tagout procedures.

Troubleshooting With an Energized Machine

Only a qualified electrician, using the personal protective equipment and following the procedures recommended in NFPA 70E should ever attempt service or repair of or near an energized area or component of the machine.

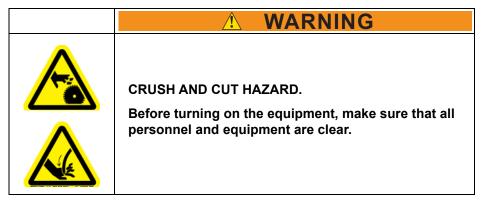
Whenever maintenance is performed while the equipment is electrically energized, there is a potential electric arc flash hazard. Refer to NFPA 70E for the personal protective equipment required when working with electrically energized components. Pneumatic and hydraulic components may move unexpectedly if not de-energized. Physically restrain any components capable of movement when working on or near those components.



Safety Tests

This test procedure MUST be performed by qualified personnel at startup and after ANY maintenance, adjustment, or modification. Testing ensures that the safety system and machine control system work together to properly stop the machine.

These test procedures MUST be performed by qualified personnel every day at startup and after ANY maintenance, adjustment, or modification. Testing ensures that the safety system and machine control system work together to properly stop the machine.



Inspecting Indicators

- 1. While performing any of the following safety tests, check to ensure the *Blade In Motion* light located on the operator interface panel lights up when the blade is running.
- 2. While performing any of the following safety tests, check to ensure the beacon on top of the main electrical enclosure lights up when cutting is taking place.
- 3. Verify that all safety labels are present and legible.



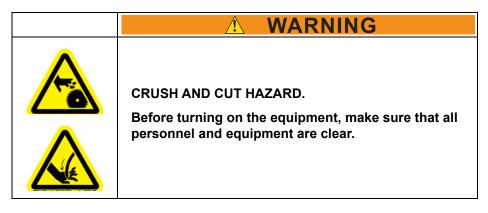
Testing the E-stop Pushbuttons and Pull-Cords

CRUSH AND CUT HAZARD. Before turning on the equipment, make sure that all personnel and equipment are clear.

- 1. Start running the saw and all integrated components:
 - a) Power up the saw using the instructions on page OP-134.
 - b) Press the RESET button on the saw's operator interface panel.
 - c) Start any optional infeed and outfeed equipment. To start the Powered Skewed Conveyor, refer to page OP-158.
 - d) Press the Saw Motor START button on the saw's operator interface panel to start the motor.
 - e) Wait approximately 5 seconds, until the blade is up to full speed.
- 2. Prepare a stopwatch to time how long it takes for the saw blade to stop.
- 3. Activate any one of the E-stops listed here and measure the time between pressing the E-stop and when the blade comes to a complete stop.
 - Pushbutton on saw's operator interface panel
 - Pushbutton on main electrical enclosure
 - Pushbutton on Auto Deck operator interface
 - Pull-cord on Infeed Rail
- 4. Ensure that the blade and integrated components stop motion in a timely manner:
 - If the saw blade does not stop within 5-10 seconds, contact MiTek Machinery Division Customer Service immediately for resolution.
 - If all integrated components do not stop in a timely manner, lockout/tagout the entire wood processing system and arrange for a qualified service technician to troubleshoot and repair the equipment.
 - If the blade and integrated components stop as expected, repeat the procedure to test all E-stops listed in step 3.



Testing Movement While E-stop is Active



- 1. Use the touch screen to manually move an axis.
- 2. Watch the axis that was chosen to see if it moves. Because an E-stop is activated, no movement should occur.
- 3. If movement does occur, Lockout/Tagout immediately and repair the problem.



An E-stop must be activated for this test be useful.





Testing E-Stops for Optional Equipment

CRUSH AND CUT HAZARD. Before turning on the equipment, make sure that all personnel and equipment are clear.

Test E-stops for all optional equipment. The procedure below applies to the Powered Skewed Conveyor only.

- 1. Ensure that the Powered Skewed Conveyor's disconnect switch is in the ON position.
- 2. Ensure all system E-stops and safety devices are reset.
- 3. Turn the selector switch located on the Powered Skewed Conveyor to the START position and release the switch. The conveyor will begin movement.
- 4. Activate an E-stop on the Powered Skewed Conveyor.
- 5. Ensure that the Powered Skewed Conveyor, saw, and all peripheral equipment stop motion.
- 6. If any piece does not stop, lockout/tagout and arrange for a qualified service technician to repair the equipment.

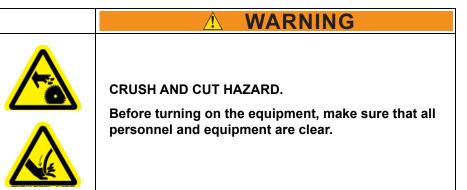


Testing Interlocked Doors

SAW CHAMBER DOOR should not open if the blade is moving.

STROKE/ ELEVATION CHAMBER door should not open if any axes are in motion. Certain doors are interlocked with the E-stop system and should not open when certain parts are in motion.

1. Test that the **SAW CHAMBER DOOR** interlock is functioning by performing this procedure:



- a) Turn the saw blade on (see step 1 on page SAFETY-12).
- b) Attempt to open the saw chamber door while pressing the *Request to Unlock* button (see page OP-112 and page OP-113).
 - The door should NOT open while the saw blade is running.
- c) Press the STOP button.
- d) Watch the lights on the operator interface panel.
 - A red *Blade In Motion* light should be illuminated when blade is moving.
 - A green *Blade Motion Stopped* light should illuminate when blade stops.
- e) Wait until the blade stops spinning, then attempt to open the saw chamber door again as described in step 1b.
 - The door should open now.
- f) With the door open, attempt to start the blade by pressing the green START button on the saw's operator interface panel.
 - The blade should NOT move.



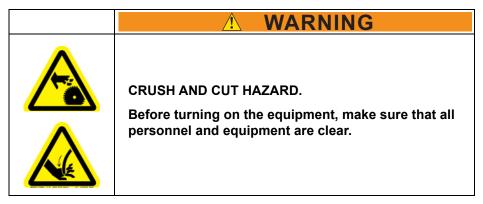
- g) Resolve any inconsistencies:
 - 1) If the door opens while the blade is still moving OR the blade spins with the door open, lockout/tagout the saw and arrange for a qualified service technician to repair the equipment.
 - 2) If the indicator lights are not behaving as expected, replace the bulb or repair the light.





There may be instances when access is given to the saw chamber while the saw blade is coasting at a speed less than 5 RPM. This is normal and not a cause for alarm. Do not force the blade to stop.

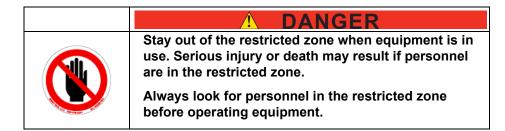
2. Test that the **STROKE/ELEVATION CHAMBER DOOR** interlock is functioning by performing this procedure:



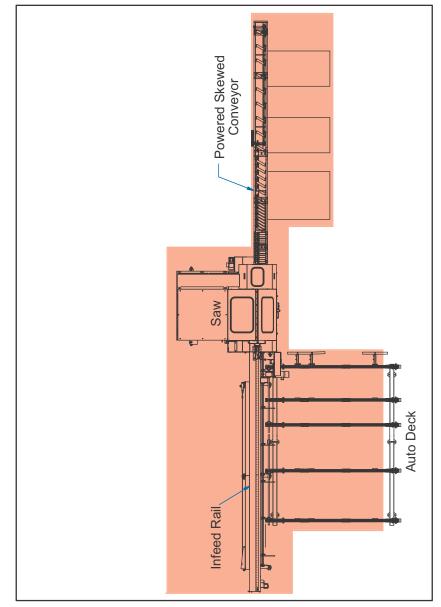
- a) Open the stroke/elevation chamber door (see page OP-112 and page OP-113).
- b) Ensure that the E-stop circuit is not engaged (no E-stops active).
- c) Attempt to manually move either the angle, elevation, or stroke axis (refer to instructions in step 1 on page SAFETY-13).
 - The axis should NOT move while a door is open.
- d) If an axis moves while the door is open, lockout/tagout the saw and arrange for a qualified service technician to repair the equipment.



Restricted Zone



Know the Restricted Zone: Shown in Red





Marking the Restricted Zone

The restricted zone must be marked so everyone near the equipment can clearly see the area where danger may exist.

PN

MiTek offers Restricted Zone Tape that is easy to apply and has text in English and Spanish. Some equipment comes with restricted zone tape. If your machine did not come with restricted zone tape, you may order it from MiTek Machinery Division Customer Service.

Instructions for where and how to apply restricted zone tape can be found in the Installation Manual that came with your system or by obtaining Service Bulletin 181 from the MiTek Machinery Web site.



Safety Symbol Definitions

The safety symbols shown in this section can be found throughout the manual to indicate hazards that are related to this equipment. All personnel expected to operate or maintain this equipment should become familiar with these safety symbols and what they mean.



This is the Electrical Hazard Symbol. It indicates that there are dangerous high voltages present inside the enclosure of this product and/or that a power source is present. To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, do not attempt to open the enclosure or gain access to areas where you are not instructed to do so. Refer servicing to qualified service personnel only. This product should be operated only from the type of source indicated on the manufacturer's identification label. Installation should be in compliance with applicable sections of the national electric code. Consult your local building code before installing.



This is the user caution symbol. It indicates a condition where damage to the equipment resulting in injury to the operator could occur if operational procedures are not followed. To reduce the risk of damage or injury, refer to accompanying documents, follow all steps or procedures as instructed.



Hot surface! Surface temperature can exceed greater that 70°C during normal operation. Do not touch.



Ventilation - Slots and openings in the cabinet are provided for ventilation and to ensure reliable operation of the product. To protect the unit from overheating, those openings must not be blocked or covered. This product should not be placed in a built-in installation, such as a wall cutout, unless proper ventilation is provided. Hot temperatures will result.



Operation of this equipment may result in flying debris and excessive noise. To reduce the risk of injury, wear only approved PPE.





Crush hazard! Keep hands clear.





Keep hands away from moving parts.



High pressure hose. Use appropriate PPE when working on equipment. Maintain safe pressure levels at all times.



Hydraulic hose is under great pressure. Use safe operating procedures at all times.



Equipment produces loud noise in excess of 100 DBA during operation. Use appropriate hearing protection when in vicinity of this equipment.



Crush hazard from above



Caustic chemicals used in this area. Use appropriate PPE.







Slip hazard! Use of approved footwear is required.







Keep hands clear of cutting parts.







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Keep hands and body clear.













The operation of this equipment requires the use of PPE. Do not operate without wearing required protective clothing.

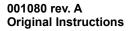
















Refer to manual - After installation, read the user's guide carefully before operating. Follow all operating and other instructions carefully.





Circuits are live - Lockout/tagout the upstream power source.



Lockout in a de-energized state





Lift Point - In order to reduce the likelihood of damage to the equipment, use only the lift points indicated in the manual.



Read all safety warnings and instructions before proceeding.







Two- or three-man lift required to safely move this equipment. Refer to installation manual.





Hazardous moving parts are located behind this access panel. Do not operate this equipment without all guards and covers in place.



Do not place containers with liquids such as coffee, water, sodas, etc. on this unit.

Do not operate this equipment in a wet environment.



Do not expose to water



No lift point. Do not lift this device with a hook/crane assembly. Damage to the equipment will be incurred. Refer to the installation instructions.







Do not use non-approved lubricants in this machine.



Unauthorized persons are not allowed beyond this point.



Do not operate without guards and covers in place



Do not discard into municipal waste stream



oil drop



Declaration of Safety Conformity

Conforms Electrically to:

- NFPA 79
- NEC Electrical code
- Electrical enclosures carry UL508A and the CUL for Canada
- Safety circuit conforms to Category 4 redundant monitoring

Conforms Mechanically to:

- 10CFR 1910
- ANSI B11.19



Treatment for Hazardous Substances

PRINTER INK AND CLEANER IS HIGHLY FLAMMABLE! Keep away from extreme heat, sparks, or open flame. No smoking near these substances.

Table SAFETY-1: General Safety Data

Printer Ink	Printer Cleaner	Most Hydraulic Fluid
Flammable	Flammable	None
Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder, water fog- -NOT water	Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder, water fog- -NOT water	Water fog, foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide
Gloves	Gloves	
		None
	Flammable Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder, water fog- -NOT water	FlammableFlammableAlcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder, water fog- -NOT waterAlcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder, water fog- -NOT waterGlovesGlovesGogglesGoggles

Table SAFETY-2: How to Treat Contact With a Hazardous Substance

If Substance	Then Do This		
Gets On	Printer Ink	Printer Cleaner	Most Hydraulic Fluid
Skin/Clothing	Rinse, remove clothing, then wash skin w/soap	Rinse, remove clothing, then wash skin w/soap	Low concern
Hair	Wash with soap and water	Wash with soap and water	Low Concern
Eyes	Flush with water	Flush with water, remove contact lenses if possible, continue flushing	Flush with water (low concern)
Ingested	Do NOT induce vomiting	Do NOT induce vomiting	Do NOT induce vomiting (low concern)
Inhalation	Move to fresh air	Move to fresh air	Low concern





Indicadores de seguridad: Palabras de aviso

Las siguientes palabras y colores de aviso se utilizan a lo largo de este documento para indicar riesgos de seguridad. Preste suma atención cuando los vea. El nivel de gravedad es diferente por cada palabra o color de aviso.

Las palabras de aviso van acompañadas por gráficos que muestran al personal lo que deben y no deben hacer. Los gráficos se llaman símbolos de seguridad y se definen en la página 56, pero se proporciona un texto más específico cada vez que se utiliza un gráfico por todo el manual. Todas las personas que estén cerca de una máquina tienen que ser capacitadas en cómo leer estos indicadores de seguridad.

No cumplir las instrucciones que acompañan cada palabra de aviso puede producir daños a la propiedad, lesiones personales e incluso la muerte. El personal debe seguir todos los procedimientos y prácticas de seguridad establecidos para asegurar el uso más seguro posible de este equipo. No obstante, en ningún caso este documento reemplaza el sentido común. El personal debe asegurarse de que el entorno de trabajo sea seguro y esté libre de distracciones.

PELIGRO

Indica una situación potencialmente peligrosa que, si no se evita, podría producir la muerte o lesiones graves.

ADVERTENCIA

Indica una situación potencialmente peligrosa que, si no se evita, podría producir la muerte o lesiones graves.

PRECAUCIÓN

Indica una situación potencialmente peligrosa que, si no se evita, puede producir lesiones menores o moderadas.

AVISO

Llama la atención a información importante para entender la operación que se desea realizar.

AMBIENTAL

Se aplica a condiciones que pueden afectar el entorno pero que no tienen un efecto inmediato o directo sobre el personal o el equipo.



Reglas de seguridad para el equipo de general



Debido a la imposibilidad de anticipar todas las circunstancias que podrían constituir un riesgo, la información de seguridad suministrada en este manual del equipo y sobre la máquina no es exhaustiva. Si se utiliza o realiza el mantenimiento de esta máquina utilizando un procedimiento no recomendado específicamente por el fabricante, el procedimiento deberá ser aprobado por un ingeniero profesional para asegurarse de que no afecte la seguridad del equipo. ¡Manéjese siempre con suma precaución y sentido común!

Conozca su equipo

- Lea este manual en su totalidad antes de utilizar o mantener el equipo. No utilice esta máquina a menos que esté perfectamente familiarizado con los controles, los dispositivos de seguridad, los frenos de emergencia y los procedimientos operativos que se describen en este manual.
- Lea y siga todas las notas de seguridad. El no cumplimiento de estas instrucciones podría producir pérdidas económicas, daños a la propiedad y lesiones personales, incluida la muerte.
- Refiérase a las pautas de bloqueo/etiquetado proporcionadas en las siguientes páginas para realizar el mantenimiento y solucionar problemas de este equipo en forma segura.
- Observe y cumpla con todas las etiquetas de seguridad. Cambie las etiquetas gastadas inmediatamente.
- Utilice este equipo únicamente para el propósito que se describe en este manual.
- Sólo personal calificado debe intentar utilizar o realizar el mantenimiento de este equipo. Por "personal calificado" se entiende:

...una persona o personas que, por el hecho de poseer un título o certificado de capacitación profesional reconocido o que, por sus amplios conocimientos o experiencia, han demostrado con éxito estar capacitados para resolver problemas relacionados con el tema y el trabajo en cuestión —ANSI B30.2-1983

...una persona que posee habilidades y conocimientos relacionados con la construcción y uso de equipos e instalaciones eléctricas y que ha recibido capacitación en seguridad sobre los riesgos posibles—NEC 2002 Handbook

Seguridad personal

- Use siempre lentes de seguridad y protección auditiva en un entorno industrial.
- Utilice una máscara protectora cuando trabaje cerca de aserrín.
- Utilice ropa adecuada y equipo de protección personal apropiado (por ejemplo, lentes de seguridad y protección auditiva.) No use ropa suelta ni joyas. Si tiene el cabello largo, áteselo para atrás.
- Proceda con precaución cuando levante piezas o materiales pesados.

BLADE[™] Wood Processing System



Instalación del equipo

- Siga las instrucciones de instalación al pie de la letra.
- No utilizar este equipo en zonas residenciales.



Procedimientos de Bloqueo/Etiquetado

- Antes de realizar el mantenimiento de los sistemas neumáticos o hidráulicos, purgue las líneas para eliminar la presión.
- Bloquee y etiquete todos los sistemas energizados antes de realizar tareas de mantenimiento en ellos. Refiérase a la sección *Pautas de bloqueo/etiquetado* en la página 34.

Cómo mantener un entorno seguro

- Mantenga alejados a los niños. Todos los visitantes deben mantenerse a una distancia segura del área de trabajo. Los riesgos pueden no ser evidentes a las personas no familiarizadas con la máquina.
- Mantenga las áreas de trabajo bien iluminadas.
- Mantenga el área de trabajo limpia y libre de cualquier riesgo de tropiezo o resbalamiento.
- No utilice el equipo en lugares húmedos o mojados y no lo exponga a la lluvia o a la nieve.
- Minimice las nubes de polvo y proteja su equipo quitando el polvo de la siguiente manera:
 - Aspire el polvo antes de soplarlo con aire
 - Apague la alimentación eléctrica y todas las fuentes de ignición
 - Si usa aire comprimido, debe ser a compresión baja (no más de 15 psi)
 - El equipo eléctrico de limpieza como las aspiradoras debe cumplir con los códigos del gobierno local para uso en condiciones polvorientas.

Uso y mantenimiento del equipo

- Asegúrese de que no haya personas, herramientas y objetos extraños en las zonas restringidas antes de utilizar este equipo. Las zonas restringidas se indican en la página 48.
- Realice pruebas de seguridad para verificar que todos los frenos de emergencia funcionen adecuadamente antes de utilizar el equipo por primera vez, después de realizar cualquier tarea de mantenimiento y según la frecuencia de mantenimiento establecida.
- En caso de que la máquina no funcione correctamente, deténgala inmediatamente utilizando un freno de emergencia e informe el problema a un supervisor.



- No deje nunca la máquina encendida si no está junto a ella. ¡Apáguela! No la abandone hasta que todas las piezas se detengan completamente y hasta que se haya apagado la alimentación eléctrica.
- Verifique periódicamente que no haya piezas gastadas o dañadas. Repárelas o cámbielas inmediatamente.
- Mantenga los sistemas hidráulicos, neumáticos y eléctricos en buen funcionamiento en todo momento. Repare las fugas y las conexiones sueltas inmediatamente. No exceda nunca la presión ni potencia eléctrica recomendadas.
- Verifique que todos los dispositivos de seguridad estén en buen funcionamiento antes de comenzar de cada turno. Todos los dispositivos protectores y de seguridad deben estar en su lugar antes y durante el uso de la máquina. No desconecte ni evite nunca ningún dispositivo de seguridad ni interbloqueo eléctrico.
- Solo el personal de mantenimiento calificado puede quitar o instalar los dispositivos de seguridad.
- Inspeccione periódicamente la calidad del producto terminado.

Seguridad eléctrica

- No utilice líquidos en el interior de los gabinetes eléctricos.
- Cuando utilice disolventes sobre o alrededor de la máquina, desconecte la alimentación para eliminar las probabilidades de chispas, que pueden producir una explosión o incendio. Use un respirador aprobado para el uso con disolventes. Use ropa protectora, guantes y lentes de seguridad.

BLADE[™] Wood Processing System



Bloqueo/Etiquetado

Pautas de bloqueo/etiquetado

Deben cumplir con todas las pautas de bloqueo/etiquetado conforme a la norma OSHA 29 CFR 1910.147. El programa de control de energía de la compañía debe incluir un procedimiento específico. El objetivo de este manual no es reemplazar el procedimiento de desenergización o bloqueo/ etiquetado requerido por la OSHA, sino proporcionar pautas orientativas generales.

El término "bloqueo", según se utiliza en este manual, se refiere a la colocación de un dispositivo de bloqueo en las fuentes de energía para asegurar que el dispositivo aislador de energía y el equipo controlado por éste no puedan reenergizarse o utilizarse hasta que se retire dicho dispositivo.



Las fotos de la página siguiente muestran los lugares en los que se encuentran los interruptores de desconexión eléctrica de esta máquina.

- Las fuentes de energía incluyen energía eléctrica, mecánica, hidráulica, neumática, química, térmica y otras.
- En el caso de fuentes de energía eléctrica, la alimentación principal y la alimentación de control a la maquinaria deben apagarse y bloquearse físicamente en la posición "off" (apagado).
- Por lo general, como dispositivo de bloqueo se utiliza un candado con llave.
- Si hay más de una persona trabajando en una zona restringida, utilice un dispositivo de bloqueo grupal que permita a cada persona utilizar un candado que sólo pueda ser retirado por la persona que realiza el mantenimiento.

"Etiquetado" significa que debe colocarse una advertencia fácil de ver en un dispositivo aislador de energía que indique que el equipo no debe utilizarse.



Siempre que vea este símbolo, ¡Bloquee/Etiquete!



Procedimientos de bloqueo/etiquetado eléctricos

Cuando trabaja en una máquina fuera del gabinete eléctrico principal de la máquina



Si trabaja en la línea de transmisión eléctrica a la máquina, siga el procedimiento de la página 38.

Antes de realizar el mantenimiento de cualquier máquina con alimentación eléctrica, bloquee y etiquete la máquina de forma adecuada. Cuando trabaje en una máquina fuera del gabinete eléctrico principal de la máquina, salvo en el caso de trabajos en la línea de transmisión eléctrica a la máquina, siga los procedimientos de bloqueo/etiquetado aprobados por la compañía, los cuales deberían incluir, entre otros, los pasos aquí indicados.

- 1. Coloque un freno de emergencia sobre la máquina.
- 2. Coloque el mango del interruptor con fusibles en la posición "apagado/apagada". Vea la page SEGURIDAD-36.



- 3. Coloque un candado y una etiqueta que cumplan con los requisitos de bloqueo/ etiquetado de la OSHA.
- 4. Trabe o desenergice todos los componente neumáticos, componentes hidráulicos y otras piezas que tengan alimentación directa o almacenada.



Figure SEGURIDAD-1: Un mecanismo de Bloqueo/Etiquetado en el gabinete eléctrico



En la plataforma automática Auto Deck se corta la corriente cuando se apaga el interruptor de desconexión principal de la sierra en Figura SEGURIDAD SEGURIDAD-1.

La opción de la banda transportadora eléctrica con rodillos sesgados cuenta con un control de apagado eléctrico con el interruptor de desconexión principal de la sierra, pero aún existe la conexión trifásica.

El interruptor de desconexión principal de la sierra no afecta al sistema de recuperación de madera.



Figure SEGURIDAD-2: Bloqueo/etiquetado en equipo otras en el sistema



Caja de la plataforma automática Auto Deck

Se puede reemplazar con equipo opcional (guía de alimentación).

También es posible desconectar la electricidad usando el interruptor de desconexión principal de la sierra.



Caja de la banda transportadora eléctrica con rodillos sesgados (equipo opcional)



Filtro/regulador neumático principal (ubicado del lado derecho de la sierra)

- Se encuentra del lado derecho de la sierra.
- La placa amarilla se muestra en posición bloqueada. Coloque el bloqueo y la etiqueta a través de los orificios en la placa amarilla.
- Las mangueras neumáticas sangrarán de manera natural cuando la placa amarilla se encuentre en posición de bloqueo.
- Verifique que la lectura del indicador sea 0 antes de reemplazar un frasco de suministro para la impresora o de realizar cualquier tipo de mantenimiento.





Cuando trabaje en una máquina dentro del gabinete eléctrico principal de la máquina o en la línea de transmisión eléctrica a la máquina

Antes de abrir el gabinete eléctrico principal o intentar reparar o reemplazar una línea de transmisión eléctrica a la máquina, bloquee y etiquete la máquina en forma adecuada. Siga los procedimientos de bloqueo/etiquetado aprobados por la compañía, los cuales deberían incluir, entre otros, los pasos aquí indicados.

- 1. Coloque un freno de emergencia sobre la máquina.
- 2. Apague la alimentación a la máquina en la fuente de alimentación, que, por lo general, es un panel de entrada de suministro eléctrico que se encuentra en una pared de las instalaciones. En la Figura SEGURIDAD 1 se muestra un ejemplo de panel de fuente de alimentación bloqueado.
- 3. Coloque un candado y una etiqueta que cumplan con los requisitos de bloqueo/ etiquetado de la OSHA.
- 4. Abra la puerta del gabinete al que necesita acceder y usando un multímetro verifique que la alimentación esté apagada.

Figura SEGURIDAD-1: Ejemplo de un mecanismo de Bloqueo/Etiquetado en un panel de fuente de alimentación





Procedimiento de bloqueo/etiquetado del sistema neumático

Cuando no se requiere bloqueo/etiquetado

Si trabaja con componentes que no son del sistema neumático pero que requieren su presencia en la proximidad de componentes neumáticos móviles, debe, como mínimo, trabar físicamente estos componentes para que no se muevan. Si no es posible, bloquee/ etiquete todo el sistema neumático.



Cuando se requiere bloqueo/etiquetado

Antes de intentar reparar o realizar el mantenimiento de una línea o componente neumático, bloquee/etiquete la máquina en forma apropiada. Siga los procedimientos de bloqueo/etiquetado aprobados por la compañía.

Solución de problemas con una máquina energizada

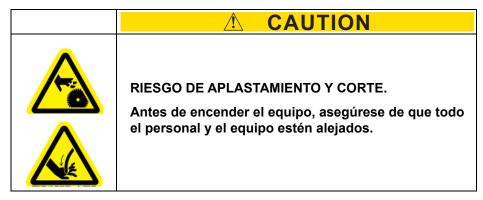
Sólo un electricista calificado que utilice el equipo de protección personal y siga los procedimientos recomendados en la norma NFPA 70E debe intentar realizar tareas de reparación o mantenimiento en un área o componente energizados de la máquina o en su proximidad.

Cada vez que se realizan tareas de mantenimiento mientras el equipo está eléctricamente energizado, existe un riesgo potencial de formación de un arco eléctrico. Consulte en la norma NFPA 70E el equipo de protección personal requerido para trabajar con componentes eléctricamente energizados. Los componentes neumáticos e hidráulicos pueden moverse de manera imprevista si no se desenergizan. Trabe físicamente cualquier componente que pueda moverse cuando deba trabajar en ellos o en su proximidad.



Pruebas de seguridad

Estos procedimientos de prueba DEBEN ser realizados por personal calificado durante la puesta en marcha todos los dias y después de CUALQUIER tarea de mantenimiento, ajuste o modificación. Las pruebas permiten verificar si el sistema de seguridad y el sistema de control funcionan juntos y detienen la máquina de manera adecuada.

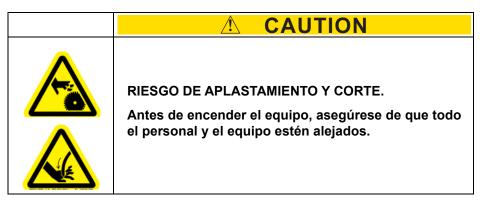


Indicadores de inspección

- 1. Mientras realiza cualquiera de las siguientes pruebas de seguridad, inspeccione que la luz de cuchilla en movimiento situada por una interfaz del operador se encienda cuando la cuchilla esté funcionando.
- 2. Mientras realiza cualquiera de las siguientes pruebas de seguridad, inspeccione para asegurarse de que la luz en la parte superior de la caja eléctrica principal se encienda cuando se realizan los cortes.
- 3. Verifique que todas las etiquetas de seguridad estén presentes y sean legibles.



Pruebas de los botones pulsadores del freno de emergencia y las cuerdas de parada de emergencia



- 1. Comience haciendo funcionar la sierra y todos los componentes integrados:
 - a) Encienda la sierra según las instrucciones de la página OP-134.
 - b) Presione el botón RESET (restablecer) en la interfaz del operador de la sierra.
 - c) Arranque cualquier equipo opcional de alimentación y de salida. Para arrancar la banda transportadora eléctrica con rodillos sesgados consulte la página OP-158.
 - d) Presione el botón START (Inicio) del motor de la sierra en la interfaz del operador de la sierra para que arranque el motor.
 - e) Espere aproximadamente 5 segundos, hasta que la cuchilla avance a toda velocidad.
- 2. Prepare un cronómetro para medir el tiempo que tarda en detenerse la cuchilla de la sierra.
- 3. Active cualquiera de los botones pulsadores del freno de emergencia señalados aquí y mida el tiempo entre cuando presiona el botón y cuando la cuchilla se detiene completamente.
 - Botón en la interfaz del operador de la sierra
 - Botón por la caja eléctrica principal
 - Botón en la interfaz del operador de la plataforma automática (Auto Deck)
 - Cuerda de parada de emergencia en el riel en la guía de alimentación

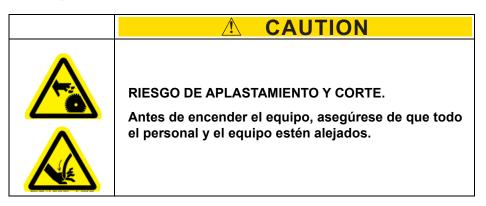




- 4. Asegúrese de que la cuchilla y los componentes integrados detengan el movimiento de una manera oportuna:
 - Si la cuchilla de la sierra no se detiene en un intervalo de 5 a 10 segundos, comuníquese de inmediato con Servicio al Cliente de la División de maquinaria de MiTek para que lo solucionen.
 - Si todos los componentes integrados no se detienen oportunamente, realice procedimientos de bloqueo/etiquetado en todo el sistema de procesamiento de madera y pida a un técnico de servicio calificado que diagnostique y repare el equipo.
 - Si la cuchilla y los componentes integrados se detienen como es de esperar, repita el procedimiento para probar todos los botones pulsadores del freno de emergencia señalados en el paso 3.



Prueba de movimiento mientras el botón pulsador del freno de emergencia está activo



- 1. Use la pantalla táctil para mover un eje manualmente
- 2. Observe el eje que eligió para ver si se mueve. Como está activado un botón pulsador del freno de emergencia, no debe haber movimiento.
- 3. Si hay movimiento, realice de inmediato los procedimientos de bloqueo/ etiquetado y repare el problema.

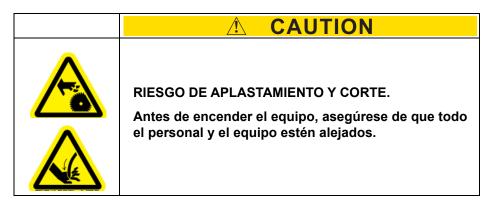


An E-stop must be activated for this test be useful.





Prueba de los equipo opcional



Pruebe los botones pulsadores de paro de emergencia para todo el equipo opcional. El siguiente procedimiento se aplica solamente a la banda transportadora eléctrica con rodillos sesgados.

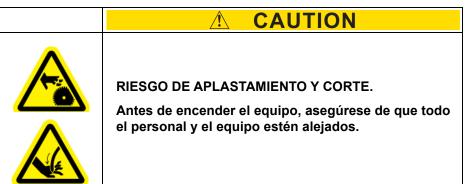
- 1. Asegúrese de que el interruptor de desconexión de la banda transportadora eléctrica con rodillos sesgados esté en la posición ON (encendido).
- 2. Asegúrese de que todos los botones pulsadores del freno de emergencia y los dispositivos de seguridad del sistema estén restablecidos.
- 3. Mueva el interruptor selector situado en la banda transportadora eléctrica con rodillos sesgados a la posición START (Iniciar) y suelte el interruptor. La banda transportadora comenzará a moverse.
- 4. Active un botón pulsador de freno de emergencia en la banda transportadora eléctrica con rodillos sesgados.
- 5. Asegúrese de que la banda transportadora eléctrica con rodillos sesgados, la sierra y todo el equipo periférico dejen de moverse.
- 6. Si alguna pieza no se detiene, realice los procedimientos de bloqueo/etiquetado y pida a un técnico de servicio calificado que repare el equipo.



Prueba de las puertas interbloqueadas

Ciertas puertas están interbloqueadas con el sistema de botón pulsador de freno de emergencia y no deben abrirse cuando ciertas piezas se estén moviendo.

1. Pruebe que el interbloqueo de la PUERTA DE LA CÁMARA DE LA SIERRA funcione realizando este procedimiento:



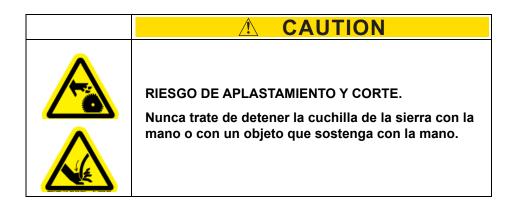
- a) Encienda la cuchilla de la sierra (vea el paso 1 en la página SEGURIDAD-41).
- b) Trate de abrir la puerta de la cámara de la sierra mientras presiona el botón *Request to Unlock*.
 - La puerta NO debe abrirse mientras esté funcionando la cuchilla de la sierra.
- c) Presione el botón STOP (alto).
- d) Observe las luces por la interfaz del operador.
 - Una luz roja debe estar encendida cuando la cuchilla se esté moviendo.
 - Una luz verde (*Blade Motion Stopped*) debe encenderse cuando se detenga la cuchilla.
- e) Espere hasta que la cuchilla deje de dar vueltas y luego trate de nuevo de abrir la puerta de la cámara de la cuchilla, como se describió en el paso 1b.
 - La puerta debe abrirse ahora.
- f) Con la puerta abierta, trate de arrancar la cuchilla presionando el botón START (Iniciar) verde en la interfaz del operador de la sierra.
 - La cuchilla NO debe moverse.

La **PUERTA DE LA CÁMARA DE LA SIERRA** no debe abrirse si la cuchilla está en movimiento.

La puerta de la CÁMARA DE LA CARRERA/ ELEVACIÓN no debe abrirse si algún eje está en movimiento.



- g) Resuelva cualquier incongruencia:
 - Si se abre la puerta mientras la cuchilla todavía está en movimiento O la cuchilla gira con la puerta abierta, realice los procedimientos de bloqueo/etiquetado en la sierra y pida a un técnico de servicio calificado que repare el equipo.
 - 2) Si las luces indicadoras no se comportan como se esperaba, reemplace la bombilla o repare la luz.

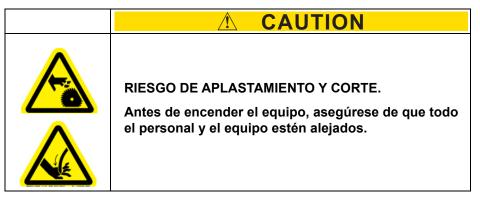




Podría haber casos en que se permita el acceso a la cámara de la sierra mientras la cuchilla de la sierra se desacelera a una velocidad menor de 5 RPM. Esto es normal y no es causa de alarma. No fuerce la cuchilla para que se detenga.



2. Pruebe que el interbloqueo de la PUERTA DE LA CÁMARA DE LA CARRERA/ELEVACIÓN funcione realizando este procedimiento:



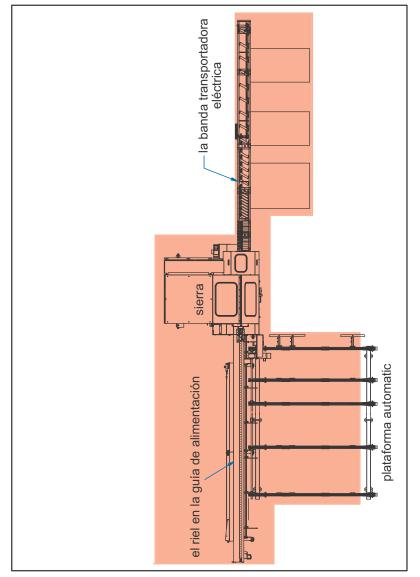
- a) Abra la puerta de la cámara de carrera/elevación (vea las páginas OP-112 y OP-113).
- b) Asegúrese de que el circuito del botón pulsador del freno de emergencia no esté acoplado (no hay botones pulsadores del freno de emergencia activos).
- c) Trate de mover manualmente el ángulo, la elevación o el eje de la carrera (consulte las instrucciones en el paso 1 de la página SEGURIDAD-43).
 - El eje NO debe moverse mientras una puerta esté abierta.
- d) Si se mueve un eje mientras la puerta está abierta, realice los procedimientos de bloque/etiquetado en la sierra y pida a un técnico de servicio calificado que repare el equipo.



Zona restringida

Manténgase alejado de la zona restringida cuando el equipo esté en uso. Pueden producirse lesiones graves o incluso la muerte si el personal está en la zona restringida.
Siempre observe que no haya personal en la zona restringida antes de operar el equipo.

Conocer la zona restringida





Marcar la zona restringida

Deberá marcarse la zona restringida de manera que todas las personas cerca del equipo puedan ver claramente el área donde pueda existir peligro.

PN

MiTek ofrece la cinta de zona restringida o "Restricted Zone Tape", fácil de aplicar y con texto en inglés y en español. Algunos equipos traen la cinta de zona restringida. Si su máquina no trajo la cinta de zona restringida, puede pedirla a MiTek Machinery Division Customer Service (Servicio al cliente de la división de maquinaria de MiTek).

Puede encontrar las instrucciones sobre dónde y cómo aplicar la cinta de zona restringida en el manual de su mesa o pórtico incluido con su sistema o pedir el Service Bulletin Kit 181 en la página web de MiTek Machinery.

Información adicional

Para entender el circuito del freno de emergencia (Understanding the E-Stop Circuit)	página MT-123
Definiciones de los símbolos de seguridad (Safety Symbol Definitions)	página SAFETY-19

Introduction



Chapter 1

Purpose of Chapter This chapter explains how to navigate through the equipment manual and how to contact MiTek.

Introduction to the Manual

Read this manual completely before using this equipment!	
Do not operate this machine until you have a thorough understanding of all controls, safety devices, emergency stops, and operating procedures outlined in this manual.	
All hazard instructions must be read and observed. Failure to do so may result in economic loss, property damage, and/or personal injury.	
This manual must always be available to personnel operating and maintaining this equipment.	

Purpose and Scope of This Equipment Manual

In order for this Equipment Manual to be useful, it must be accessible. It is structured so the Operation Manual can be kept at the machine and the Maintenance and Installation Manuals can be kept somewhere accessible by maintenance personnel only.

This manual addresses the most recent versions of the date on the title page. For earlier revisions, contact MiTek Machinery Division.

This manual can be a valuable tool for training.

- The *Introduction* and *General Information* chapters contains information on truss terminology and provides basic information about the equipment.
- The Operation Manual teaches operators how to efficiently operate the machine.
- The Maintenance Manual is written specifically for maintenance personnel.
- The appendices provide valuable training materials and technical information.



Figure 1-1: Overview of System





Understanding This Manual

The Equipment Manual (or Manual Set)

This equipment manual is a set of three (3) books. The part number for the entire set is 001080. The manuals listed in Table 1-1 are all part of the equipment manual (also called the manual set).

The page numbers include a prefix so it is clear in which book a page can be found when using cross-references. The Safety (SAFETY) and Introduction (INTRO) sections have their own prefix because they are found in all three books.

Table 1-1: Manual Set

Manual Title	Page # Prefix	Description	Part #
Book 1: Operation Manual	OP	Includes operation procedures and defines the control user interface	001080-OP
Book 2: Maintenance Manual	MT	Includes preventive maintenance, repair maintenance, troubleshooting, parts list, drawing set list, and glossary	001080-MT
Book 3: Installation Manual	IN	Includes requirements prior to installation, installation procedures, and startup procedures.	001080-IN

Review the table of contents to understand the structure of the chapters and appendices.

The Drawing Set

The drawing set is included with this manual set. A list of the drawings can be found in the Maintenance Manual. The actual drawings are either in a separate 11x17 binder or in the back of the Maintenance Manual.

Screen Shots

See page OP-73 for software versions that the screen shots were taken from.



Navigation

The graphics in Table 1-2 are used throughout the manual to quickly communicate a specific type of information.

Table 1-2: Navigational Tools	Used Throughout the Manual

Graphic	Explanation
	Important safety note! Indicates that you must lockout/tagout at the disconnect switch located on the equipment using approved methods
	described in OSHA 29 CFR 1910.147 before continuing with the procedure.
Ś	Indicates tools required before beginning a procedure.
	Provides additional information for the steps or text.
×	Indicates how to get to or from the item discussed.
\sim	Refers reader to another section, table, graphic, or drawing for further explanation.
PN	Indicates that the part number is listed in the <i>Parts List</i> appendix.

Formatting Cues

To follow the procedures in this manual, you must first understand the text formats used. Table 1-3 describes how to read the cues provided in this text.

Table 1-3: How to Read the Text Formats

If Text Looks Like	It Indicates	Example in Text
All caps	Key on keyboard or button on screen	Press ENTER
Initial cap and italic	Menu or field or virtual button that you must find or select	Click on the <i>File</i> menu
Initial cap only, no italics	Menu or field or virtual button when simply referring to it	While in the Main Menu
Plus sign (+)	Hold buttons at the same time	CTRL+ALT+DELETE
Greater Than sign (>)	Next selection	File>Open



Additional Resources

Supplemental Documentation

In addition to the equipment manual, refer to the documentation provided by the original manufacturer for the parts that are listed in this section. The supplemental documentation is provided at the time of installation, or it may be found inside an electrical enclosure. Refer to these documents when you need more detailed information on these components than the MiTek manual provides.

There is a plastic bag or a box of material sent with each system. It includes a collection of paperwork detailing the technical components used in the system that are manufactured by a different company. Inside this collection you will find spare internal fuses for the servo amplifier.

Board Stretcher Software Manual

Board Stretcher software is an optimizing software independent of the *BLADE* equipment, but it integrates closely with the *BLADE* for the most efficient lumber usage. This manual mentions items that may appear to be controlled by the *BLADE* software but are actually controlled by *Board Stretcher*.

To obtain the *Board Stretcher* manual, each *Board Stretcher* operator should register on *MiTek University*TM for the *Board Stretcher* training class. The Training Manual that accompanies the class is the official *Board Stretcher* manual. Once the class is complete, the attendee can always log back on and download or print the manual. Color copies may be requested from the *MiTek University* staff.

Web Site

Visit the MiTek Web site for up-to-date information on all MiTek equipment.

Contacting Us

For technical assistance or to order parts, contact the Machinery Division Customer Service Department using one of the methods listed in Figure 1-2.

Figure 1-2: Contacting MiTek

MiTek Machinery Division Customer Service Department 301 Fountain Lakes Industrial Drive St. Charles, MO 63301

Parts Orders (with part number) E-mail: mitekparts@mii.com

Web Site www.mitek-us.com

Fax: 636-328-9218

Technical Assistance Phone: 800-523-3380





General Information

Chapter 2

Purpose of Chapter This chapter provides an overview of the equipment and the means to identify it.

Introduction to the Equipment

Purpose of the Equipment

The *BLADE* wood processing system is a fast, accurate, and economical method of cutting a wide array of components for wood truss manufacturing. It is capable of cutting lumber for virtually all of your roof truss, floor truss, and wall panel needs.

Description of the Equipment

The *BLADE* wood processing system can be called a saw, but it is so much more. It includes the following components:

• Lumber Feed System

The component that takes the lumber, in the correct order, to the Infeed Rail. The *BLADE* comes with an Auto Deck staging conveyor, but there are optional lumber feed systems available for an even higher level of automation.

• Infeed Rail

The component that feeds the lumber into the saw chamber, and knows exactly when to stop for each cut.

• Saw

The component that prints identification data on each cut piece, cuts the board, and moves the cut pieces to the outfeed component or waste conveyor.

• Outfeed Component

The component that finished parts eject onto. It may be an outfeed table or optional powered outfeed equipment.

See page OP-58 for an overview of the entire system. Refer to the Maintenance Manual for more detailed graphics.



Safety Compliance of the Equipment

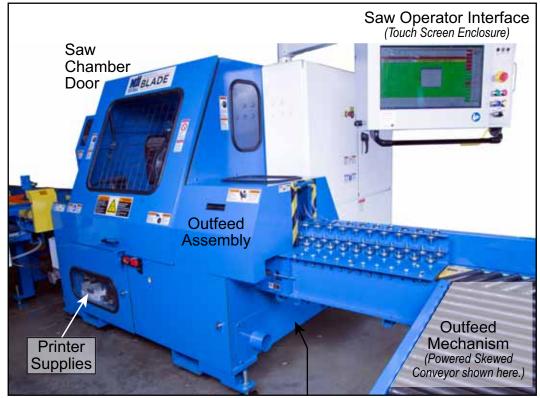
Equipment shipped to a U.S. destination is compliant with NFPA 79, NEC 2009, and the applicable OSHA regulations. This manual covers the U.S. requirements.

Overview Graphics

Graphics Identifying Main Components

The following graphics will assist in understanding the parts of the system. Review them for equipment familiarity and refer to them for better understanding of the text throughout this manual.

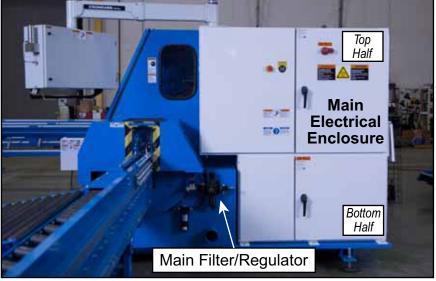
Figure 2-1: *MatchPoint BLADE* Saw as Part of the Wood Processing System, Front and Right View

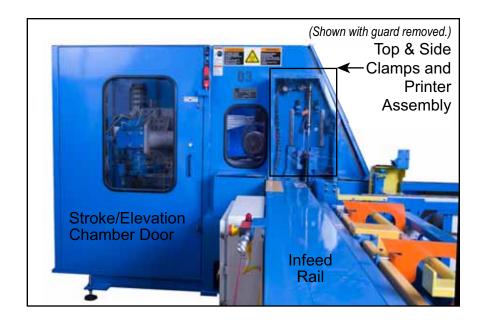


Waste Conveyor (Located behind guard. Can exit on this end also.)



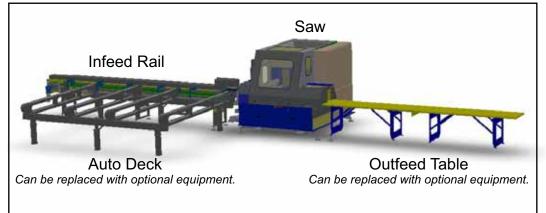
Figure 2-2: *MatchPoint BLADE* Saw as Part of the Wood Processing System, Right Side View (top) and Left Side View (bottom)











Graphic Showing Optional Equipment







Graphics Identifying Axes and Home Positions

There are 6 major axes referred to on this equipment. Their definitions and home positions are shown in the following graphics. The axis number shown in Table 2-1 may be needed when troubleshooting.

Axis #	Axis Name	Description
1	Gripper	Holds and pushes board along Infeed Rail.
2	LASM	Lumber Advance Short Move; holds and moves board while inside saw chamber.
3	Elevation	Raises and lowers saw blade.
4	Stroke	Moves saw blade in and out.
5	Angle	Turns saw blade for angle cuts.
6	Bevel	Turns the saw blade for bevel cuts.

Table 2-1: Identification Number for Each Axis

Figure 2-5: Defining the Elevation and Stroke Axes: Side View of Saw

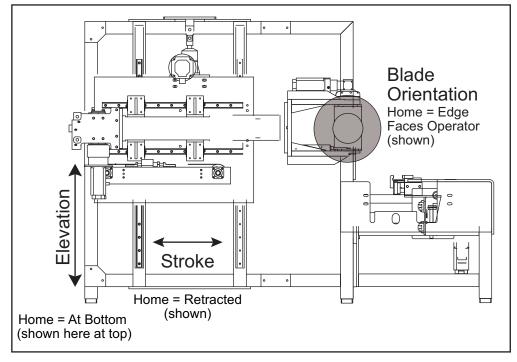
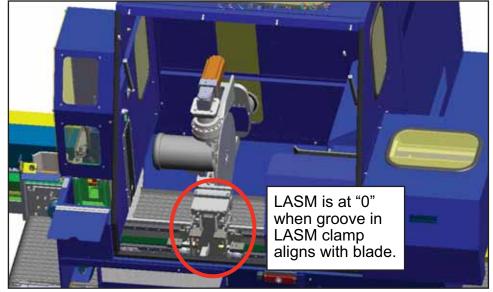
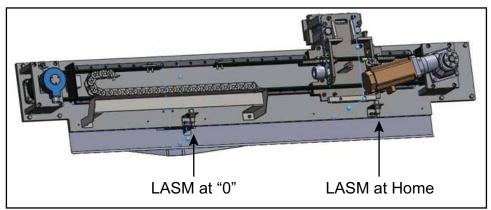




Figure 2-6: Defining the LASM Axis

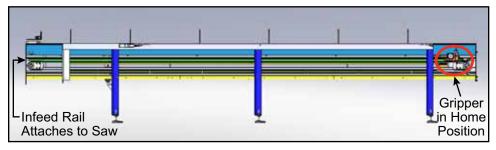


View: Front of saw, from slightly above



View: Front of saw, from slightly below, with guards removed

Figure 2-7: Defining the Gripper Axis





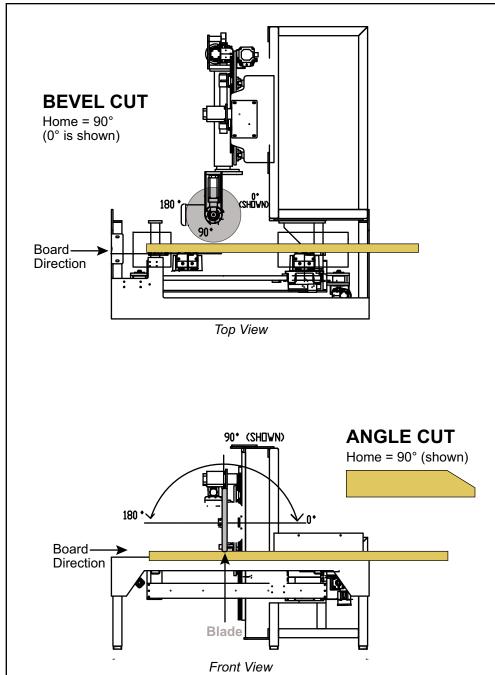


Figure 2-8: Defining the Bevel and Angle Axes



Main Components and Optional Equipment

Main Components on Every BLADE System

Table 2-2 lists the main components that comprise this system. All of these components are within the scope of this manual.

Component	Description	Operation Incl. in Manual
Auto Deck, 4-strand, 16'	The lumber feed system that comes with every saw: a staging conveyor that transports the lumber (placed there by operator) and advances 1 piece at a time for automatic loading onto Infeed Rail. See Table 2-4 for optional lumber lengths.	yes
	It can be replaced with an automated lumber retrieval system for additional handling and sorting capabilities. See Table 2-4.	
Infeed Rail 16'	Receives 1 piece of lumber and feeds it into the saw chamber. See Table 2-4 for optional lengths.	yes
Saw w/1 print head, operator interface, waste conveyor, angle cuts, and bevel cuts	Saw assembly where the cutting and printing occurs. Waste conveyor can be built for left or right offloading. See Table 2-3 for additional print heads, cutting features, and voltage options.	yes
Outfeed table	Steel-top table that receives the finished parts. It can be replaced with optional outfeed components including a Powered Skewed Conveyor. See Table 2-4.	yes

Table 2-2: Main Components



Optional Equipment and Features

Table 2-3: Optional Features on the Saw

Component	Description	Operation Incl. in Manual
Transformer for voltages other than 230 volt.	If the site voltage is anything other than 230 volts, a transformer is necessary.	no
Additional print heads (up to 3 total)	The standard saw comes with one face printer. May also purchase an additional edge-printing head, an additional face-printing head, or both. See page OP-67 for more information on printing options.	yes
AGS	Assembly Guide System; prints joint and component locations and plates. Requires printer option B. See page OP-183 for sample.	no
Wall Frame software	Software that adds the capability to cut wall frame components.	no

Table 2-4: Optional Components and Features for Material Handling

Component	Description	Operation Incl. in Manual
20-ft Infeed Rail	Handles boards 4 ft longer than the standard 16-ft.	same as standard
20-ft Outfeed Table	Handles boards 4 ft longer than the standard 16-ft.	
Additional lumber lengths for Auto Deck	For handling board lengths longer than 16' or shorter than 6'.	same as standard
Auto Deck strand length	Longer strands are available on the Auto Deck	same as standard
Automated lumber retrieval system	A lumber retrieval system that picks the correct lumber and delivers it, in order, to the Infeed Rail.	no
Powered Skewed Conveyor	A powered conveyor with skewed guides; replaces the standard outfeed table. Available in16-ft or 20- ft lengths. RH model discharges toward operator. LH model discharges away from operator.	yes
Incline waste conveyor	Works with the saw waste conveyor to move waste up an incline to reach the top of a dumpster.	no
Integrated waste conveyor	Several shapes and sizes available to move waste from the saw to the point of waste removal.	no
Second Monitor	Allows a second monitor for displaying truss/part data and production metrics. See page OP-64.	yes



Outfeed System Descriptions

Several outfeed systems are available to facilitate sorting and moving the cut lumber off the saw and to the assembly tables. Talk to a MiTek representative to discuss the best option for your space and workflow. Several are listed in Table 2-4, but additional options may be available for a higher degree of automation.

Dust Extraction Methods

Two ports are provided for dust extraction from the saw chamber. It is highly recommended that a dust extraction method is used during operation. Refer to the *Prior to Installation* chapter in the Installation Manual for recommendations.

Second Monitor Feature

Some systems have an optional second monitor feature for truss/part data and production metrics to display. The feature integrates with the BLADE software to provide the data to the output ports. It does not include the monitor itself or the mounting of the monitor. When purchasing a monitor for this use, it is highly recommended to obtain the specifications listed here:

Recommended screen size:	65"
Supported screen resolution:	1920x1080
Ports required:	HDMI

To activate the second monitor in the BLADE software, refer to the Operations chapter.



Auto Deck Description

The Auto Deck is an automated staging conveyor that is part of the *BLADE* wood processing system's lumber feed system. It is unique from the rest of the infeed system in that it can be replaced with an optional upgrade. This manual assumes an Auto Deck is present, and to understand its instructions, the following information may be useful.

The Auto Deck is made up of *strands*, each housing a conveyor chain. A standard system that carries lumber 6 to 16-ft long uses 4 strands. The strands run perpendicular to the Infeed Rail. A board must rest on at least 2 strands to travel forward to the Infeed Rail. Table 2-5 shows the Auto Deck designs that are currently available.

Conveyor Length	Lumber Size	Number of Strands	Auto Deck Part #
6'	6' - 20'	5	89596-901
10'	4' - 16'	5	89670-901
10'	4' - 20'	6	89671-901(230V)
10'	4' - 20'	6	89650-901 (AUS)
10'	6' - 16'	4	89064-901
10'	6' - 20'	5	89065-901
12'	6' - 16'	4	89767-901
12	6' - 20'	5	89768-901
16'	6' - 20'	5	89598-901
20'	4' - 20'	6	89069-901
20'	6' - 16'	4	89066-901
20'	6' - 20'	5	89067-901

Table 2-5: Auto Deck Specifications Currently Available



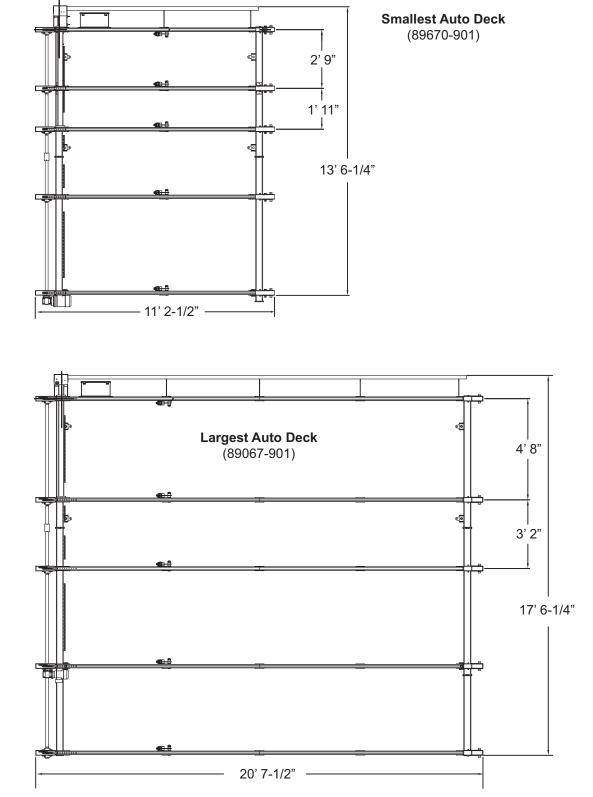


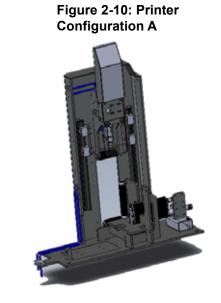
Figure 2-9: Sample of Auto Deck Dimensions for Select Models



Printers Available

Table 2-6 lists the printers available for this equipment and the system ID that identifies each model. A printer dramatically improves communication and sorting of parts, reducing errors and time-consuming searches. All models are included in the scope of this manual. System A is included with the saw if no upgrade is ordered.

The number of nozzles (valves) is proportionate to the size of the print area. The more nozzles, the larger the print area. 16-nozzles for the front face (4-in. dimension of a 2x4), and 7 nozzles for the rear face and edge (2-in. dimension of a 2x4) is adequate for printing text and simple logos.



# of Valves		16	7	7	
System ID and Printing Location		Front	Rear	Edge	Ideal Uses
standard	Α	Х			Adds first level of communication
option	в	Х	Х		AGS (Assembly Guide System) for printing plate and joint locations
option	С	х		х	Depending on workflow, improves visibility of A
option	D	Х	Х	Х	Wall panel printing
option	E	х	х		AGS+: Uses 2 print heads to print everything in B, plus plate outlines in correct location and basic graphics on the face-up side.
option	F	Х	Х	Х	AGS+: Same as E, plus a 3 rd print head to print on edge of board.

Table 2-6: Printer Models Available (also shown in the Printer Appendix)



Learn more about the Printers starting on page OP-168.



Technical Specifications

General Specifications

Table 2-7: General Specifications

·	
Lumber and Cut Capacity	
Edge of board	1-3/8" to 2"
Face of board	2-1/2" to 12"
Maximum length of board	16' (also 20' option available)
Shortest length to exit saw chamber	2"
Shortest length to enter saw via Auto Deck	6' (option available for shorter)
Min. or max. length of cut	infinite
Number of angle cuts	infinite
Speed and Axis Ranges	
Linear speed	up to 100" per second
Angular movement speed	up to 180 degrees per second
Angle	0 to 180 degrees
Bevel	0 to 180 degrees
Elevation	0 to 18-1/2"
Stroke	0 to 8-1/2"
Accuracy	
Length of cut	+/- 1/32" (1 mm)
Angle of cut*	+/- 0.1 degrees
	* Each motor has a +/- 0.05 degree tolerance.
Controls	
Automatic Mode or Manual Mode	Physical buttons and touch screen computer
VFD	Controls blade speed and torque
Software for saw operation	Custom software
Software for lumber optimization	Board Stretcher software
Printer	
Print controller	Matthews 8000 Maxi series
Configuration	1 face of board is standard
See page 67 for available configurations.	Up to 3 surfaces is optional
Saw Blade	
Diameter of blade	17"
Blade motor	5 hp (3.7 kW), 4200 RPM



Table 2-7: General Specifications (Continued)

Electrical	
Voltage	230 VAC
	Transformer is required for other voltages.
Phase and frequency	3-phase, 60 Hz
Pneumatics	
See page IN-28	
Dimensions of System Components	
See page IN-24	
Weight of System Components	
See page IN-30	
Safety	
Compliance	NFPA and UL
Safety circuit	CAT4
Blade access	Chamber lockout w/dual redundancy
Blade stop time	5-10 seconds for E-stop
	<15 seconds for controlled stop



Environmental, Transportation, and Handling Specifications

Operating Temperature

This equipment will operate correctly in its intended ambient, between 41 degrees and 104 degrees Fahrenheit (between +5 degrees and +40 degrees Celsius).

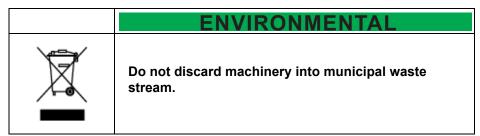
Relative Humidity

This equipment will operate correctly within an environment at 50% RH (relative humidity), 104 degrees Fahrenheit (+40 degrees Celsius). Higher RH may be allowed at lower temperatures.

Measures shall be taken by the Purchaser to avoid the harmful effects of occasional condensation.

Transportation and Storage

This equipment will withstand, or has been protected against, transportation and storage temperatures between -13 degrees and 131 degrees Fahrenheit (between -25 degrees and +55 degrees Celsius) and for short periods up to 158 degrees Fahrenheit (+70 degrees Celsius). It has been packaged to prevent damage from the effects of normal humidity, vibration and shock.





Truss Terminology

Table 2-8: Truss Terminology

Length Types	Height Types
Overall length	H1 Board height
Centerline length	H2 Centerline height
Top length	H3 Centerline height
Bottom length	H4 Centerline height

Figure 2-11: Terminology Diagram

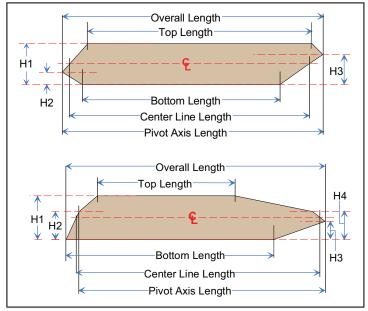
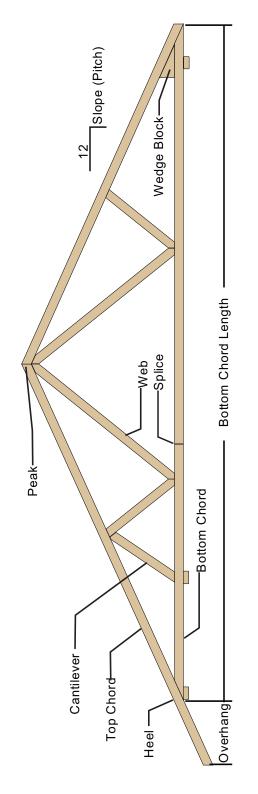




Figure 2-12: Parts of a Truss



Software



Chapter 3

Purpose of Chapter This chapter describes the software used while operating this system to give a solid understanding of the user interface before operating the equipment.

Introduction to the Software

BLADE Software Overview

The *BLADE* software, controlled from the saw's operator interface, controls the *BLADE* wood processing system. Unlike other saws, the system dictates production rates, but the operator must understand the software to get the desired results. Operating procedures start on page OP-135, but this chapter gives an overview of the software.

Most *BLADE* software screen shots in this manual are taken from software version 4.1.2.0. Later software versions may vary slightly.

Board Stretcher Software Overview

*Board Stretcher*TM is additional software used by this equipment, but it may be loaded on a computer in the front-end offices instead of on the saw. It allows lumber optimization and automatic material handling to occur before sending the cut files to the saw. See the *Board Stretcher* Training Manual and free online training course located on *MiTek University* (as of early 2017).

Reports Software Overview

The Reports software is an additional piece of software that integrates with the *BLADE* software and *Board Stretcher* optimizing software. It gives the operators and managers additional tools to pull production reports from the system's memory. An overview of the Reports software starts on page OP-103. See the Reports Software Training Manual and free online training course located on *MiTek University* (as of late 2017).

Tips & Tricks & Terminology for Using the Software

Refer to page OP-132.

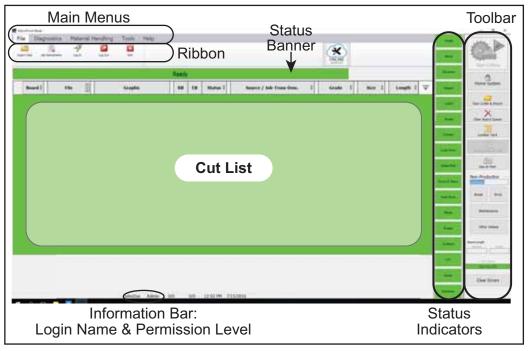


BLADE Software Home Screen

Overview of Home Screen

The Home Screen is the main screen where the operators spend most of their time. It shows data for each part to be cut and provides access to all of the functionality required during normal production use. Figure 3-1 shows each section of the Home Screen.

Figure 3-1: Home Screen Sections





Clicking on a menu often opens up a new window. To return to the previous screen, you may need to cancel or close the new window.

Introduction to the Main Menus

Figure 3-2: Main Menus and Ribbon for File Menu

File	Diagnostics	Material	Handling	Tools	Help
2			2	×	
Import Job	os Job Stats/Delete	Log In	Log Out	Exit	

The tabbed menus at the top of the Home Screen are shown in Figure 3-2. Their location on the Home Screen is labeled *Main Menus* on page OP-74. Throughout this manual, they are referred to as the Main Menus. The area under the Main Menus displays different choices for each menu and is called the ribbon or ribbon choices. The Main Menus and ribbon choices are described in detail starting on page OP-85.



Selecting any indicator button provides additional menu and control choices.

Status Indicators on Home Screen

The status indicators are shown on page OP-74. Table 3-1 gives a brief overview of each status indicator's purpose. If any status indicator is red, that component is not ready. To determine why a status indicator is lit or a component is not ready, select the indicator to display a second menu or additional data. More details can be found in the *Detailed Diagnostics* screen.

Table 3-1: Status Indicators on Home Screen

Indicator Name	Component Description or Text Definition
Status Banner (has varying messages)	Long indicator area directly above the Cut List window that displays one of the following, depending on the overall saw status: Not Ready/Ready/Clearing Saw/ Active//Press Reset
Linear Bearing Oil	Linear bearings need oil added when indicator is red
Angle	Servo axis; turns the blade for angle cuts
Bevel	Servo axis; turns the blade for bevel cuts
Elevation	Servo axis; raises and lowers the blade assembly
Gripper	Servo axis; moves the gripper on the Infeed Rail
LASM	Servo axis; moves the LASM assembly that carries the boards through the saw chamber
Stroke	Servo axis; moves the blade forward/backward (in/out)
Clamps	Side clamp and top clamp on infeed side of saw
Load Arms	Load arms, located on Infeed Rail
Infeed Rail	Infeed Rail, including gripper
Doors/E-Stops	Indicates if saw chamber door and stroke/elevation door are closed and locked and all E-stops released
Auto Deck or automated feed system	The lumber feed system
Blade	Saw blade rotation
Printer	The printer(s), located on infeed end of saw
Outfeed	Outfeed clamp and lumber exit chain
CLS (Crooked Lumber Sensor)	Measurement: Amount elevation is adjusted to compensate for crooked lumberSquare Cut: No CLS adjustment needed even if board is crookedLASM Covering: LASM covers CLS so CLS is not used Board Not Covering: Position or length of board prevents it from reaching the CLS
Machine	Shows errors found in the Machine tab under <i>Diagnostics>Detailed Diagnostics</i> , including E-stops, waste conveyor, and Auto/Manual Mode switch. Additional troubleshooting must be done using Diagnostics which requires administrative permissions.





Toolbar

The function buttons or *hot keys* used on previous *MiTek* saws are not used in this software.



Overview of Toolbar Buttons

The Toolbar stays active at all times on the Home Screen, although some buttons may be grayed out when not available.

Table 3-2: Toolbar on Home Screen

Description

START CUTTING begins feeding lumber into the saw chamber and cutting. Saw motor must be turned on manually first. The button turns to STOP CUTTING while saw is actively cutting.

STOP CUTTING stops the auto cutting sequence AND turns off the saw blade motor after the last cut on the active board is complete.



HOME SYSTEM places all axes in their home positions.

CLEAR CUTLIST & IMPORT imports a new job file and clears previous jobs out of the job queue. (To import jobs without deleting previous jobs, go to *File>Import Jobs*.)

CLEAR BOARD QUEUE erases the record of what the infeed system already has in queue (usually the next 1-4 boards to be cut).

LUMBER YARD is described on page OP-77.

MANUAL BOARDS LIST displays the boards required for this job.

KEY-IN PART allows parts to be added to the Cut List or remainders list. See page OP-78.

Non-Productive Time section allows the operator to indicate what the saw is doing when it's not running. See page OP-147.

Board Length indicates the length of the board needed to make the planned cuts, and the actual length of the active board. The actual board must be equal to or longer than the board needed.

CLS Status indicates the lumber crookedness measured by the CLS.

Clears all software errors and allows the saw to continue running (if safe).

Figure 3-3: Toolbar





Lumber Yard

lumber: a group of boards or a non-specific board



board: a specific piece of lumber required by the saw to cut out specific parts; lumber becomes a board when the software decides exactly how to use it

lumber feed system: any system that feeds lumber to the Infeed Rail; usually the Auto Deck staging conveyor or a lumber retrieval system

station: a physical location on a lumber retrieval system

The Lumber Yard is where the operator can see the lumber required for the active job, and assign specific lumber to specific stations in the lumber feed system.

The bottom half of the screen is the **Lumber Inventory**. It is a list of the lumber the software has used before so it knows what station or manual assignment it has and that it will fill the requirements for certain lumber in the active job. The top half of the screen is the **Required Lumber**. It shows lumber required for the job but the software is uncertain where it is located in the lumber feed system.

- To assign a Required Lumber to a specific spot in the Lumber Inventory, just drag it down and drop it on the desired station.
 - For a manually loaded lumber feed system, such as the Auto Deck, the software views all lumber as manual and it doesn't matter what device ID each lumber type has. There is no need to make specific assignments.
 - For automated feed systems, the virtual lumber must be assigned to the station where the actual lumber is located.
- To change a lumber assignment, press the CLEAR button in the row of the assigned lumber inventory.
- To choose the number of Lumber Inventory rows displayed, go to *Tools>Options>Material Handling*.

Figure 3-4: Lumber Yard Screen

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For additional details on how to use the Lumber Yard, refer to the *Board Stretcher* Training Manual.





Key-In Part

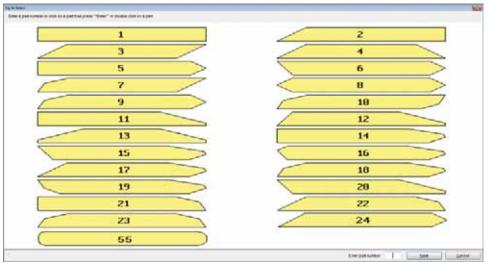


To add remainders from parts in the Cut List, right-click on the part. The KEY IN PARTS button is the only Toolbar button that requires further explanation that is not addressed elsewhere. It displays the part *Key-In* dialog and allows parts to be added to the Cut List or remainders list.

The *Key-In Select* screen shown in Figure 3-5 contains specific part types to choose from. Double-click the part type that looks most like the part that needs to be cut.

The next window displays a list of possible places to get the lumber from. If using an Auto Deck, there will not be a choice of how to load the board.

Figure 3-5: Key-In Select Screen



The *Key-In* screen shown in Figure 3-6 allows the operator to specify the details of the part. Clicking on one of the parts in Figure 3-5 opens the *Key-In* screen. Enter the required information.

- If using a lumber feed system that allows stations to be chosen, the Grade, Stock Size, and Stock Length will be populated for boards being loaded from a station.
- If a manual board is selected, the operator fills in the following fields: Lumber Grade, Stock Size, Overall Length, Stock Length, Chord, and Crown.



Figure 3-6: Key In Screen

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Most fields in the *Key-In* screen are populated according to the part you chose on the *Key-In Select* screen, but many of the fields can be modified, including adding a bevel.



If entering dimensions, one of the cuts must be calculated to ensure correct cutting of the part.

- VALIDATE AND DRAW PART updates the part based on the information entered.
- ADD TO REMAINDERS adds the part to the remainder list.
- ADD TO CUT LIST adds the part to the current Cut List.
- RIP BEVEL allows the operator to set the short side to a specific dimension in order to create specifically-sized blocks or boards that are not in a Job file.



The Cut List Screen

Cut List Column Headings

Figure 3-7: Cut List Column Headings

manter in an in anne i an i	Board 2	File	Graphic	AB FB Status	Source / Job Trans Desc.	1 9	ade 1 Size J	Longth 2 🗸
-----------------------------	---------	------	---------	--------------	--------------------------	-----	--------------	------------

The Cut List column headings are shown in Figure 3-7. Table 3-3 gives a brief overview of each column's purpose. More detail is given in subsequent pages.

On-Screen Display	Description				
Board	The index of the board (the identity or order of the board in that job).				
File	For boards, it is the name of the file that the boards were imported from. For parts, it is the order that the part will be cut in.				
Graphic	Displays an image of the cut part.				
RB/EB	Signifies that there is a rip bevel (RB) or end bevel (EB) on the board.				
	Complete: The board or part has been cut.				
	In Process: The part is being cut.				
Status	Queue: The part is loaded onto the load arms located on the Infeed Rail.				
	Rejected: The part will not be cut.				
	Infeed: A board in the job that has not been processed.				
Source/ Job-Truss-Desc.	For boards, it is where the board will be loaded from. For parts, it shows the job name, truss description, and part description				
Grade	Grade of board				
Size	Board dimensions. For example: 2x4 (for Imperial units), or width of the board in millimeters (for metric)				
Length	Length of board and overall length of the parts.				
Select Board Arrow	Click the arrow to choose <i>Current Board</i> , <i>Top of List</i> , or <i>Bottom of List</i> .				
(right-click) See page OP-82.	Right-click on any board or part in the Cut List to see an additional set of menu choices.				
(double-click) See page OP-83.	Double-click on any board or part in the Cut List to see the Database View window, giving additional data on each board, part, and job with graphical representation.				
(left-click)	Click any heading with graphic next to it to resort the list by the values in that column.				

Table 3-3: Cut List Column Headings on Home Screen



Tips & Tricks for Using the Cut List



Columns with symbols are sortable by clicking on the heading name.

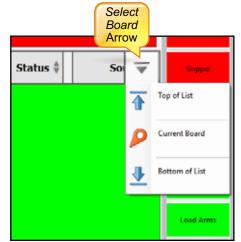
Table 3-4: Sample Cut List, Home Screen

Board S	78e 🗄	Graphic	88	Status 2	Searce / Job Trans Desc. 1	Grade I	Stor 3	COLOR KEY
	1.			Comparts	HATID-A-UT-WI	10021112-024	201	
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The Cut List data changes for every job. It is a list of each part to be cut.

- Single-click on any column heading with arrows 🗯 to sort the list by the heading metric. Click again to sort in the opposite order.
- Single-click on any column heading with ascending numbers it to sort the list by the heading metric. Click again to sort in the opposite order.
- Single-click on *Select Board* arrow to choose the current board (see Figure 3-8).
- Single-click any part row (data for 1 part), and the part details display in the Cut List window shown in Figure 3-4.
- Double-click any row (data for 1 part or board), and the *Database View* screen appears, described on page OP-83. There are additional tabs within that window that display various details about the board, part, and job.
- Access the right-click menu on the Cut List by using the right-click method described on page OP-82.

Figure 3-8: Click the Select Board Arrow to Access This Menu





Right-Click Menu From Cut List



The term "right-click" describes the action when using a mouse, but a mouse is not required to operate the *BLADE* saw. You may also accomplish a "right-click" result by:

- 1. Select the board, part, etc. and release.
- 2. Place finger on selection again and hold it on the selection until a square outline appears.
- 3. Remove finger and the right-click menu appears.

When a board is right-clicked in the Cut List, most of the choices in Table 3-5 are available. When a part is right-clicked, fewer choices are available.

Selection	Description
Start Cutting Here	Skips previous boards in the Cut List and begins cutting with the selected board.
Cut	Use to cut a single board. Procedure is on page OP-143.
Redo	Cuts the selected board or part again. The stock length is chosen in the Redo window but must be adequate length.
Reject	Rejects the current board so it will not be cut. A rejected line is highlighted in red and moved toward the top of the Cut List.
Reject Series	Rejects a series of boards listed consecutively in the Cut List as chosen by the operator. See page OP-130 for selecting a series.
Reset	Resets the current board so it can be re-cut.
Reset Series	Resets a series of boards listed consecutively in the Cut List as chosen by the operator. See page OP-147 for selecting a series.
Add To Queue	Adds the current board to the material handling queue.
Remove From Queue	Removes the current board from the material handling queue.
Add to	Only available when a part is selected (not a board).
Add to Remainders	Add the selected part to the Remainders list. See page OP-97 to view the Remainders list.

Table 3-5: Description of Right-Click Menus Choices



Database View (Parts Data and Visual Representation)

Access the Database tabbed screens by double clicking any board or part on the Cut List. The Database screens are not visible on the Home Screen, but because they are a vital piece of the *BLADE* software, they are discussed in their own section here.

The information shown in the Database screens are pulled from the Jobs database when jobs are sent to the saw. All information needed for the saw to cut each part is stored in the Jobs database.

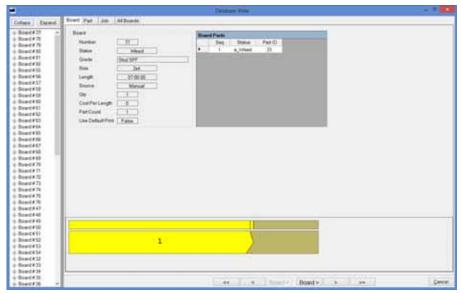


Figure 3-9: Diagnostics>Database>Board Tab

Figure 3-10: Diagnostics>Database>Part Tab

	a second and a logic phone in the second second	Database				
Anie (Anierd	Board Part Job Allbomde					
Part# 323 Part# 323 loard # 75 loard # 75 loard # 75	Key Rose - Club and Move Joon - Wheel	< Pan Lett	Reset	Pan Right >		
Sami J 11 Intel 3 22 Intel 3 63 Intel 4 64 Intel 4 64 Intel 4 67 Intel 4 64 Intel 4 64 Intel 4 64 Intel 4 64 Intel 4 64 Intel 4 66 Intel 4 66 I	3-D view your finge	e part in a by moving r (or cursor) cross the part		70-A GE	U1 5	
heard#71						



Figure	3-11:	Diagnostics>Database>Job	Tab
--------	-------	--------------------------	-----

dare (Excent	Road Pat J/R Alfinada
Down(# 77 + Part 20(1 Down(# 78 Down(# 78	Import See Factors I factors Import Class I factors I 1000000311337 A. C phageon face policies/Tel:Books.coec#203198 evil.
Boord # 40. Boord # 40. Boord # 47. Boord # 47. Boord # 70.	Alter Al
Doard#34 Board#36 v	ex C. Dante Dauge Lex Less 20

Figure 3-12: Diagnostics>Database>All Boards Tab

		tiat	diam Ven		
Enerst	Board Part Jub AllBoards				
1#77 ×	77	2) 10			
1873 1875					
1#00 1#01	78				
0 # 52 0 # 55		a			
1#16 1#17	79	-			
1855. 1813					
1 # 60 1 # 61	Key	and the set	1 manual	and and and	
1412 1413	Rutate + Click and Move Zoore + Wheel	< Pan Left	Reset	Pan Right >	
2864					
C# 62.					
6#67					
1#42 1#49					
5 # 70					
6#71					
£#72 £#73					
6474					
£#75 £#75					
18.47					
68.45					
1143					
6#50 6#51					
1412	-				1000
110			Londing Angles		
1#54	Trailing Aright		Landing Aspin		
0#32	Trailing Angles		Leading Aspen		-
	Trailing Argen			· Duris (



Saw Menus in Detail

File Menu

Import Jobs	Allows files to be imported to Cut List. See Figure 3-13.
Jobs Stats/Delete	Allows parts to be deleted from Cut List.
Log In	Only required if site management sets it up in Tools>Options or if needing technical or administrative permissions. See page OP-134 for an overview on login requirements.
Log Out	Can alternate between operator, technical, or administrator level permissions by logging out the current user. Log back in using the <i>Log In</i> icon.
Exit	Exits the program.

File>Import Jobs

Figure 3-13: File>Import Jobs Screen

Network		
C:\Program Files (x86)\M	iTek\Blade\Jobs\	1 · Get Files
Network 2		
C.\Program Files (x86)\M	Tek\Blade\Jobs\	2 - Get Files
Network 3		
C:\Program Files (x86)\M	Tek\Blade\Jobs\	3 - Get Files
	<u>D</u> elete Files	<u>C</u> ancel

• The different network choices are actually different default folders on the network that are commonly used for storing job files. If none of the folders are the location needed, the operator can browse to any folder on the network by selecting GET FILES.



The address to the default folders can be changed in *Tools>Options>File Import* with Administrator or Technician permission levels.





Diagnostics Menu

Abort Cutting Sequence	Cancels current cutting sequence.
Visualize	Displays an image of the saw components and active board at any point in time. The image changes as the position of the components move. Must be selected before choosing START CUT. See page OP-87.
Logs	Allows detailed information of each part or board to be displayed, including print information.
Detailed Diagnostics	Brings up a set of tabbed menus for specific components.
	The data here can be viewed by anyone, but administrator or technician permissions is needed to change some fields.
Air Cut	For troubleshooting purposes; tells the system to function even though the sensors are not detecting boards to cut. Automated feed systems are not included in the operation during Air Cut.
	Click on the checkbox to turn on or off. Places a yellow Air Cut band across the START CUTTING button when the feature is on.



Diagnostics>Abort Cutting Sequence

Use the *Abort Cutting Sequence* icon on the *Diagnostics* ribbon if the saw becomes unresponsive due to PLC miscommunication. Abort the cutting sequence and the saw will be ready for the next action. After selecting *Abort Cutting Sequence*, the software asks how to handle the board that was just active.





Open the Visualizer window before pressing START CUTTING.

Diagnostics>Visualize

The Visualizer is a valuable tool for troubleshooting and operating the saw. It can be accessed any time. If the blade or any axis is moving, movement will also be seen in the Visualizer window.

This window shows exactly what the saw is doing in "almost" real time. The speed of the Visualizer window can be adjusted with the slider bar at the bottom of the screen to facilitate troubleshooting. The board data for the board shown in the Visualizer window is indicated at the bottom of the screen also.

Figure 3-14: Diagnostics>Visualize Screen



Diagnostics>Air Cut

A checkbox on the *Diagnostics* Ribbon activates Air Cut. The Air Cut feature allows the saw to operate as it would in Automatic Mode, but without a saw blade or lumber present. It is intended for testing and maintenance. When Air Cut is active, a yellow banner appears over the normal START CUTTING button on the Home Screen. Figure 3-15: Air Cut On



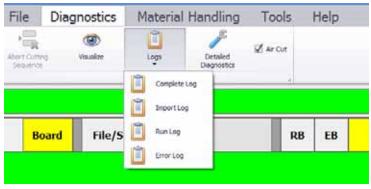




Diagnostics>Logs

Logs > Complete Log	Displays a log of all logged items. This log includes all logged information.
Logs > Import Log	Displays a log of all of the imported job files.
Logs > Run Log	Displays a log of changed constants, and operator messages.
Logs > Error Log	Displays a log of all errors.

Figure 3-16: Diagnostics>Logs Menu



The Logs menu gives several different choices for the type of report desired. The Complete Log report is shown in Figure 3-17 because it includes everything in all of the other reports.

					Compress 114						9
344	CBW CLOUDER CO	Seder	State .								
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Diagnostics>Detailed Diagnostics Menu



Do not change numeric data on these screens unless a MiTek technician instructs you to change them! The technicians set them at installation and they should not need to be changed again. Many of the buttons will be used frequently during troubleshooting, but numerical data should remain untouched.

The Detailed Diagnostics screen is invaluable for troubleshooting. Although it falls under the Diagnostics Main Menu, it is given its own section here because of the depth of information required to understand this menu choice. The saw must be in Manual Mode to adjust most settings in Detailed Diagnostics.

Each component or axis controlled by the saw's PLC has its own set of tabbed menus on this screen. When the tab is clicked, the tabbed area turns white. Each tab's screen is divided in half. The top half has technical information and settings. The bottom half is primarily measurements and feedback for that component or axis.

The top half and bottom half are locked together by default. Every time a top tab is clicked (made active), the bottom half of the screen changes to match the tab above. But, clicking the bottom tabs do not automatically change the active top tab. This allows you to browse the information in the bottom half of the screen without losing sight of the data in the top half of the screen.

Each tab set is shown in the screen shots that follow. Some tips to understanding the data on these screens are:

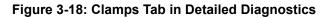
- A blue box indicates that the setting is active or in an ON state.
- An orange box indicates that the setting is inactive or in an OFF state.
- Other symbols are defined in *Diagnostics>Detailed Diagnostics>Help* tab.
- Many of the fields can not be accessed in Auto Mode. Place the saw in Manual Mode using the selector switch on the saw's operator interface panel.
- The CLEAR Z button that is located on the bottom half of the tabs controlled by servo motors is the only selectable setting on the bottom half of the screens. It can be used to manually clear the stored Z pulse, but recalibration is a safer way to accomplish this. The Z pulse measures the counts from the home sensor to the motor encoder's Z pulse. See page OP-160 to calibrate any or all of the axes instead of using this button.



The home Z-pulse value does not need to be monitored or mechanically reset to be in the 30000 to 100000 range since the BLADE software 4.0 and higher no longer uses the Z-pulse on the most of the servo axes.



Clamps in Detailed Diagnostics



	-							Ultransmo					
Clamps	cls	Angle	Bevel	Elevation	Gripper	LASM	Stroke	Savy Blade	Printer	Machine	Help	Auto Deck	
Gripper Clano			LASH Clamp Outlee							Side Clamp			
Clamp			Clar	no -	ia.	imp:		Janp		Clang		Clamp	Camp
Clamp /	(her		Enat	sle			9	Dain		On		Clamp After	Enable
Load A								Damp Until En	ety: []	12.00	. 1	Top Clamp	
Up/Dov	ND .		Dow	n:						Adval	۰.	Clamp	Clamp
Cycle			On	0)			Un	clamp All Cla	mps			Clamp After	Enable
Clamps	CLS	Angle	Bevel	Elevation	Gripper	LASM	Stroke	Saw Blade	Printer	Machine	PLC	Auto Deck	
	r Clam Clamps and Silp and Edg	sped	1	Clamped			d Arm Se Board Se Up Down	ensor 1	Clamp Unclar Pause	ed nped		de Clamp Sensors Clamped Uniclamped	Top Clamp Sensor Ski Up Down
Grippe C		p Coils	1	Clamp		n	d Arm G Up Down		Clamp Unclar	=0		de Clamp Colls Clamp Undamped	Top Clamp Colls
Grippe		tasses Iar Proce	15						Run O				

- Clamp and unclamp the gripper, LASM, outfeed clamp, top clamp, and side clamp here.
- Raise and lower the load arms.



CLS in Detailed Diagnostics

Figure 3-19: CLS Tab in Detailed Diagnostics

amps	cLS	Angle	Bevel	Elevation	Gripper	LASM	Stroke	Saw Blade	Printer	Machine	Help	Auto Deck	
		Elevation	Followi	ng (nable					Calibrate at la consta Ci	.1	Activate	
	as	Angle	Baud	Flauster	Grinner	IACM	Studie	Cau Blada	Driveter	Machina	B.C	Auto Dark	
	cus	Angle				LASM	Stroke	Saw Blade	Printer	Machine	PLC	Auto Deck	
tatas		Angle		Code: 3 Dis	abled	LASM	Stroke	Saw Blade	Printer	Machine	PLC	Auto Deck	
Ratus Error Co	de			Code: 3 Dis Code: 0 No	abled		Stroke	Sew Blade	Printer	Machine	PLC	Auto Deck	
Ratus Imor Co Darrent	ide Reading	g (counts,	lunits)	Code: 3 De Code: 0 No 1639896	abled	2.085	Stroke	Saw Blade	Printer	Machine	PLC	Auto Deck	
Staturs Error Co Current Zero Off	sde Reading føet (cox		lunits)	Code: 3 De Code: 0 No 1639890 1517651	abled	2.085	Stroke	Saw Blade	Printer	Machine	PLC	Auto Deck	
Zero Off Adjustm	sde Reading ført (cox	g (counts,	lunits)	Code: 3 De Code: 0 No 1639896	abled	2.085		Saw Blade	Printer	Machine	PLC	Auto Deck	

- Enable *Elevation Following* to test if the elevation changes as the bottom of a board raises to different heights above the CLS. The saw chamber door must be closed when doing so.
- The *Calibrate* button on the *Detailed Diagnostics>CLS* screen is for Admin use only. To calibrate the CLS, use the *Tools>Calibrate* menu.
- The CLS uses ultrasonic wavelengths to determine the location of the bottom of the board. Because temperature can affect these wavelengths, a thermometer is located in the upper-right corner of the saw chamber. The thermometer must be working for the PLC to process all incoming data correctly.



Servo Screens in Detailed Diagnostics

This section covers all of the *Detailed Diagnostics* tabbed screens for servo axes, which includes the following: Angle, Bevel, Elevation, Gripper, LASM, Stroke.

Figure 3-20: Angle Tab in Detailed Diagnostics

		_		_			Ultrapone		_	_		
Clamps CLS	Angle	Bevel	Elevation	Gripper	LASM	Stroke	Savy Blade	Printer	Machine	Help	Auto Deck	
Position Param	otors			Move Pa	ramete	15				love To	Position	Configuration
Home Othe	* 1	79.8	314	Velocity:	90.	106	Parany	s Display/	Use	Move	90	
Maximum Positio		81.5	(Marketon)	Accel:		0.81	Pi	nam Hume			1.7.7.	Save To Config
Minimum Positio).8	-	Decei:	_	0.81	_	Towards			90	Reload From Config
Move Tolerano				Jerk:	-	0.01		Manual		Cycle		Reset To Defaults
	0	.05			50						90	
- Indi			Espani					1 second			harran al	
Clamps CLS	Angle	Bevel	Elevation	Gripper	LASM	Stroke	Saw Blade	Printer	Machine	PLC	Auto Deck	
Clamps CLS	Angle	Bevel	Elevation Code: 6 En	177.982		Stroke	Saw Blade	Printer	Machine	PLC	Auto Deck	
	Angle	Bevel		abled Home	ed		Saw Blade	Printer	Machine	PLC	Auto Deck	
Servo Status		Bevel	Code: 6 En	abled Home	ed		Sew Blade	Printer	Machine	PLC	Auto Deck	
Servo Status Error Code	unts)	Bevel	Code: 6 En Code: 000 1	abled Home	ed o Type: 1			Printer Home Sen		PLC	Auto Deck	
Servo Status Error Code Home Z Pulse (co	unts) sunts)		Code: 6 En Code: 0001 41114	abled Home	ed o Type: 1	No Stop			sor	PLC	Auto Deck	
Servo Status Error Code Home Z Pulse (co Stored Z Pulse (co	unts) sunts) counts/	units)	Code: 6 En Code: 0001 41114 40973	abled Home	ed o Type: 1 C	No Stop		Home Sea	sor	PLC	Auto Deck	
Servo Status Error Code Home Z Pulse (co Stored Z Pulse (co Current Position (unts) sunts) (counts/ unts/cml	units) ts)	Code: 6 En Code: 0001 41114 40973 48040281	abled Home	ed o Type: 1 00	No Stop		Home Sea	sor	PLC	Auto Deck	

• Move Parameters section:

These buttons select which parameters to use when manually moving a servo axis for troubleshooting purposes. Click the appropriate button as described here, then select MOVE or CYCLE to move the axis to the location indicated.

- The MANUAL button is active by default when the *Detailed Diagnostics* screen opens. It moves the axis at half the normal (auto) speed. When this button is active, type in specific parameters in the numbers fields, then select MOVE or CYCLE.
- The FROM HOME and TOWARDS buttons contain the parameters that were most recently used in Auto Mode. The axis moves at full speed when one of these buttons are active and the MOVE or CYCLE button is chosen.
- *Configuration* section:
 - To view the default settings, click RESET TO DEFAULT. This does not reset the values, but it turns anything yellow that is not default so it can be viewed. Each value can be changed manually at this point by typing in the desired numbers or you can choose to accept all the defaults. This should be done sparingly, as some changes may negatively affect unwanted areas. It is best to manually change only the fields that are needed.
 - When the values are correct, click SAVE TO CONFIG to apply them.



Saw Blade in Detailed Diagnostics

Figure 3-21: Saw Blade Tab in Detailed Diagnostics

-								Duquana					
Clamps	cls	Angle	Bevel	Elevation	Gripper	LASM	Stroke	Saw Blade	Printer	Machine	Help	Auto Deck	
							Saw	Blade					
								(Bu);					
Clamps	CLS	Angle	Bevel	Elevation	Gripper	LASM	Stroke	Saw Blade	Printer	Machine	PLC	Auto Deck	
Subs				Code: 3 En	abled								
Error G	ode			Code: 0 No	ne								
Warning	g/Alarm	Code		0									
		nor 24Vd	¢	Step bu									
	o Speed) Enable			Start by		Motor (Contactor	M51)					
	Run			Air cut									
1940.000													
Status Uni	oue stato	f wells will b	ie in Steffe	•	_	_	_		_	_	_		



• When the saw is in Manual Mode and the saw motor is running, it can be stopped using the STOP button shown in Figure 3-21.





Printer in Detailed Diagnostics

Figure 3-22: Printer Tab in Detailed Diagnostics

Front		Ink/Cleaner Val * Ink Cleaner		Rame .		
			11		Trigger	1000
		Flash	Cina	r Messages		1.1
Print To Send					Encoder	
ADCD13						
emps CLS Ang	le Bevel Elevation	Gripper LASM Stroke :	Saw Blade Printer	Machine PLC	Auto Deck	7691.
emps CLS Ang	le Bevel Elevation			Machine PLC		
emps CLS Ang ontroller Information Hardware Version	le Bevel Elevation		Saw Blade Printer Print Head	Machine PLC	Auto Deck	Tree.
ontroller Information Hardware Version Software Version	le Bevel Elevation 1 123-45678-90	Gripper LASM Stroke :	Saw Blade Printer Print Head Print Direction	Machine PLC	Auto Deck	
emps CLS Ang ontroller Information Hardware Version Software Version Encoder Mode	le Bevel Elevation 123-45678-90 123.4.5 Code: 4 Forward Qu	Gripper LASM Stroke :	Saw Blade Printer Print Head Print Direction Encoder Factor	Machine PLC Gode: 3 Left to 18235 27	Auto Deck	Auto Todare
emps CLS Ang ontrolier Information Hardware Version Software Version	le Bevel Elevation 1 123-45678-00 123-4.5	Gripper LASM Stroke :	Saw Blade Printer Print Head Print Direction Encoder Factor Dot Stre	Machine PLC Gode: 3 Left to 18235 27	Auto Deck	
emps CLS Ang ontroller Information Hardware Version Software Version Encoder Mode Enabled	le Bevel Elevation 123-45678-90 123.4.5 Code: 4 Forward Qu Printing	adreture	Saw Blade Printer Print Head Print Direction Encoder Factor Dot Size Column Spacing	Machine PLC Code: 3 Left to 16235 27 794	Auto Deck	



If the saw status on the Home Screen says Waiting for Printer, use Abort Cutting Sequence, NOT the Trigger buttons here.



The same process can be done using the LASM if the LASM encoder is selected.

- The *Dot Size* and *Time of Flight* are set in *Tools>Options>Printers*.
- PRINTER CONTROLLER and PRINTER POWER ON/OFF buttons only apply while the Diagnostics window is open. They default to ON when the window is closed. To run boards without printing, turn the printer(s) off in *Tools>Options>Printers*. The saw may need to be in Manual Mode for some items in this area to be active.
- To flush the print heads, see page OP-176 in the *Printer* appendix.
- The *Print to Send* section allows data to be printed on a single board using the SEND PRINT button. If any of the buttons are grayed out, the saw is not in the correct status. Correct the status before attempting to send a print string.

To send a print string for 1 board only:

- 1) Select the GRIPPER button in the *Encoder* section.
- 2) Type the text in the *Print to Send* field.
- 3) Click SEND PRINT.
- 4) Select the *Gripper* tab in the *Diagnostics*>*Detailed Diagnostics* screen to manually move the gripper (with a board in the infeed rail) towards the outfeed.

The board should be in front of the print head before the trigger is turned on. Printing will start immediately when the gripper starts to move. The gripper encoder should be selected as well.

5) Click ON in the *Trigger* section.



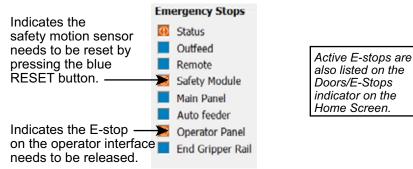
Machine in Detailed Diagnostics

Figure 3-23: Machine Tab in Detailed Diagnostics

	us Lights	Was	de Conveyor	Cycle Test (Liter Auto Hode)	
Gree	n (Running in Auto)	32	On Off	Start	Reset Cycles/Hours
Yell	w (Waiting)			Cycles	0
Red	(Fault)	.04		Cycle Hours	0.000
imps CLS	Angle Bevel Eleva	tion Gripper LASM Stroke S		fachine PLC Auto Deck	
amps CLS atus ror Code	Angle Bevel Eleval Code: 4 Ready and Hom Code: 0 Unknown error	ed	Auto/Manual	Status Lights fn 🖉 Green Light	Emergency Stop
atus	Code: 4 Ready and Hom Code: 0 Unknown error	ed	Auto/Manual	Status Lights th Z Green Light	

- All *Status Lights* settings must be in the ON position during normal operation so the beacon operates correctly. This section is for testing purposes only.
- Turn the waste conveyor on or off in the *Machine* tab. Note that it automatically comes on and off in Auto Mode.
- The *General Errors* section shows if a component or axis has a positive status. An orange box shows which components have an error.
- Orange boxes in the *Emergency Stops* section shows which E-stops are activated and must be reset.
- Use the *Cycle Test* section to move the servos to their min and max positions and exercise the clamps. It saves the number of cycles and time so they are not lost on program shutdown. Press START (under Cycle Test) to start the cycle. Press the same button (it changes to STOP) to end the cycle.

Figure 3-24: Emergency Stops on Machine Tab





The physical location of each E-stop is shown on page OP-108 and OP-109.



Help in Detailed Diagnostics

The Help tab gives technical indicators and data that may be of assistance during troubleshooting.

Auto Deck in Detailed Diagnostics



mps	as	Angle	Bevel	Elevation	Gripper	LASM	Stroke	Saw Blade	Printer	Machine	Help	Auto Deck	
	P	usher					Chains					Sequences	
		Home		din .			Forward	0	10			Initialize	Activate
		Pushed		On			Reverse	o	ini .			Load	Activate
												Stage	Activote
		-											
Damps Status	cis	decome of		Elevation Not Initialize	10000	LASM	Stroke	Saw Blade	Printer	Machine	PLC	Auto Deck	
				Not Initialize	10000	LASM	Stroke	Saw Blade	Printer	Machine	PLC	Auto Deck	

• Manually manipulate the Auto Deck staging conveyor from this screen.



Material Handling Menu

View Remainders	See page OP-97
Reset All Boards	Resets all boards in the Cut List.
Reject All Boards	Rejects all boards in the Cut List.
Lumber Report	Displays an inventory pick list for boards used.

Material Handling > View Remainders

Remainders are parts that are cut out of the waste on boards and kept for future use. Commonly used parts can be programmed into the *BLADE* software, and anytime there is room for that part on a waste piece, the software prints its ID, cuts it, and exits it. *View Remainders* shows the remainder list and allows the operator to manage the list and each part's option. To add a new Remainder part, see page OP-146.

Once in the remainder list, the following can be done:

- Click the checkbox under *Leading Waste* to cut remainders planned for the leading edge of the board. Active remainders in the list will be cut from the leading edge waste (when available).
- Click the checkbox under *Trailing Waste* to cut remainders planned for the trailing edge of the board. Active remainders in the list will be cut from the trailing edge waste (when available).
- To change the priority, click the part and follow the instructions on the screen to move it up or down the list.
- To make a part inactive or active, click the part and select the CHANGE ACTIVATION button (or double click the Yes or No).

Figure 3-26: Material Handling>View Remainders Screen





Place longer parts near the top of the priority list. If there isn't enough room to cut that part, the saw will attempt to cut the next part in the list.

Waste is placed at the leading edge of the board as long as there is at least 1 part on the board over 2 ft long. If all parts on the board are shorter than 2 ft, waste is placed at the trailing edge.



Material Handling > Reset All Boards and Reject All Boards

Resets or Rejects all boards in the active job so the job can be started over or skipped.

An operator may reset or reject specific boards (using right-click menu) after resetting or rejecting all boards.

Material Handling > Pick List

Displays a list of boards necessary to process the current job. It is grouped by grade and size.

To view the boards in the order they will be cut, use the MANUAL BOARDS LIST button on the Toolbar.

Figure 3-27: Material Handling>Pick List Screen

			Lumber Pick List		
			Blade 2/4/2014 1:45:58 PM	raquel	
Grade Size L	ength	Source	Quantity		



Tools Menu

Pre-Calibration Boards	Use specific boards and cuts to aid in calibration.
Calibrate	Allows the servos, printer, and CLS to be auto-calibrated.
Options	See Tools > Options subheading on page OP-100.
Backup Configuration	Backs up the current configuration of the saw to a date-time stamped file.
Restore Configuration	Restores the configuration of the saw from a previously backed up configuration.
Configuration	Advanced function to change configuration items. Should not be used under normal circumstances.
Company Information	Allows the company information to be entered which autofills some fields when contacting technical support through the Help Menu.
Current Shift Reports	Provides production data, board usage, and non- productive time data per shift.



Tools > Pre-Calibration Boards

There are specific parts and boards programmed into the *BLADE* software to assist in determining which axes may need to be calibrated. Click the *Pre-Calibration Boards* choice on the *Tools* ribbon, and follow the on-screen instructions to use the pre-programmed boards before beginning the calibration procedure.

Figure 3-28: Tools>Pre-Calibration Boards Screen

Pre-Calibration Boards	
Select A Board Gripper & LASM Counts/Inch	1
Board Information	
Part 1 and Part 2 Length = 07-00-00. If Part 1 (first part cut) length is incorrect then perform Gripper Home Position and Counts Per Inch calibration. If Part 2 length is incorrect then perform LASM Home Position and Counts Per Inch	Start Cancel
calibration.	(Use Auto Mode)



Tools > Calibrate (See page OP-160)



Tools > Options



The Tools>Options selection displays a dialog box with multiple tabs that allows the saw configuration to be changed. Table 3-6 describes the purpose of each tab. The printer tab is described in more detail in the pages that follow.

Tab Name	Description	
General	View the saw's name and included options, enable the top clamp, and when to stop cutting.	
Material Handling	Choose the lumber feed system, the quantity of rows in the Lumber Yard inventory list, and timing choices for Auto Deck actions.	
File Import	Set the folders jobs are imported from and what happens to files after import.	
Cut List	Auto Track Row: Select how many rows down from the top of the Cut List window the black Auto Track Row outline stays. The Cut List does not automatically scroll, unless the SELECT CURRENT BOARD button is chosen on the Toolbar. Then, the list scrolls so the current board is in auto track row position.	
	Redo parts: Select whether they are cut first or last.	
Display	Choose language, unit of measurement (imperial vs. metric), define a square cut (default is 90 deg.), and enable a second monitor (named Second Display).	
Backup	Choose folder for backup files to save in.	
Security	Set password specifics.	
Printers	Turn printers on and off, set distance to blade, set dot size and timing.	
	See more details in the <i>Printers Tab in Options</i> section starting on page OP-101.	
	Set the following:	
	Edge detector photo eye	
Saw	 Blade kerf (should be .210) 	
NOTE: None of these	Blade hub to bevel X	
settings should be	Stock length tolerance	
changed until	Clearance to accept stock	
conferring with a MiTek technical	LASM width and height	
representative.	Blade diameter	
	Blade effective cut length	
	 Max. board length (can not be changed) 	
Production	Set allowable idle time and shift start times.	

Table 3-6: Summary of Tabbed Menus for Tools>Options



Printers Tab in Options

- The Dot Size must stay between 15-27, but the recommended setting is 27.
- *Time of Flight* is the time it takes for an ink dot to get from the print head to the board. It is calculated during the calibration of the printer. Must stay between 0-200.
- If marks are not in the correct location (most important when marking component location on wall panels), increase the time of fight to print on the board earlier. Decrease the time of flight to print on the board later.

Figure 3-29: Tools>Options>Printers Menu

Options ×							
General	Material	Handling	; File Imp	port	Cut List	Display	Backup
Security	Printers	Saw F	Production	ı			
	Printer #1 Availab Distance 1	le for use	ce/Window 23.19			16 32	
	Printer #2	le For Use	-Fence Side e O	2	Val ©		
	Printer #3	-					
	Distance		0 rint for Nor	n-Dov	vnloaded	Parts	
	Values Encoder	Factor	1623	5			
	Dot Size		Prt #1 27	Prt #	≠2 Pri	t #3 0	
	Time of	Flight	10		0	0	
					Accept	G	ancel





Help Menu	
View Help	Opens the Equipment Manual. Adobe Acrobat Reader may be required to view the manual. The manual is fully searchable using Acrobat search tools.
Remote Support	Links to a web site where MiTek can remotely troubleshoot. MiTek must provide login information before using this site.
Online Support	Links to the MiTek web site where specifications and other information can be found. MiTek may also instruct a user to go here for specific technical tools.
Contact Us	3 tabs provide support information:
	<i>Contact tab</i> provides MiTek Machinery technical support phone number and address.
	<i>Report Problem</i> tab allows free typing and attachments to be sent directly to MiTek Machinery technical support.
	Code tab shows code information.
Email Logs/Jobs/Configuration	Automatically sends this information to MiTek Machinery technical support, along with a typed message explaining the current situation.
Email Report Data	Automatically sends this information to MiTek Machinery technical support.
About	Displays the BLADE software version number.

Board Stretcher Software

For instructions on using our optimization software, refer to the *Board Stretcher Software* Training Manual located on *MiTek University* (as of early 2017).



Reports Software



The Reports software will soon have a new interface and a new training class and Training Manual. Look for it in 2017.

The Reports software is a software package that provides reports to help manage production on the saw. It is usually loaded on a computer in an office area for management purposes, but it can also be loaded on the saw's computer. Request this software from your MiTek representative if it was not loaded on the saw at installation.



All production data is saved in a file named History.MDB and is located on the saw's PC at C:\Program Files (x86)\MiTek\Blade\Config.

- 1. Browse to the correct folder holding past production data using the *Select* button in the Report Input Data box or by using *File>Open*. Once you browse to the correct folder the first time, that path remains the default path unless somebody changes it.
- 2. Select the dates the report should cover.
- 3. Enter the times and days the report should cover:
 - a) Indicate the start time and end time of expected work. Break times are entered by the saw operator as they occur. This data will be used to determine percentage of time the saw was running compared to how long it COULD have been running.
 - b) Select the days of the week to consider within the date range.
- 4. Select the type of report desired.

The Long analysis provides all of the information on the Short analysis, plus some additional data regarding the quantity of certain types of cuts.

- 5. Click Show Report.
- 6. From the report screen, the file can be printed or exported to several different file formats.



Refer to the screen shot on page 104 during this procedure.



Help		
eneral Company		
Report Input Data		
C:IProgram Files (x86)/MiTek\Blac	de Reports\sample\History.mdb	Select
First Date/Time in history file		
Tuesday October 29, 2013 05:01:39	*	
Last Date/Time in history file		Refresh
Fnday November 08, 2013 07:38:31	<i>v</i>	
From Date - Shift Start		
Tuesday . October 29. 2013	<u>*</u>	Set to First
To Date - Shift End		
Friday . November 08. 2013	~	Set to Last
Shift		
Start 6:00:00 AM	Shift Start Days	
End	Monday Tuesday	
3:30:00 PM	Wednesday	
Shift Time (Hours)	Friday	
9.50	Saturday	
Inalysis - Long Analysis - Short		
umber Usage		
Von-Productive Time		

Figure 3-30: Reporting Software Home Screen





Chapter 4

Purpose of Chapter

Safety Operating Notes

this equipment and the procedure to operate it in most circumstances.

This chapter describes the operating mechanisms on



These instructions were written for use with a *Dell Optiplex* 3240 AIO touch screen computer. Other models may vary slightly.

ELECTROCUTION, HIGH PRESSURE, CRUSH, CUT, AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS!
Read this section AND the safety section in the preliminary pages before operating or maintaining this equipment.
Do not operate this machine until you have a thorough understanding of all controls, safety devices, E-stops, and operating procedures outlined in this manual.
Read and observe all warnings. Failure to do so may result in economic loss, property damage, and/or personal injury.
This manual must always be available to personnel operating and maintaining this equipment.

CRUSH AND CUT HAZARD.
Before turning on the equipment, make sure that all personnel and equipment are out of the restricted zone (see page 17).



Do not operate unless all guards and safety devices are in place.
Only qualified maintenance personnel shall repair, remove, or replace guards and safety devices.

The operation of this equipment requires the use of PPE. Do not operate without wearing required protective clothing.

NOTICE
If your saw has an electrical outlet located on the outside of the main electrical enclosure, do NOT use the electrical outlet for anything other than a computer for troubleshooting purposes. It is not sized to run hand equipment, radios, or other industrial equipment. Doing so will render the circuit inoperable.



E-Stops, Interlocks, and Indicators

Emergency stops (E-stops) immediately cease all movement on the saw system. This includes the Auto Deck, Infeed Rail, saw, and Powered Skewed Conveyor. It does NOT include other material handling systems, even those supplied by MiTek.

Note that power still exists for the following components and features after an E-stop is activated: touch screen computer, PLC (but not its outputs), sensors, indicator lights, and limited use of the beacon.

Do not use an E-stop as a standard stopping method during the operation procedure. Overuse might cause certain components to wear faster.

E-stops and their locations are shown on page OP-108 and page OP-109. Door latches interlocked with the E-stop system are shown on page OP-113. Each is described further in subsequent text.



After releasing an E-stop, the appropriate RESET button must be pressed before the system can resume operation.

To determine which E-stops or interlocks are active using the touch screen, click the *Doors/E-Stops* indicator on the Home Screen or see page OP-95.

\wedge	CRUSH HAZARD.
	When an E-stop is released, the load arms on the Infeed Rail may automatically raise with high force.



Refer to page MT-123 in the Maintenance Manual for training on how the E-stop circuit works.



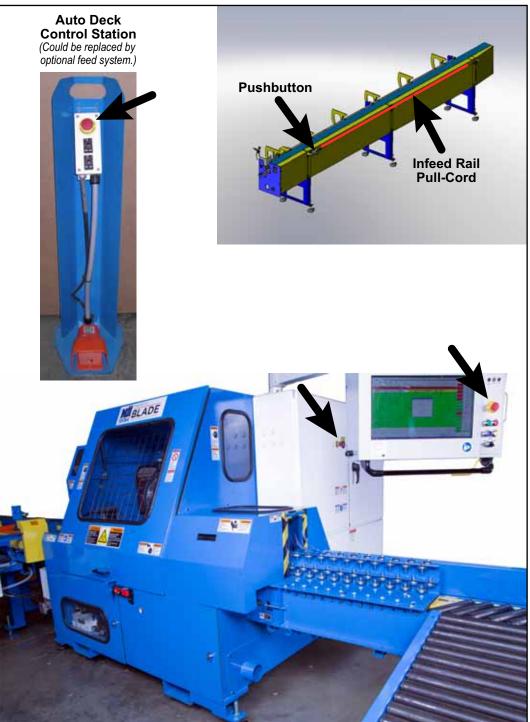
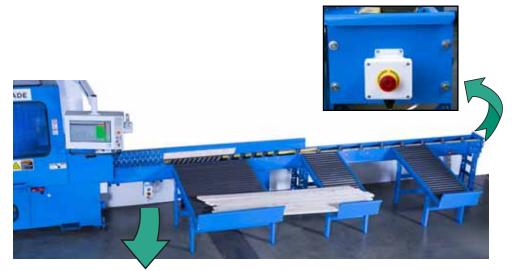


Figure 4-1: E-Stops Standard on Every BLADE Wood Processing System

Optional equipment may have an E-stop that is or is not integrated with the system. Each site must post signage to inform operators if this condition exists.



Figure 4-2: Typical E-Stop Locations on Optional Powered Skewed Conveyor





Location of the E-stops on the Powered Skewed Conveyor may vary depending on system configuration.





Activating an E-Stop

Because there are many components integrated together in the *BLADE* wood processing system, all E-stops cut off power to all standard components. These include the Auto Deck staging conveyor, Infeed Rail, and all moving parts of the saw. After-market options may not be integrated with the rest of the system. Each facility must have signage to identify E-stop systems.

E-Stop Pushbutton

A typical E-stop pushbutton is shown in Figure 4-3. To activate a pushbutton, push the entire red button in. To release a pushbutton E-stop, pull straight up on the pushbutton with a slight twist until it locks in place. Some early models do not require the twist.

Pull-Cord (Perimeter Safety Cable)

A pull-cord is an E-stop that has a cord that can be pulled anywhere along its length. There is a switch box on each end that shuts down the E-stop system when the tension on the cord increases. One (1) of the switch boxes on each pull-cord has a reset button.

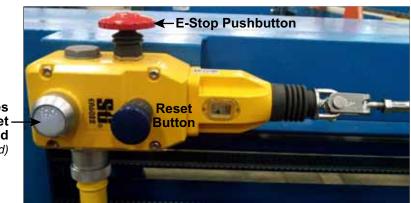
Figure 4-3: Example of an E-Stop Pushbutton



Once a pull-cord is pulled, the red light on the pull-cord switch that was activated illuminates. Reset the E-stop circuit by turning the blue Reset button (located on the pull-cord switch) in the direction of the arrow. A pull-cord Reset button is labeled in Figure 4-4. The reset action must occur at the same switch that was activated.

See page MT-121 for instructions to adjust the tension of the pull-cord cable.

Figure 4-4: Pull-Cord Switch With Reset Button



Illuminates When Reset is Needed (if equipped)



After using an E-stop pushbutton, press the RESET button on the saw's operator interface panel.

After using a pull-cord, press the RESET button on the pullcord switch.





Restarting After an E-Stop is Activated

- 1. Reset all activated E-stops.
 - Refer to the section starting on page 107 to determine how to reset each E-stop and their locations.
 - A list of all E-stops and which ones need to be released or reset is shown by selecting the *Doors/E-Stops* indicator on the Home Screen.
- 2. Press the blue RESET button on the saw's operator interface panel (see Figure 4-5) and/or at the E-stop location if present.
- 3. Continue with operation as normal. The operating procedure begins on page 135.

Figure 4-5: Reset Button on Operator Interface Panel





Interlocked Door Switches



CAUTION **NEVER TOUCH A MOVING SAW BLADE!** The saw blade may still have slight coasting motion when the interlocked doors are allowed to open.

The saw chamber and stroke/elevation chamber both have door switches that are interlocked with the electrical system to stop the appropriate movement before the door is opened. These are NOT tied into the E-stop circuit. Live power is still present to allow the following components to be moved when needed:

• Gripper clamp

Saw Chamber Door Switch

- Side clamp • Top clamp

• LASM clamp · Outfeed clamp

None of the servo

axes can move when either door

is open.

DOOR **OPENING TIP!**

You may need to push the door in to relieve pressure before pulling the door open, all while simultaneously pressing the Request to Unlock button.

The saw chamber door is on the front of the machine and encloses the saw blade. Lights on the saw's operator interface panel indicate if the blade is moving or stopped. When the blade stops, the Blade Stopped light illuminates, and the door can be opened. Refer to Figure 4-6 on page OP-113 and this procedure to open the door.

- Stop the saw blade motion by pressing the STOP button. 1.
- 2. Wait for the Blade Motion Stopped light to illuminate.
- 3. Press the *Request to Unlock* button and hold it in while pulling open the door.

Stroke/Elevation Chamber Door Switch

The stroke/elevation chamber door is located on the left side of the saw. The door can only be opened when all axes are without movement. The release of the stroke/ elevation chamber door switch shuts down the stroke and elevation servo motors. There are no indicator lights. Refer to page OP-113 and the following procedure to open the door.

- 1. Unlatch the mechanical latches.
- 2. Press the *Request to Unlock* button and hold it in while pulling open the door.



The RESET button must be pressed after using an E-stop pushbutton or pull-cord.



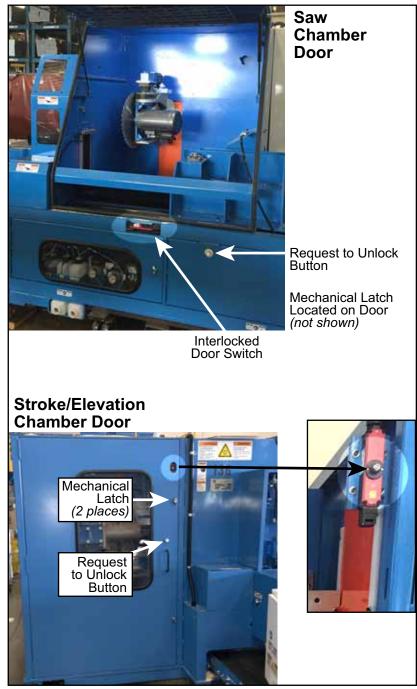


Figure 4-6: Interlocked Door Switch Locations



The keyholes in the stroke/elevation door lock and the saw chamber door lock are intended for maintenance personnel to override the door interlock for emergency or troubleshooting purposes only. Using the key allows the door to open without electrical power. The maintenance office should store the key in a safe and secure location. Two keys for each door (total of 4 keys) were delivered during installation or startup.



Safety Protection When Saw Chamber Door is Open

The *BLADE* saw assembly has Category 4 level protection for exposing the saw blade. The saw chamber door can not be opened until the saw blade is standing still. Two redundant (control and hardwire) systems must both be active before the blade can be exposed and during the time when the blade is exposed.

- 1. The operator must request to open by pressing the Request to Open button.
 - a) The motion sensor tells the PLC and also the Door Safety Switch that the blade motion is safe.
 - b) The PLC checks the safety motion module.
 - c) The PLC controls CR8 which allows the locking solenoid to open.
- 2. With the door open or unlocked, the safety solenoid's safety relay is monitored to control any power to the blade.
 - a) Redundant locking contacts on the safety switch prevent power to the saw blade.
 - b) Safety relays (SR4-A&B) control the VFD ENABLE and the Motor Starter Contactor (2 separate devices).
 - c) The PLC control system also knows that the door is unlocked so the software is another level of monitoring.



Using and Locking Out the Disconnect Switch

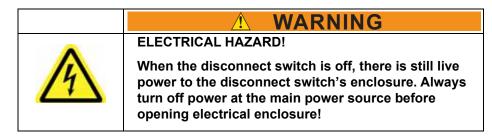
See page OP-116 and page OP-117 for the location of the disconnect switch that controls the power supplied from that switch to the rest of the machine. Turning the disconnect handle to the On position supplies electrical power to the entire machine. To remove power to the machine, turn the disconnect handle to the Off position. The disconnect handle should be turned off when the machine is not in use.



The disconnect handle on the saw affects the power to the saw and Auto Deck, although the Auto Deck also has its own disconnect switch.

The disconnect handle on the saw does NOT affect optional equipment such as the Powered Skewed Conveyor.

See page 5 for more safety information regarding lockout/tagout guidelines.



A 3-phase indicator on the front of the main enclosure is lit up when power is live inside the top half of the main enclosure (past the 3-phase fuses). The 3-phase indicator in Figure 4-7 shows there is not live power present. Because this is only an indicator, an actual voltage absence verification must also be performed in accordance with NFPA70E, article 110.9. Refer to Figure 4-7 for greater detail.

The bottom half of the main enclosure has only 24 VDC power. The door can be opened with live power to it.



Figure 4-7: E-Stop Pushbutton and 3-Phase Indicator Showing No Power

Wait 2 minutes* after lights shut off before opening cabinet to give the servo amplifier time to disperse stored power.

Always perform volt-absence verification.

* NOTE: Wait 10 minutes before touching the VFD drives.



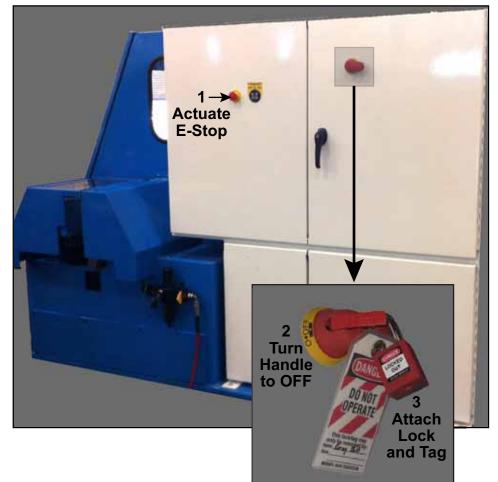


Figure 4-8: Locking Out the Disconnect Switches

₩ARNING
When locking out the saw, always lockout all peripheral components that are not shut down by the saw's disconnect switch, including the pneumatic system. If uncertain, always lockout/tagout.



Figure 4-9: Lockout Mechanisms for Various Peripheral Components



Auto Deck Enclosure May be replaced with optional infeed equipment. Power can also be disconnected using saw's main disconnect switch.



Powered Skewed Conveyor Enclosure (optional equipment)

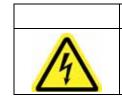


Main Pneumatic Filter/Regulator

· Located on right side of saw.

<u>/</u>]\

- Yellow plate is shown in lockout position. • Place lock and tag through holes in yellow plate.
- · Pneumatic lines will bleed naturally when yellow plate is in lockout position.
- · Ensure gauge reads 0 before performing replacing a supply bottle for the printer or performing any maintenance!



CAUTION When locked out at machine, there is still power in the

transmission lines.



Indicator Lights on Saw's Operator Interface Panel

In addition to the software in use, the indicator lights listed in Table 4-1 provide the operator with information about the status of the machine. The indicators are shown in Figure 4-10.

Indicator	Description
Blade In Motion	When the blade is spinning, this red light is on. Certain doors can not be opened while this light is on.
Blade Stopped	When the blade is not spinning, this green light is on. This light must be on for certain doors to be opened.
VFD Fault	Red light indicates a VFD error exists. See page OP-151.
Overload	Yellow light indicates an overload has tripped. See page MT-142.
E-Stop	Red light indicates an E-stop is activated. This red light must be on for certain doors to be opened, and it must be off before operating the machine. See page OP-107.

Table 4-1: Functions of Indicators Located on the Side of Main Enclosure

Figure 4-10: Indicator Lights on Saw's Operator Interface Panel (Touch Screen Enclosure)





Indication of Movement (Beacon & Horn)

PN The beacon is located on top of the saw's main enclosure. It indicates the following:

- Red—A fault exists. The saw's operator interface will communicate what the fault is and what the next step should be. Some faults allow the system to continue cutting, other shut down all movement.
- Green—System is operable and is in Auto Mode with no active faults.
- Yellow (flashing)—The system is waiting for one of the following actions to occur:
 - The Auto Deck to place a board on the Infeed Rail.
 - The printer trigger to be turned on.
 - The CLS to complete its reading.

Figure 4-11: Varying Colors of the Beacon



- The horn notifies the operator of errors and faults when in Auto Mode. The sound continues until the operator does one of the following:
 - Acknowledge the error/fault on the HMI screen
 - Turns the saw to Manual Mode
 - Activates an E-stop

Figure 4-12: Horn and Beacon on Top of the Saw







Operator Interface Overview

Graphics Showing Saw Operator Interface

Figure 4-13: Saw's Operator Interface (Touch Screen Enclosure)





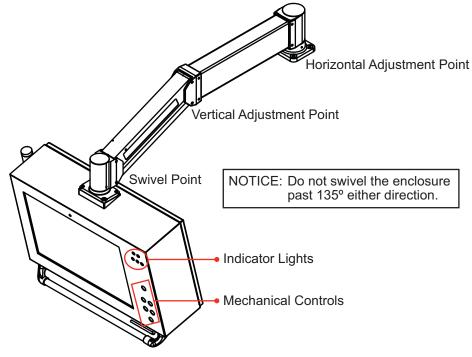






Figure 4-15: Moving the Touch Screen Up and Down



Saw Operator Interface



Refer to the Software chapter to see the Home screen and other *BLADE* software screens.

The saw's operator interface is located on the touch screen enclosure. It consists of a touch screen computer used in conjunction with USB ports on the external surface of the touch screen enclosure and a panel of indicator lights and mechanical controls.

The touch screen enclosure is mounted to the saw with an adjustable arm. It has several points of location adjustment to accommodate any operator. They are shown in page OP-120. Use the black handle and yellow lever under the enclosure to move the enclosure location and angle.

A cooler (shown on page OP-120) is mounted to the touch screen enclosure to keep the computer at an appropriate temperature. More information can be found on the cooler in the Maintenance Manual on page MT-117. Never use the cooler's tubing to move the touch screen enclosure. Figure 4-16: Mechanical Controls on Operator Interface Panel



The mechanical controls shown in Figure 4-16 supplement the *BLADE* software for quick and convenient saw operation.

Control Mechanism	How It Works	Description		
E-Stop	Red, mushroom pushbutton Press and release Must pull up/twist to deactivate	Stops all moving parts		
Start	Green pushbutton Press and release	Starts the blade motor		
Stop	Red pushbutton Press and release	Stops the blade motor when in Manual Mode.		
Reset	Blue pushbutton Press and release	Press after using an E-stop to tell the saw it is safe to proceed		
Pause	Yellow pushbutton Press and release	Stops cutting and infeed progress after completing the current cut		
Mode	2-position selector switch Turn and release	Places system in Manual Mode or Auto Mode		

Table 4-2: Functions of Mechanical Controls on Saw's Operator Interface Panel



Adding a Keyboard or Mouse

A keyboard or mouse can easily be added to the touch screen computer system by connecting it to one of the USB ports shown in Figure 4-17. A customer-supplied table will be needed if using a keyboard or mouse.

Using a USB Memory Stick

The USB ports shown in Figure 4-17 can also be used to upload data using a USB memory stick or flash drive.

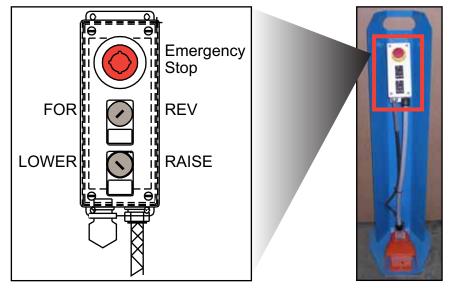
Figure 4-17: USB Ports





Operator Interface for Auto Deck

Figure 4-18: Control Station for Manual Mode on Auto Deck



The Auto Deck operation is integrated within the *BLADE* software in Auto Mode, but manual operation occurs at the control station pedestal shown in Figure 4-18.

Control Mechanism	How It Works	Description	
E-Stop	Mushroom-shaped pushbutton Press and release Must pull up to deactivate	Stops all movement on entire wood processing system.	
Forward/Reverse	Selector switch Turn and release	Controls which direction the Auto Deck staging conveyor chains run.	
		Controls the lumber stops.	
Lower/Raise	Selector switch Turn and release	(To raise or lower the load arms, see page OP-144.)	
Foot Pedal	Foot pedal located under		
(load arms must be	manual buttons	Causes chain to travel.	
UP for forward travel)	Step and hold		





Operator Interface for Powered Skewed Conveyor

See page OP-158 for details on operating the Powered Skewed Conveyor.

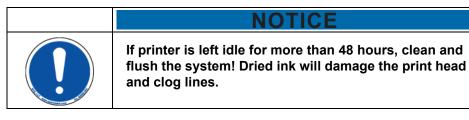
Figure 4-19: Control Station on Powered Skewed Conveyor



Printer Overview

The printer automatically prints the information fed to it from the saw.

- To turn the printer off so it does not print during saw operation, see page OP-145.
- To flush the printer, see page OP-176.
- To clean the printer, see page OP-174.
- To modify what is printed on the boards, refer to the *Board Stretcher* Training Manual.



BLADE[™]Wood Processing System



Using Windows 10[®]

At the time of the writing of this manual, *Windows* $10^{\text{(B)}}$ is the operating system. If unfamiliar with *Windows* 10, here are some tips to help get started.

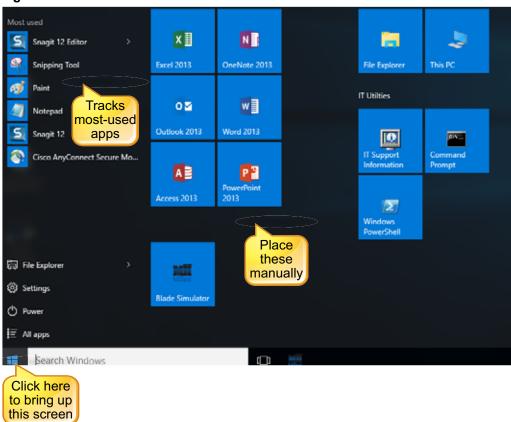


Figure 4-20: Start Menu



Finding the Start Menu

The Start menu, shown in Figure 4-20, is accessed by clicking the *Windows* icon in the bottom-left corner of the screen. To return to the *BLADE* software, press the *Windows* icon again.

If you have a keyboard attached to the operator interface, the *Windows* key also accesses the Start menu.





Shutting Down the Computer

To shut down the computer using the Windows 10 operating system:

- 1. Click on the Windows icon in the bottom-left corner of the touch screen.
- 2. Select Power, as shown in Figure 4-21, and the power-down options appear.
- 3. Select the desired power-down option.



Figure 4-21: Power-Down Screen



Using Windows 8

Windows $8^{\mathbb{R}}$ notes are included here for computers manufactured prior to *Windows 10*.

Finding the Windows 8 Start Menu

The Start menu has been replaced with a Start screen and a Settings screen. The list of icons that include the Start and Settings screens is shown in Figure 4-22. It is hidden on the right side of the monitor screen. To access the list of icons from any *BLADE* screen:

- 1. Place your finger on the right edge of the monitor screen and pull toward your left.
- 2. Once the menu in Figure 4-22 appears, press the *Start* or *Settings* icon and the entire monitor screen will show that screen.
- 3. To return to the *BLADE* software, access Figure 4-22 as described in the previous steps, and press the *Start* or *Settings* icon again.

If you have a keyboard attached to the operator interface, the *Windows* key may also access the Start screen.

Shutting Down a Windows 8 Computer

To shut down the computer using the Windows 8 operating system:

- 1. Access the list of icons in Figure 4-22 as described in the previous section.
- 2. Select the *Settings* icon.
- 3. Select Power.

Figure 4-22: START Icon





Using the BLADE Software: Tips & Terms

Understanding the Length Measurement Format

In all applications used with the *BLADE* wood processing system, the following measuring rules apply.

- Imperial measurements (English) are given using 3 pair of numbers. **12-06-08** means 12 feet, 6 inches, and 8/16 inches (12' 6-1/2")
- Metric measurements are given in whole millimeters (mm).

Terminology

lumber	A group of boards or a non-specific board
board	A specific piece of lumber with specific dimensions required by the saw to cut out specific parts
job	A group of parts requiring specific boards to cut it efficiently
part	A piece of a board, cut to the size and shape required for the job

Shortcuts

The shortcuts listed in Table 4-4 apply when in the Cut List window.

Table 4-4: Shortcuts When Using the Keyboard

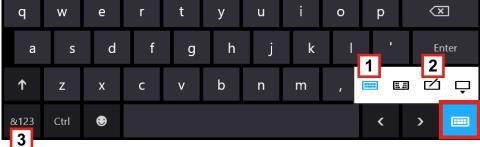
Action	Result
Arrow up/down	Scrolls up or down Cut List one part at a time
CTRL + arrow up/down	Goes to top or bottom of Cut List
Page up/down	Scrolls Cut List one screen at a time



Using the On-Screen Keyboard (OSK)

The on-screen keyboard (OSK) in Figure 4-23 appears when needed, including when importing a job or logging in.

Figure	4-23: '	The O	n-Scree	en Key	board	Show	n in Ke	yboar	d Mod	e



Tips

Tips for using the on-screen keyboard (some features are not available in Input Method Editor mode):

- To enter a period, double-click the spacebar.
- Press and hold a key to see similar keys.
- To activate the Caps Lock feature, double-click the Shift key (up arrow).
- If numbers and symbols are not showing on the OSK, click the key labeled **3** in Figure 4-23.
- To change the keyboard mode, click the button outlined in red in Figure 4-23. Keyboard mode is shown in Figure 4-23 and its icon is labeled with the number 1. The writing pad mode icon is labeled 2.
- Use keyboard shortcuts by click the CTRL key, then click the next key comprising the shortcut.
- The Emoticon key (smiley face) provides entertaining symbols.

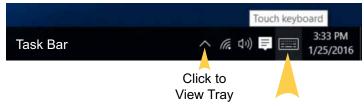


The OSK is designed and updated by the *Windows* software. Changes in the look and use of the OSK may occur over time.



Bringing Up the OSK

Figure 4-24: OSK Icon in Task Bar



If you want to use the OSK at a time when it doesn't automatically appear, just click the icon labeled *Touch Keyboard* in Figure 4-24.

If that icon is not visible on your task bar or in your tray, right click the task bar and the menu in Figure 4-25 appears. Select *Show touch keyboard button* and the icon should appear on your task bar or in your tray.

Up	Up the OSK Icon			
:	Toolbars			
	Cortana			
4	Show Task View button			
4	Show touch keyboard button			

Figure 4-25: Bringing

Shew Webbare side by sale

Show the desktop

Task Manager

/ Lock the taskbar

Properties

Refer to...

See page OP-132 for right-click instructions.



User Interface Tips

1. Software instructions throughout this manual use terminology consistent with mouse and keyboard use. When operating the saw without a mouse and/or keyboard, those same tasks are accomplished using only the touch screen by following the instructions in Table 4-5:

Using a Mouse	Using a Touch Screen
	The term "right-click" describes the action when using a mouse, but a mouse is not required to operate the <i>BLADE</i> saw. You may also accomplish a "right-click" result by:
Right-click	1. Select the board, part, etc. and release.
C C	Place finger on selection again and hold it on the selection until a square outline appears.
	3. Remove finger and the right-click menu appears.
Double-click	Gently tap the selection 2 times, in quick succession.

Table 4-5: How to Operate the Software Without a Mouse or Keyboard

- 2. The blue RESET button on the saw's operator interface panel must be pressed after any E-stop is used. If the saw will not operate, press the RESET button before looking for other solutions. The saw also provides these reminders:
 - The blue light is lit inside either RESET button.
 - The status banner on the Home Screen reads *Press E-Stop Reset*.
- 3. If software is not responding, a dialogue box may be open and/or minimized. The Home Screen can not be sized, so find open dialogue boxes by hovering over the active *BLADE* software icon or dragging the Home Screen window around to see the desktop behind it.
- 4. All status indicators on the Home Screen must be green before the saw will cut boards. If one or more status indicators are red, select the CLEAR ERRORS button, then select HOME SYSTEM. Both are on the Toolbar.
- 5. A series can be chosen in the Cut List by referring to page OP-147.
- 6. Every time the START CUTTING button is pressed, the gripper, LASM, and lumber exit chain clear out any wood left in the system from its previous use. The banner on the Home Screen displays *Clearing Saw*.
- 7. Auto Mode vs. Manual Mode

Some features are only available in a specific mode. These icons indicate when Manual or Auto Mode are required. See page OP-143 for how to set the mode.





The User Interface on page OP-120 shows control locations.



Quick Troubleshooting for Operator Interface

Additional information can be found in the *Troubleshooting* appendix and online, but the most common operator interface problems can be solved by following the instructions here. Specifically, if a button or field is grayed out or not available, try these steps first.

- 1. Read the status banner on the touch screen for clues to the saw's status. If the solution is not clear from the status banner text, continue this procedure. The most common status clues that will quickly solve the problem are:
 - Emergency Stop: Locate and disengage the active E-stop.
 - Press E-Stop Reset: Press the blue RESET button on the operator interface.
- 2. Check that saw is in the correct Mode using the selector switch on the operator interface.
- 3. Press CLEAR ERRORS on the Toolbar.
- 4. Press HOME SYSTEM on the Toolbar.
- 5. Determine if Admin or Tech permissions are required and log in as such.
- 6. Check for active E-stops and release them, then press RESET.
- 7. Check that AIR CUT is not active (yellow banner across START CUTTING button).



Logging In or Out

A login is not required to operate the saw, unless site management has chosen to change the default setting. If *Require Login* has been chosen in Tools>Options>Security, a user name must be entered to operate the saw, but not a password. This feature may be useful for analyzing reports and data. Administrative or Technician permissions are needed to change a password or when the password is required.

Regardless of the *Require Login* setting, a user name and password must be entered to make certain administrative or technical changes. The login screen can always be accessed from the *File* ribbon. The areas most affected by the level of security on the password are *Tools>Options* and *Diagnostics>Detailed Diagnostics*.

When the Log Out icon is clicked, it immediately logs out the current operator, if one was logged in. It also displays the login/logout screen to allow someone else to login. Simply close this screen if it is not needed at this time.

The current login level can always be viewed at the bottom of the Home Screen as shown in Figure 3-1 on page OP-73.

Retrieving a Saw Password

If site management has chosen this option, a login screen may appear upon powering up the *BLADE* computer, If this password is ever lost and needs to be retrieved, MiTek can retrieve it during normal business hours by analyzing the configuration database located in this directory path: c:\program files (x86)\mitek\blade\config\config.mdb file.



Operating Procedure: Overview

CRUSH AND CUT HAZARD. Before turning on the equipment, make sure that all personnel and equipment are clear.

Summary of Normal Operating Procedure

At the start of a shift, the operating procedure listed in Table 4-6 should be followed. Each step is explained in detail, starting on the page listed next to each step.

Step #	Summary Steps	See Page
1	Perform safety tests	SAFETY-11
2	Power up the system	OP-136
3	Press the E-stop RESET button	OP-111
4	Setup the lumber feed system with the correct lumber	OP-138
5	Home the system	OP-159
6	Import the correct job files	OP-140
7	Begin cutting the parts	OP-141
8	To stop the saw:	
	Click STOP CUTTING on the screen to stop after the current board is finished, (same button used to start cutting).	OP-76
	Press the PAUSE button on the saw's operator interface panel to pause the saw after the current cut is complete.	OP-122
	Press the STOP button on the saw's operator interface panel.	OP-122
	For emergency situations, activate any E-stop that is integrated with the system.	OP-107

Restart Procedure

See page OP-111.





This section details the summary steps shown on page OP-135.

Operating Procedure: Detailed

Powering Up or Down

Powering Up the System

- 1. Rotate the saw's disconnect switch to the ON position.
- 2. Rotate the disconnect switch for the Auto Deck or other lumber feed and/or outfeed system (if equipped) to the ON position.
- 3. Press the touch screen's power button accessed from inside the saw's operator interface (touch screen enclosure). See Figure 4-26 on page OP-137.
- 4. Double-click the *BLADE* software icon and wait for it to launch.



When the computer powers up, a login screen may pop up, depending on the settings site management has chosen. See page OP-134.

5. Press the blue RESET button on the saw's operator interface panel.

The blue light goes out if all E-stops are cleared. If the RESET button light stays lit, determine which E-stop is activated and reset it (see page OP-107).

Powering Down the System

1. Click the BLADE program's Exit icon on the File ribbon and Yes to verify.

It may take a moment to close. Clicking the Exit icon again will slow the process.

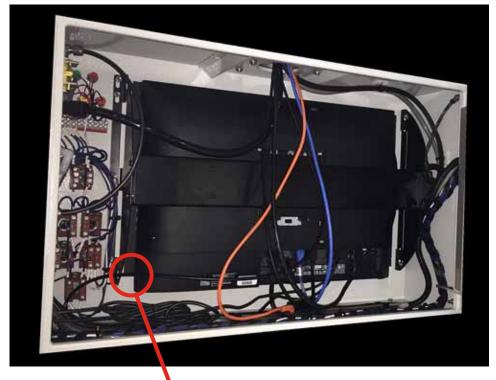
- 2. Shut down Windows and the computer.
 - For Windows 10, instructions are on page OP-126.
- 3. After the computer powers down, rotate the saw's disconnect switch to the OFF position.
- 4. Rotate the disconnect switch for the Auto Deck or other lumber feed or outfeed system (if equipped) to the OFF position.

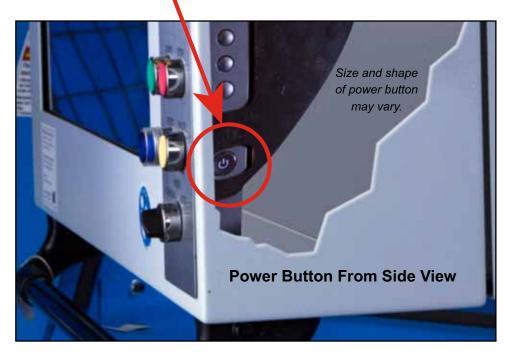


NOTICE Do not leave the saw computer off or disconnected from the network for more than 21 days. If the computer can not verify the license within 21 days, MiTek will need to re-activate it.



Figure 4-26: Power Button on the Saw Operator Interface: Access From Inside the Back of the Touch Screen Enclosure







Setting Up the Auto Deck Staging Conveyor



This procedure assumes an Auto Deck staging conveyor is being used to feed lumber to the Infeed Rail. If an automated feed system is being used, refer to that system's equipment manual instead.

For details on operating the Auto Deck conveyor, refer to page OP-155.

1. Ensure all E-stops have been released and the RESET button on the saw's operator interface panel was pressed.

/!\



CRUSH HAZARD.

When an E-stop is released, the load arms on the Infeed Rail may automatically raise with high force.

CAUTION

- 2. Raise either the load arms or the lumber stops:
 - If the Auto Deck conveyor is empty of lumber and no job is currently running, place the **load arms** in the Up position. See page OP-144.
 - If there is still lumber on the Auto Deck conveyor to be used in the previous job, raise the pneumatic **lumber stops** to keep the two jobs separate from each other. Do so by turning the selector switch on the Auto Deck operator interface to RAISE.
- 3. Place the lumber on the Auto Deck, in a single layer. Boards must be placed on their face (4x dimension of a 2x4) in the order they will be cut. See Figure 4-27 on page OP-139 for a diagram of board configuration and proper alignment.
- 4. The lumber will automatically be forwarded and loaded onto the saw's Infeed Rail after pressing START CUTTING on the touch screen.



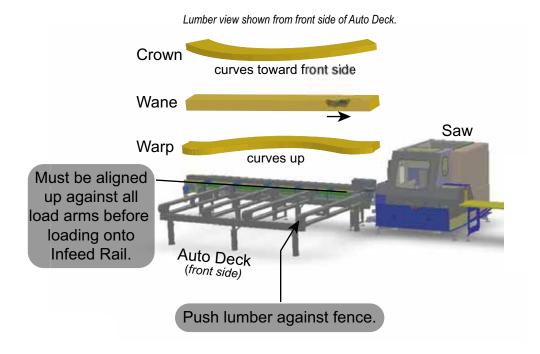
As of PLC program v. 4.0.8, the Auto Deck chains slightly back up prior to the load arms lowering to alleviate pressure on the boards when entering the Infeed Rail. This feature can be turned on or off on the Options>Material Handling screen.



Board Stretcher optimization software is used to manage the order of the cuts.



Figure 4-27: How to Place Boards on the Auto Deck





Dealing With Imperfections

Crown: a curve of the edge of a board (1-1/2" edge on a 2x4); the crown points up on floor studs or out for wall studs in constructed homes; place board so crown points up as it enters saw

Wane: a defect in a board where a portion of the wood is missing from the board edge or face; place toward saw-end of conveyor

Warp/Twist: a curve where the face of a board (3-1/2" side on a 2x4) is higher or lower in one spot than on the rest of the board; place board so warp points up when sitting on Auto Deck





More information can be found in the *Training* appendix.



Guidance for using the on-screen keyboard is on page OP-130 **Importing Job Files**

After jobs are processed through *Board Stretcher*, the optimization software, they are stored in the input location (see page OP-85) until the saw operator is ready for them.

- 1. Import the job using one of these methods:
 - a) To import a job **and** clear the previous Cut Lists, click the *Clear Cutlist & Import* icon shown on page OP-159.
 - b) To import a job **without** clearing the Cut List, click *File* (in tabbed menus at top of Home Screen) and select the *Import* Jobs icon.
- 2. Review the lumber assignments and make sure boards are assigned to the correct locations:
 - a) Click the Lumber Yard icon shown in Figure 4-42. (You may also have the opportunity to go to the Lumber Yard directly from the *Import Jobs* screen.)

The lumber the saw needs is listed in the top section. The lumber existing in inventory (in the *BLADE* software) is listed in the bottom section.

- b) Click on the lumber in the top section and drag it to the appropriate inventory in the bottom section.
- c) Click OK.





Cutting the Parts

Cutting Procedure

- 1. Before cutting, ensure that the correct lumber is loaded onto the lumber feed system in the correct order.
- 2. Press the START button on the saw's operator interface panel to start the motor.
- 3. Cut the job or a single board:
 - a) Click START CUTTING on the screen to cut the whole job and lumber will begin to feed onto the Infeed Rail and into the saw chamber.

OR

b) Right-click a board and select CUT to cut only 1 board. The software will prompt you to place a board on the Infeed Rail.

Figure 4-28: Start Button



Figure 4-29: Start Cutting



Common Error

The saw motor must be started before the system will cut or feed lumber. A common error occurs when the operator presses START CUTTING before starting the saw blade motor. This error states, "The saw blade is not running at full velocity." To start the saw blade motor, press the green START button on the operator interface panel, shown in Figure 4-16 on page OP-122.

After the motor has ramped up to full speed, press the START CUTTING button on the touch screen.







Refer to page OP-73 for software guidance.



More information can be found in the *Board Stretcher* Training Manual obtained when the operator took the online *Board Stretcher* class on *MiTek University*.

Specialized Operating Procedures



Refer to the Table of Contents for a quick view of all the topics in this section.

Optimizing (Operating Board Stretcher Software)

The optimizing program (usually loaded on a computer in the production control or design area) attempts to arrange multiple components on each piece of lumber stock of the required design, grade, and species while utilizing the inventory the user has specified. While doing so, it lets the user compare the waste generated by varying the lengths of lumber and size of the job file. The optimizing program can be run multiple times for any job in an effort to get the best result.

Operating the CLS (Crooked Lumber Sensor)

The CLS is a feature that automatically senses the actual bottom surface of a board inside the cutting chamber and compares it to where the bottom surface of a perfectly straight board would be. The software then adjusts the height of the cutting head to compensate for any crookedness. This elevation adjustment of the saw blade happens quickly, so very little time is lost in the production process.

There is no operation procedure associated with the CLS. The *BLADE* software and CLS communicate automatically.

The CLS has an air feature that periodically blows sawdust off the sensor anytime the saw is in operation.



The CLS is intended to compensate for minor faults in lumber, not to allow for consistently low-quality lumber. The higher the quality of lumber, the faster and more accurate the cuts will be.

Shown in Manual Mode



Choosing Manual Mode or Auto Mode

Some software choices will be "grayed out" or unavailable if the saw is not in a certain mode. Auto Mode is typically required during normal cutting operation and integrates most infeed and outfeed devices to make this system a true wood processing system. Manual Mode may be required when troubleshooting, performing maintenance, or changing software settings. To change the mode, turn the selector switch shown in Figure 4-30 so it points to the desired mode.

Cutting 1 Board

- 1. Place the Mode selector switch in Auto Mode.
- 2. Start the blade motor.
- 3. Select the board in the Cut List.
- 4. Right-click and select *Cut*.

A message appears asking the user to drop the selected board into the gripper rail slot or place it on the load arms. and the state of the

Figure 4-30: Mode Selector Switch



5. Press the CONTINUE button and the board feeds into the saw chamber for cutting.





Raising or Lowering the Load Arms

The load arms are the components on the Infeed Rail that raise the lumber up from the Auto Deck (or similar staging area) and set it in the Infeed Rail. They must be in the up position for the Auto Deck to manually operate.

To raise or lower the load arms, select the *Load Arms* indicator on the Home Screen and select *Up*. The status indicators are shown in Figure 4-31.

It can also be done from the *Diagnostics>Detailed Diagnostics>Clamps* tab.

Using the Visualize Feature

The *BLADE* software has the ability to show onscreen exactly what the various saw components and current board are doing. Refer to page OP-87 for details.

Finding an Active E-Stop

Locate active E-stops by selecting the *Doors/E-Stops* indicator. The status indicators are shown in Figure 4-31.

Active E-stops and open doors can also by viewed by going to *Diagnostics>Detailed Diagnostics> Machine* tab. See page OP-95.

Figure 4-31: Status Indicators on Home Screen









See page OP-168 for printer supplies.

See page OP-174 for required maintenance.

Operating the Printer

The Printer(s) print identification on each board as it enters the saw chamber. Each saw has at least 1 printer.

- To turn the Printer off, or back on, go to *Tools>Options>Printer* and check or uncheck *Available for use* in the *BLADE* software.
- To choose or change the fields to print, use the *Board Stretcher* software.
- To adjust the dot size, go to *Tools>Options>Printer* in the *BLADE* software.
- To adjust the location of the image on the board, among other settings, calibrate the printer using *Tools>Calibrate* from the *BLADE* software.
- To flush the system (required weekly), see page OP-176.

Figure 4-32: Tools>Options>Printers

Options									×
General	Material H	andling	File Imp	ort	Cut L	.ist	Display	Backup)
Security	Printers S	aw P	roduction						
	Printer #1 ☑ Available		e/Window S	ide		Valv			
	Distance To	Blade	23.199)	⑧ 16 ○ 32				
	Printer #2 - Non-Fence Side				Valves				
	Distance To	0	0						
	Printer #3								
	Distance To	Blade	0						
	Duplicate	e Face Pr	int for Non-	Dov	vnload	ed P	arts		
	Values Encoder Fa	actor	16235	;					
	Dat Clas	1	Prt #1	Prt #	#2	Prt	#3		
	Dot Size		27		0		0		
	Time of Fl	ight	10		0		0		
					Accept	t	c	ancel	



Other Printing Options (Board Stretcher)

The printing features controlled by the *BLADE* software are minimal. Most printing control is located in the *Board Stretcher* software. The following topics are discussed further in the *Board Stretcher* software training manual. Refer to the General chapter to learn how to access the *Board Stretcher* manual.

- Print the PartHighSide arrow to show which end points toward the top of the truss.
- Where printing occurs
- What fields print
- How to use the Multi-saw feature
- Much, much more!

Managing Remainders

The saw program can maintain a list of default components or remainders, selected by the user, which may be processed from any waste remaining after the cutting list has been run through the normal optimizing routine. The remainder components are entered and assigned a priority by the saw operator, based on the required demand and existing supply of such items.

Adding Remainders

Pre-programmed remainders can be added to the remainders list or to the Cut List using the KEY-IN PART button on the Toolbar. Learn more on page OP-78.

Parts from the Cut List can be added to the remainders list by right-clicking the part in the Cut List and selecting *Add To Remainders*. See page OP-132 for right-click help.

Viewing Remainders

After a part is added to the remainders list, it can be viewed and managed using the following tasks on the *View Remainders* screen on the *Material Handling* menu:

- Make each part active or inactive.
- Change the priority of each part in relationship to each other.
- Delete parts from the list (this does not affect the job they came from).
- Indicate if remainders should be cut from leading or trailing end of board.



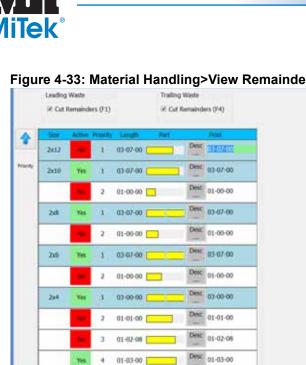


Figure 4-33: Material Handling>View Remainders Screen

Deleting Completed Jobs

Oelete

8

Change Activation

Delete completed jobs and view statistics on previous jobs using the Job Stats/Delete icon on the File ribbon.

Cancil

Rejecting or Resetting Jobs and Boards

Individual parts can not be rejected.

- To reject/reset one board, right-click on the board in the Cut List and select *Reject* or Reset.
- To reject/reset a series of boards in the Cut List, select one row, then immediately select a lower row. Right-click on the lower row and select Reject Series or Reset Series. Everything between and including the two rows selected is now either:
 - Highlighted and moved to the top of the list if *Reject Series* was chosen.
 - Unhighlighted and moved back to their numerical place in the list if Reset Series was chosen.
- To reject/reset all the boards in a job, use the icons in the Material Handling ribbon.

Recording Non-Productive Time

The Non-Productive Time section allows the operator to indicate what the saw is doing when it's not running.



This is often used to reject all boards, then choose a select few to reset using the right-click menu.

BLADE[™]Wood Processing System



- Break: Indicates operator break
- *Error*: If an error is received on-screen that requires attention, activate this button while finding the solution. The error automatically populates the window.
- *Maintenance*: Indicate time spent on any maintenance using this button. Select the most accurate category from the drop-down menu.
- *Other Delays*: For any non-productive time that doesn't fit one of the categories above, select this button and type a description of the delay.

Figure 4-34: Non-Productive Time Section on Home Screen





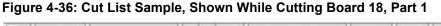


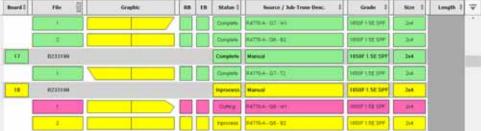
Determining Board Recovery Solutions

Understanding Board Recovery

The screen shown in Figure 4-35 will appear when a board has a status of In Process and the START CUTTING button is selected. It is the result of the saw having been stopped in the middle of a job. The partially cut board will be cleared out of the saw chamber automatically when the START button is pressed. This screen gives the operator a chance to tell the saw the status of that board. Select one of the options shown in Figure 4-35 and select OK. Each option is defined later in this section.







In Figure 4-36, note the following things while reading the description of each board recovery option discussed on subsequent pages.

- Board 2 is in process (already in the saw cutting chamber). When the cutting was stopped, Board 2 was not complete, and therefore, will have to be cleared out of the saw chamber before the saw can continue cutting.
- Board 3 is Queue #1 (already processed by software and sitting on load arms to be placed onto the Infeed Rail).



Infeed

Place the new board on the Auto Deck, just behind the load arms, so it is the next board to be placed on the Infeed Rail after Queue #1 board (Board 3 in Figure 4-36).

Queue 1

Place the new board on the Auto Deck, above the load arms, so it is the next board to be placed on the Infeed Rail.

Complete

No more parts are needed from the interrupted board (in the software), so don't manually load anything. The software marks it as complete and moves on.

Reject

The board does not need to be cut further, so don't manually load anything. The software marks it as rejected.

Reject and Add as Redo

The board is being marked as rejected, but also added back into the job. With this option, all parts on the board are recut. Where the board falls in the job depends on the default chosen in *Tools>Options>Cut List>Redo Parts*.

If *Cut First* is selected, a new board must be placed on the Auto Deck just behind the load arms, so it is the next board to be placed on the Infeed Rail after Queue #1 (Board 3 in Figure 4-36). If *Cut Last* is selected, it will be the last board cut in this job.

Reject and Redo Selected Parts

The board is being marked as rejected, but certain parts can be added back into the job. With this option, only the parts selected in the lower portion of the screen shown in Figure 4-35 are recut. Where the parts fall in the job depends on the default chosen in *Tools>Options>Cut List>Redo Parts*.

If *Cut First* is selected, a new board must be placed on the Auto Deck just behind the load arms, so it is the next board to be placed on the Infeed Rail after Queue #1 (Board 3 in Figure 4-36). If *Cut Last* is selected, it will be the last board cut in this job.



Resetting a VFD Fault

If the *VFD Fault* indicator light is on (located on the operator interface panel; see page OP-118), start investigating the cause using this procedure:

- 1. See if any E-stops are active (Doors/E-Stops indicator on the Home Screen).
- 2. Press the blue RESET button on the operator interface panel.
- 3. Click the CLEAR ERRORS button on the Toolbar on the Home Screen.
- 4. If the problem is not resolved or continues to arise, use the error code noted on the touch screen to guide in troubleshooting.

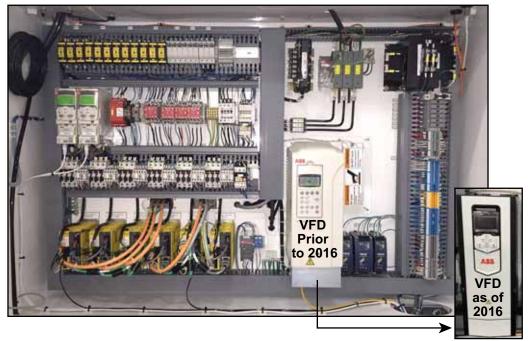


ΜARNING

ELECTROCUTION HAZARD!

If it is necessary to view the VFD screen to gather additional data about the error, do so with caution. Follow NFPA 70E when troubleshooting near energized components.

Figure 4-37: VFD in Top Half of Main Electrical Enclosure





Resetting a Stalled Saw

See Abort Cutting Sequence on page OP-86.

Managing the Configuration

Backup, restore, or view the configuration using the icons in the Tools ribbon.

Changing Default Computer Settings (Tools>Options)

Language, Units, and Straight Cut Definition

Change the following specifications by using *Tools>Options*, and clicking the *Display* tab:

- Switch between Spanish and English languages (if available). No password is required for this change.
- Choose Imperial (inches and feet) or Metric (millimeters) units. Administrative or Technician permissions are needed for this change.



When changing units of measurement, the same unit must be chosen in *Board Stretcher* before optimizing the job.

In all applications used with the *BLADE* wood processing system, the following measuring rules apply.

- Imperial measurements (English) are shown using 3 pair of numbers.
 12-06-08 means 12 feet, 6 inches, and 8/16 inches (12' 6-1/2")
- Metric measurements are given in whole millimeters (mm)
- Change what your saw calls a straight cut (0 or 90 degrees) Administrative or Technician permissions are needed for this change.



All instructions in this manual assumes the saw uses the default setting of 90 degrees for a straight cut.

• Change the password and if password is required.



Tech

Admin

Tech

Admin





Saw Settings

Figure 4-38: Tools>Options>Saw Tab

				Options:			
General	Material	Handling	g Fil	e Import	Cut List	Display	Backup
Security	Printers	Saw	Main	tenance			
Edge De	tector Bean	n Sensor		30.0	00		
Blade Ke	rf			0.2	10		
Blade Hu	ıb To Bevel	х		3.2	92		
Stock Le	ngth Tolera	ance		0.0	63		
Clearance To Accept Stock				42.5	00		
LASM W	idth			7.000			
LASM He	eight Top			1.0	60		
Blade Eff	fective Cut	Length		11.0	22		
Blade Di	ameter			17.0	00		
Maximun	n Board Lei	ngth	20	0-01-0	0		
					Accept	Q	ancel

The settings shown in Figure 4-38 can be adjusted using *Tools>Options* and clicking the *Saw* tab. NEVER make adjustments to these settings without guidance from MiTek. For an explanation of settings controlled on other tabs shown in Figure 4-38, refer to page OP-100.



Administrative or Technician permissions are needed for these changes.



Manual Operations

Manually Operating the Saw

The MANUAL-AUTO selector switch must be in MANUAL to operate in Manual Mode. It is the black switch shown in Figure 4-30 on page OP-122. The other manual buttons are also described there.

To manually move an axis after placing the saw in Manual Mode, select its status indicator on the Home Screen, shown on page OP-144, and choose the desired action from the menu that appears.

The axes can also be manually moved using the Diagnostics screen. Refer to page OP-89.



Manually Operating the Auto Deck

The Auto Deck chains can be manually advanced by using the Auto Deck operator pedestal or by using the saw software. Certain variables, as described in the next overview given here, should be understood before doing either. For step by step instructions on using the Auto Deck operator pedestal, refer to page OP-156.

Overview of Scenarios Available to Operate the Auto Deck

To Operate for Automatically Processing a Job						
Mode:	Auto Mode					
Switch on pedestal: doesn't matter						
Direction:	forward					
Load Arms:	doesn't matter, system will cycle them automatically					
Activated by: job's cycle						

To Manually Operate From the Auto Deck Operator Pedestal						
Mode: Auto or Manual Mode, doesn't matter						
Switch on pedestal: turn to fwd or rev						
Direction: controlled by switch on pedestal						
Load Arms:	up for fwd, doesn't matter for rev*					
Activated by: foot pedal (faster than other methods in fwd and rev)						

* If load arms are down and SS is Fwd, nothing will happen.

To Manually Operate From the Touch Screen Operator Interface: (<i>Diagnostics>Detailed Diagnostics>Auto Deck</i> tab).						
Mode:	manual					
Switch on pedestal: doesn't matter						
Direction:	can press forward or rev button on-screen					
Load Arms: doesn't matter						
Activated by:	Activated by: button on-screen					



Do not attempt to manually reverse the Auto Deck conveyor when the saw is running a job in Auto Mode. If attempted, the saw goes to a non-initialized state and loses track of where the boards are.



Manually Traveling the Conveyor Chains

- 1. Place the saw in Manual Mode using the selector switch on the saw's operator interface.
- 2. If moving the chains forward, ensure the load arms on the Infeed Rail are in the Up position. See page OP-144.



CRUSH HAZARD.

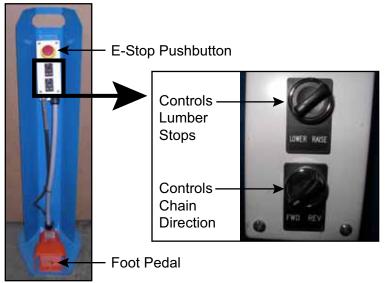
When an E-stop is released, the load arms on the Infeed Rail may automatically raise with high force.



The Auto Deck staging conveyor chain will not travel forward manually unless the Infeed Rail's load arms are up. To raise the load arms, select the *Load Arms* indicator on the Home Screen and select *Up*. The status indicators are shown on page OP-144.

- 3. Set the direction the Auto Deck staging conveyor should travel:
 - Turn the selector switch on the Auto Deck operator interface to FWD (forward) to move the lumber forward.
 - Turn the selector switch on the Auto Deck operator interface to REV (reverse) to move the lumber backward.
- 4. Press the foot pedal to start the Auto Deck staging conveyor traveling in the direction selected.

Figure 4-39: Auto Deck Operator Interface for Manual Control



The lath (strips separating layers in a bunk) should be trashed prior to placing boards

on the Auto Deck.



Raising the Lumber Stops

The lumber stops serve two purposes:

- To separate two different jobs that may be on the Auto Deck staging conveyor at the same time.
- To create space within a job to reduce the amount of pressure or clutter near the load arms, especially when using a mixture of lumber lengths.

They are pneumatically activated up or down by turning the selector switch on the Auto Deck operator interface shown in Figure 4-39.

Figure 4-40: Lumber Stop on Auto Deck Conveyor



Operating the Powered Skewed Conveyor

(optional equipment)

The Powered Skewed Conveyor is an option that replaces the outfeed table when installed. It is a powered conveyor that drives the lumber away from the saw's outfeed chamber to be offloaded or directed onto other conveyors. It operates by using a selector switch on the control station mounted to the front of the conveyor.

The Powered Skewed Conveyor operation is controlled at the control station shown in Figure 4-41. The operation is accomplished only at this control station and is not tied into the *BLADE* software, but the E-stops are tied into the *BLADE* safety system.

To turn the Powered Skewed Conveyor on or off, turn the selector switch to either the START or STOP position and release the switch. It is a spring-return center switch, so when it is released, it will always return to the center.

There are 2 E-stop pushbuttons. They both shut down the entire wood processing system. One is shown in Figure 4-19. They are intended for emergency situations only. If an E-stop pushbutton is used, the RESET button on the saw's operator interface must be pressed before the conveyor will operate again.

Turn the disconnect switch off during long periods when it will not be in use.



Figure 4-41: Control Station for Powered Skewed Conveyor



Calibration



Homing the System

The *BLADE* software automatically homes all axes when the operator clicks the HOME SYSTEM button on the software toolbar.

For the Gripper, LASM, and Stroke:

As of *BLADE* software v 4.0, the location of each axis is monitored anytime the saw is operating in Auto Mode. It will automatically "home" itself in order to recalibrate the axis when needed. Since the saw never lets its home position become compromised, manual recalibration is rarely required.

Figure 4-42: First 4 Buttons on Toolbar



The primary reason the home position may become compromised and needs to home itself is that a jam in any given axis may cause the motor collar to slip. The motors are designed to let this happen to avoid costly damage. By automatically homing itself, occasional slips are planned for and dealt with automatically. But, if the saw is experiencing a high number of out-of-calibration instances on a certain axis, the root cause must be determined and fixed. If the saw reads 4 or more slippages on the same axes within an hour, it gives the following error: The xx servo has mechanically slipped many times in a short duration. The Online Support button will display a web page with information on how to eliminate this issue. Online Support is accessible from this error, from the saw's Home Screen, and from our web site.



Depending on where the Stroke z-pulse is located when the HOME SYSTEM button is pressed, in rare cases, the stroke axis may retract all the way to the hard stop and display an error. To remedy this:

Go to Diagnostics>Detailed Diagnostics in the BLADE software at the HMI.

Click the Stroke tab.

Click the RESET button under Home Offset.



Additional axes may be added to the Homing program in future versions of the *BLADE* software.





This section applies only to the angle, bevel, elevation, and CLS axes. The other axes are kept in calibration with the automatic homing feature discussed on page OP-159. Additional axes may be added to the automatic homing feature in future versions of the *BLADE* software.

Determining if Calibration is Necessary

Certain axes, or possibly the entire system, may occasionally need to be recalibrated. This is usually only required if maintenance has occurred or if cuts are no longer accurate. Over-calibrating may cause complications within the system, so only calibrate after all mechanical issues have been ruled out, starting with:

- Check for barriers, scrap lumber creating jams, etc.
- Blow off and lubricate the equipment; keep preventive maintenance up to date

If calibration is necessary, pay careful attention to the notes on-screen regarding the order to calibrate certain axes. Because of the relationships between certain axes, the calibration may need to be performed 2-3 times for all axes to be accurately calibrated.

Calibration Screen

	Calibration Initialization	
Select Calibration		
 Angle 	Crooked Lumber Sensor	 LASM
Bevel	 Elevation 	Printer
 Saw Stroke 	© Gripper	All Home Positions
	he saw chamber door dosed.	
 The Crooked Lumber 5 The top of each calibra measurement orientation 		
 The Crooked Lumber 5 The top of each calibra measurement orientation 	Sensor must be calibrated before the 'Elevation' ation board should be rolled towards the operate ion. acted calibration.	or as it exits the saw for proper
 The Crooked Lumber 5 The top of each calibra measurement orientati Click 'Start' to begin the sele 	Sensor must be calibrated before the 'Elevation' ation board should be rolled towards the operate ion.	or as it exits the saw for proper out wanting e needed.



The saw constants can be restored to a previous date or time. Select *Tools>Restore*. Select which configuration you want, and select *Open*.



Safety During Calibration

The *BLADE* saw has been given Category 4 protection against exposure to the saw blade. The saw chamber door cannot be opened until the saw blade is standing still. Two redundant (control and hardwire) systems must both be active before the blade can be exposed and during the time when the blade is exposed. Further details are given on page OP-114.

Create Straight Board Feature

It is still vitally important to use a straight board when calibrating any axis. A new feature has been added that trims one edge of a board to ensure a straight, flat edge for calibrating certain axes. The CREATE STRAIGHT BOARD button has been added to the Calibration screen, and is available at any login level. It is grayed out until the saw is in Auto Mode and the saw blade is started. Once the CREATE STRAIGHT BOARD button is pressed, the saw rips across the top of a board to create a straight edge that can be trusted for certain tests. Always use this method to create a straight edge for CLS and Elevation Home calibration.





Calibration Procedure

- 1. Ensure the status banner on the HMI shows READY. You may need to press the HOME SYSTEM button on the Toolbar if the system is not in the Ready state.
- 2. Place the saw in Manual Mode.
- 3. Go to *Tools>Calibrate*.
- 4. Select which axis to calibrate and choose START. Only calibrate the axis that requires it. Overcalibrating can cause other system complications.
- 5. Follow the instructions on the screen. What happens next is listed in Table 5.

Table 5: What Happens During Calibration

Axis	What Happens	Select	Indicate			
Angle	With a flat saw blade, cuts 7 plunges at top of board, at different angles. The height of the raised areas on each side of a cut are to be focused on.	Pick the cut that has the raised areas on both sides of it at approximately the same height.	On the Calibration screen showing on the HMI, press the ID letter that is printed next to your selec- tion.			
Bevel	Cuts 14 plunges (7 pair). 1 pair = 1 partial cut, then flips blade 180° and makes cut in same place, with stroke slightly retracted.	Pick the pair with the cuts in exact same place (or closest to).	On the Calibration screen showing on the HMI, press the ID letter that is printed next to your selec- tion.			
Elevation	10 plunges, creates stair steps in bottom of wood. In calibrated saw, the first 5 don't touch the wood.	Count the # of stair corners visi- ble on the board that are complete semi-circles.	On the Calibration screen showing on the HMI, press the # matching the number of stair corners.			
CLS	Performs a "stability check". Determines if the CLS sensor eye is failing to sense the board because it is not physically aligned with the board location or if there is a sensor and/or electrical issue.					



Graphics Supporting Calibration

Figure 4-43: Angle Calibration Screen

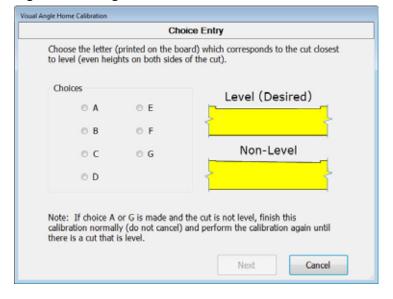


Figure 4-44: Angle Cut

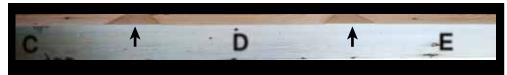


Figure 4-45: Bevel Calibration Screen

	Choic	e Entry
Choose the letter (p with the smallest st		d) which corresponds to the pair of cuts
Choices	© E ⊙ F	No Step (Desired)
© C	© G	Step
© D		·
© D		e step is greater than 1/64 inch,



If the calibration process does not complete, select HOME SYSTEM to continue operating the saw.



Figure 4-46: Elevation Calibration Screen

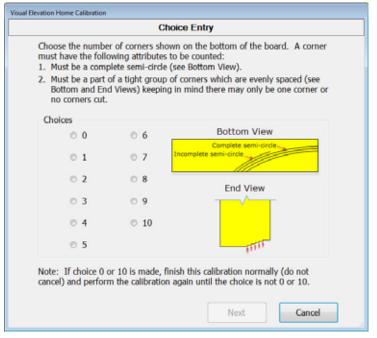


Figure 4-47: Elevation Cut







Home System

The HOME SYSTEM button on the Toolbar moves all servo axes to the Home position, determined by the location of the home sensor/limit switch.

If the stroke axis is not in its Home position when certain commands are made, the error shown in Figure 4-49 appears. To remedy this error, press the MOVE TO HOME button located inside the error window.

Figure 4-49: Saw Stroke Must Be on Its Home Limit Error



Figure 4-48: Toolbar





Solution to Z-Pulse Error



Must be in Manual

Mode to calibrate.

If during calibration, either of the messages shown in Figure 4-50 or Figure 4-51 are shown for the angle, bevel, or elevation axes, follow the steps listed in the error window.

Figure 4-50: Error SRV006



1. On the HMI (touch screen), go to Tools>Calibrate and calibrate the appropriate axis.

Figure 4-51: Error SRV002

Operator Message	
SRV0002	
Angle home 2-pulse is 65534 and is out of ri the home sensor gap is too large or faulty o 1. Verify sensor gap is correct (1/12 inch). 2. Verify that the home sensor is tight. 3. Clear the stored 2-pulse value in PLC Dia 4. Initialize. 5. Re-calibrate the Angle home offset using	agnostics.
Stop	

- 2. Follow the steps in the error window.
 - To clear the stored Z-Pulse:
 - Go to the HMI's Home Screen and select *Diagnostics>Detailed Diagnostics.*
 - Select the correct tab on the bottom half of the screen and press the CLEAR Z button.
 - To home the system, press the HOME SYSTEM button on the Home Screen Toolbar.

Defining Printer Marks

See the *Board Stretcher* manual for all printer fields and what they mean.



Second Monitor and Production Metrics (optional)

For monitor specifications and more, refer to the General chapter.

Activating a Second Monitor (Display)

For systems with the option to add a second monitor (display), the feature must be activated in the *BLADE* software as shown in Figure 4-52.

Figure 4-52: Click This Checkbox to Activate a Second Display

Options							×	
Security	Printers	Saw P	roduction					
General	Material	Handling	File Imp	ort	Cut List	Display	Backup	
		Langu Er 	-	Es	panol			
	A change in the language will only partially change the main display until the next time the program is restarted.							
		User Dis	play					
		- Squar	e Cut					
		○ 0 d	eg. 💿 9	90 d	leg.			
		Displa	ay & Input u	nits				
	Imperial							
○ Metric								
		Second [Display					
		Enat	ole (restart r	equ	ired)			

Managing Production Metrics

The data that displays on the second monitor is not customizable at this time. The production metrics are taken from the history database within the *BLADE* software. The time period for the metrics are from start-of-shift to the current time. Shift times can be changed in the *Tools>Options>Production* tab, but remember, that also affects break times allowed.

Printer



Appendix A

Supplies

How to Order Printer Supplies



Must send a Purchase Order! To order supplies for the *MiTek* Printer, contact Matthews directly. MiTek does not sell the ink or cleaning solution.

Once the account is set up, future orders can placed by providing a PO any of the three ways listed here. To place your very first order with *Matthews Marking Systems*TM, see page OP-169.

- E-mail to mms-insidesales@matw.com, or
- Fax 412-665-2594, or
- Call 800-775-7775

Table A-1: Printer Supplies

	Description	Unit of Issue	Quantity per Case	Matthews Part #
Cleaner	SCP-900C	case	6 bottles (1 liter ea.)	71002860
Ink	SCP-901A, Black Ink	case	6 bottles (1 liter ea.)	71002863



Only use the specified ink in this printer!

Ink specified for other MiTek inkers and printers will damage this unit.

The ink must be stored between 32°F and 90°F and has a 2-month shelf life.

How Much Ink Will I Use?

The amount of ink you will use depends greatly on which Printer(s) you have, type of parts you cut, and quantity of parts each day. Basic guidelines are listed below to help you determine how much ink to purchase at one time. These guidelines are based on a **5-day work week**, **1 shift/day**. Adjust these numbers to reflect your work week.

- For Truss Use, with an AGS option: On average, the Printer uses approximately 1 liter of ink every 1-2 weeks.
- For Wall Panel use, with an AGS option: On average, the Printer uses approximately 2-3 liters per week.



Placing Your First Supplies Order Through Matthews™

Consumable supplies (ink and cleaner) must be purchased from either Matthews or a local distributor prior to the saw's installation, and it MUST be present at the installation of the saw. MiTek does not sell the ink and cleaner solutions. The most efficient way to place your first order is as follows.*

- 1. Print and fill out the Matthews credit form that is included in the Inker/Printer Agreement.
- 2. Send an e-mail to Matthews at <u>mms-insidesales@matw.com</u> with the following information:
 - a) Notation that you are a MiTek customer
 - b) Ship To address
 - c) Bill To address
 - d) Attach the following files:
 - Matthews Credit Form
 - PO stating this purchase items, Matthews part numbers, and quantities
 - (listed in Inker/Printer Agreement)
- 3. A customer service representative will assign the account internally, and your Matthews account is created.
- 4. Call the number below to place your first order and verify that all credit information has been received. Orders should be placed at least 3 weeks prior to the saw installation date to ensure the supplies will be there during installation.

* Failure to supply a purchase order will delay the shipment of supplies. If you do not have the credit form, contact Matthews to obtain a credit application. These supplies may also be purchased from an approved local distributor. Contact Matthews to obtain your local distributor's contact information.



Overview of Printer Components

The printer used with this equipment is designed to allow inkjet printing on the edge or face of lumber. The print heads are located at the infeed side of the saw, just before the lumber enters the saw chamber. The control unit is located in an enclosure mounted to the Infeed Rail. It can control up to 3 print heads. If more than 1 controller is used, a second enclosure is also located on the Infeed Rail.



Identify your printer option using Table A-2 on page OP-176. Learn more about operating and the printer starting on page OP-182.

Printer Component Descriptions

Control Unit

The *BLADE* software communicates with the control unit to determine what to print and when. The control unit then sends a message to the print head(s). The word "printer" is often used when discussing the control unit, or sometimes refers to the entire assembly (control unit and print heads).

The information in this appendix is written for a *Matthews* V84i control unit. If the control unit changes, there may be slight differences in graphics and specifications.



Normal illumination of the Print LED on the controller is: Solid green at startup Flashing green when printing output is on

Print Head(s)

The print head uses ink from the ink supply unit to mark a print target according to the signals received from the control unit. For more information on a specific print head, please see the documentation received with the applicable head.

Ink Supply Unit

Used for supplying ink and cleaner fluid to the print head.

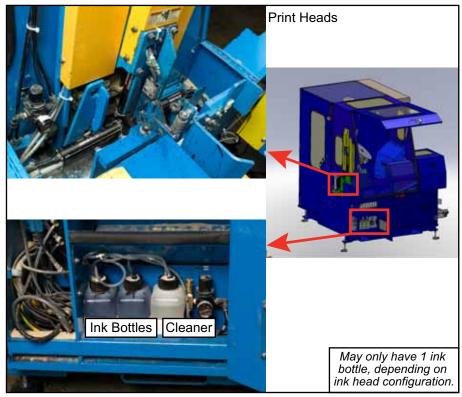
Pneumatic System

The printer system has its own pneumatic regulator that should be set at 15 psi or lower. Exceeding this recommended setting will damage print heads.



Printer System Graphics

Figure A-1: Printer System





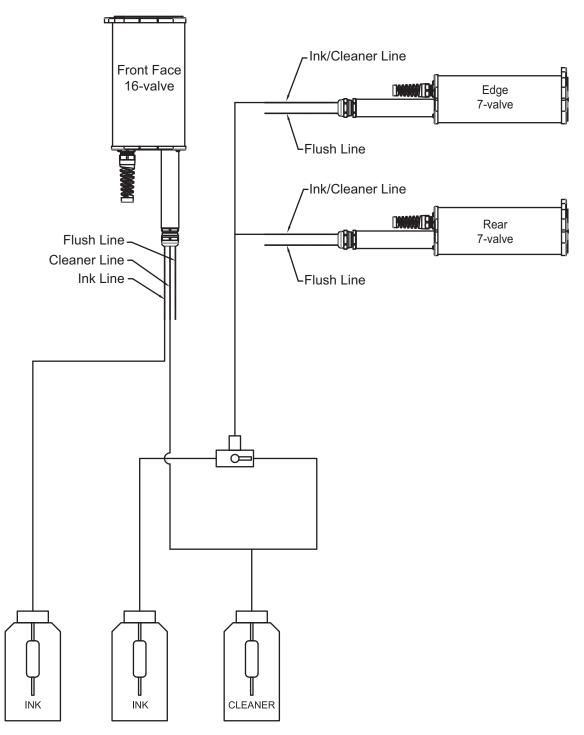


Figure A-2: Printer Parts and Configuration

1 ink bottle is dedicated to the 16-valve print head. The 2nd ink bottle is used for all other print heads.



Keeping You and Your Printer Safe

- Always wear safety glasses and rubber gloves when handling ink.
- Never clean nozzles with pressurized air.
- Use only the correct Matthews inks and cleaners. Failure to do so will damage the unit and void the warranty.
- Running the print head/s without fluid will cause damage.
- Check regularly for kinks or other stoppages in the lines.
- Never refill an ink or cleaner bottle.
- Do not allow the ink or cleaner level to fall below the bottom of the pick-up tube. The air will negatively effect print quality and cause damage to the print head.
- Never pressurize a bottle while it is positioned outside the ink supply unit.
- Never exceed the recommended pressure setting: 15 psi.

Sensor States

To see the printer sensor states, go to Diagnostics, then Main Controller.

Maintaining the Printer (HANG NEAR PRINTER)

Cleaning the Printer Daily

Follow this procedure carefully to avoid pushing debris into the print head. When a print head is damaged by dust and debris, it may require replacing the entire print head which is a costly solution. Lengthen the life of the print heads by keeping them clean in accordance with these instructions.

NOTICE:

DO NOT use a cloth rag because it will push debris into the print head nozzle including cloth lint.

A brush was provided with your new printer. It may be helpful to trim the ends of the bristles to make them shorter, and therefore, stiffer.

Keep the brush in a ZIPPED plastic bag. If the bag or the brush get contaminated between uses, wash it or replace it.

Do not use other cleaning solutions! Cleaning this ink requires 100% acetone, and the Matthews cleaner has been specially formulated to dissolve the Matthews ink. Other cleaners may contain additional ingredients that will damage the printheads.

Do not spray the cleaner on. The spray can push debris into the nozzles.

Always store extra bottles of cleaner in a temperature-controlled area. When opening a bottle near the saw, set the bottle and cap on a clean and dust-free surface.



These instructions are also in the Preventive Maintenance Checklist with additional maintenance requirements. Clean the printer face (nozzles) at least twice a day with this procedure:

- 1. Dip the brush in the cleaner used in the printer assembly (for flushing print heads).
- 2. Lightly move the brush back and forth across each nozzle, ensuring that all visible traces of ink are gone each time.
- 3. Rinse the brush immediately to remove ink before it dries.

Place the brush in a plastic bag and seal the plastic bag.

	Wear goggles and gloves when handling ink/cleaner.
\bigcirc	Never wash ink or cleaner in a location where food or dishes may be. Rinse area well when done.
	If ink or cleaner makes contact with a person's skin, hair, eyes, or clothes, refer to the treatment section in the Safety pages at the beginning of this manual.



Small brush Cleaner fluid Washing station

Original Instructions





Printer Relief Valve

See page MT-141 in the Maintenance Manual.

Printer Fuse

See page MT-169 in the Maintenance Manual.





Flushing is filling the lines with the desired fluid. Purging the previous fluid out is a step within Flushing that is described on page OP-179.

Flushing the Printer

The printer should be flushed to clean ink out of the lines every weekend, or at least once a month.

Identifying Your Printer

The flushing instructions refer to 16-valve and 7-valve printers. Use Table A-2 to determine which printers your system uses.

Table A-2: Printer Models and Specs

# of Va	lves	16	7	7
System ID and Printing Location		Uses Ink Bottle 1	Uses Ink	Bottle 2
		Front	Rear	Edge
standard	А	Х		
option	В	Х	Х	
option	С	Х		Х
option	D	Х	Х	Х
AGS+ option	E	Х	Х	
AGS+ option	F	Х	Х	Х



The Flushing Procedure

Go to the *Diagnostics>Detailed Diagnostics>Printer* tab in the *BLADE* software, then follow the instructions in Figure A-4 to flush any print head.

Figure A-3: Printer Screen in Detailed Diagnostics

Clamps CLS	Angle	Bevel	Elevation	Gripper	LASM	Stroke	Saw Blade	Printer	Machine	Help	Auto Deck	
Print Head					Ink/Ci	eaner Vi		inter Co	ntroller		Power	
Front				1	* Ink				Disable		or	Power Is OI
			Drop	7 1	C Ce	aner -					Trigger	
			Dowr			Rush		Clea	e Messages		On	Off
Print To Sen	1		Menu								Encoder	
ABCD	123				9	end Print		a	ear Errors		Gripper	LASH
Clamps CLS	Angle	Bevel	Elevation	Gripper	LASM	Stroke	Saw Blade	Printer	Machine	PLC	Auto Deck	
Januas CLS	DADEC!											
201026120200	mation						Print P	tead				
10026120000		123-4567	78-90				10000	tead Nirection	Code: 31	eft to R	ight CCW Tilt	
Controller Info	lion 1	123-4567	78-90				Print C	All Second second	Code: 31 16219	aft to R	ight COW Tilt	
Controller Info Hardware Ven	lion 1	23.4.5	78-90 Forward Que	idrature			Print C	Nirection er Fisctor		eft to R	ight CCW Tit	
Controller Info Hardware Vers Software Vers Encoder Mode	lion 1	123.4.5 Code: 4 F	Forward Qu				Print D Encod Dot Sk	Nirection er Fisctor	16219 27	eft to R	ight CCW Tit	Auto Update
Controller Info Hardware Ven Software Vens Encoder Mode	lion 1	23,4.5 Code: 4 F	Forward Qu	E Gr	oper Enco		Print D Encod Dot Sk	Nirection er Factor ze n Spading	16219 27	eft to R	ight CCW Tilt	Auto Update
Controller Info Hardware Vers Software Vers Encoder Mode	lion 1	123.4.5 Code: 4 P Priviti Rebui	Forward Qu	Gra Lan	oper Encod wer Missi	er .	Print D Encod Dot Sk Colum Trigge	Nirection er Factor ze n Spading	16219 27 794	eft to R	ight COW TR	Auto Updala



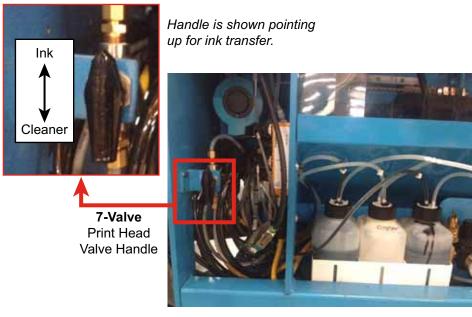
The 16- and 32-valve print head has a valve controlled by the screen in Figure A-3 to switch between ink and cleaner. The 7-valve print heads have a valve located near the ink supply bottles that must be switched manually. See Figure A-5 on page OP-178.



Figure A-4: Procedure for Flushing (Refer to Figure A-3 for screen.)

FLUSHING CLEANER OUT FLUSHING INK OUT To bring ink in... To bring cleaner in... From *Diagnostics>Detailed Diagnostics>Printer* screen: a) Select print head from drop-down menu. 32- or 16-valve b) Select the correct valve: print head: Ink Cleaner 1 Manually move valve Manually move valve 7-valve print head: handle to point up. handle to point down. Place a container in Place a container in 2 front of purge valve. front of purge valve. Manually Purge Manually Purge See detailed steps 3 Cleaner From Lines Ink From Lines on subsequent page. Place a paper towel in Place a paper towel in 4 front of print head. front of print head. From *Diagnostics>Detailed Diagnostics>Printer* screen: 5 **FLUSH**

Figure A-5: Manual Valve for 7-Valve Print Heads





Manually Purging Ink or Cleaner From Lines

Flushing the existing fluid from the printer lines will eventually purge all fluid from the lines, but it may be a slow process. A more efficient method is manually purging the unwanted fluid from the lines, then flushing the desired fluid into the lines.

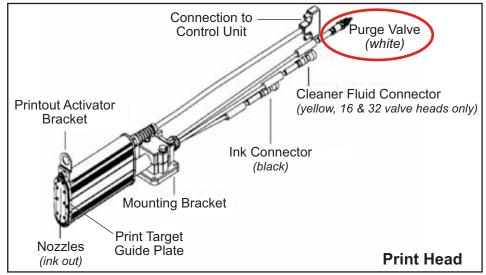
To Manually Purge 32- or 16-Valve Print Heads:

- 1. Follow the procedure in Figure A-4 on page OP-178 until the *Manually Purge*... step, then follow this procedure.
- 2. With a waste container under the purge valve, pull the purge valve back to compress it, and ink will exit out of the purge valve into the waste container.
- 3. If flushing the system, continue with the procedure on page OP-176.

To Manually Purge 7-Valve Print Heads:

- 1. Follow the procedure in Figure A-4 on page OP-178 until the *Manually Purge*... step. Note that the 7-valve print head selects ink or fluid by manually turning the valve handle shown in Figure A-5 on page OP-178.
- 2. With a waste container under the purge valve, pull the purge valve back to compress it, and ink will exit out of the purge valve into the waste container.
- 3. If flushing the system, continue with the procedure on page OP-176.

Figure A-6: Printer Parts Diagram





Preparing for Shut Down of Over 48 Hours

When the printer is not in use for more than 48 hours, it is HIGHLY recommended to flush cleaner through the print head(s).

FLUID WILL EXIT NOZZLES DURING FLUSH!
When a Flush cycle is initiated be sure to have something in front of the print head nozzle plate(s) to capture the discharged fluid!

- 1. Flush cleaner through the lines as described on page OP-176.
- 2. Clean nozzles as described on page OP-174.
- 3. Leave cleaner in the print head manifold until printing resumes.

After Shut Down for Over 48 Hours



FLUID WILL EXIT NOZZLES DURING FLUSH! When a Flush cycle is initiated be sure to have something in front of the print head nozzle plate(s) to capture the discharged fluid!

- 1. Flush ink through the lines as described on page OP-176.
- 2. Clean nozzles as described on page OP-174.
- 3. Begin operation.



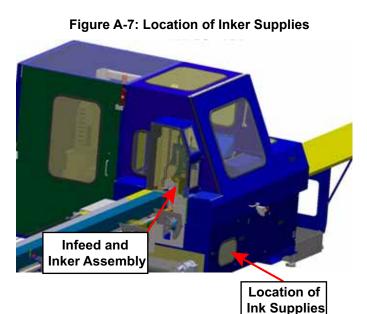
Replacing an Ink or Cleaner Fluid Bottle



ONLY USE INK SPECIFIED FOR THIS SAW.

Other ink, including ink used on other MiTek equipment, will destroy the print head and result in costly repairs. See page OP-168 for printer supplies.

- 1. Lockout/tagout the pneumatic system's main regulator. There must not be any air pressure in the system when replacing fluid bottles.
- 2. Shake the new ink bottle vigorously.
- 3. Remove the cap from the new bottle, but not the foil seal
- 4. Remove filter assembly from empty bottle.
- 5. Cut a slit in the foil seal on the new bottle.
- 6. Insert the filter assembly into the new bottle.



- 7. Place the new bottle back in the Ink Supply Unit and close the door.
- 8. Purge the line so all air is pushed out. See page OP-179.
- 9. Ensure the valve is in ink position for printing.



Refer to page OP-168

for help with

cleaner fluid.

ordering ink or

If the previous bottle was empty, air MUST be purged from the lines.



Printer Description and Operation Details

When used in conjunction with a *MatchPoint Blade*TM wood processing system, the *BLADE*TM Printer allows a component manufacturer to print member level information that assists in the truss or wall panel assembly process. The different printing options are outlined here. Options E & F were added in 2014 to offer a more visual method of communicating the proper plates to be used.

Printer Options Overview

When used in conjunction with a *MatchPoint Blade* wood processing system, the *BLADE* Printer allows a component manufacturer to print member level information that assists in the truss or wall panel assembly process. The different printing options are outlined here and described in detail on our web pages. The information here is subject to change, so refer to the web pages for the most recent information.

A: Standard with every saw. Prints standard print fields (text) on front face.

B: Uses two print heads to print standard print fields, joint and plate information, and joint alignment marks on face-up (on assembly tables) side of board.

C: Same as A, plus a 2nd print head to print on top edge of board.

D: Same as B, plus a 3rd print head to print on edge of board.

E: AGS+: Uses 2 print heads to print everything in B, plus plate outlines in correct location and basic graphics on the face-up side. BEST ROI FOR TRUSSES!

F: AGS+: Same as E, plus a 3rd print head to print on edge of board. BEST ROI FOR WALLS!



Joint alignment marks can be moved toward the top or bottom edge of the board so they are closer to the joint.

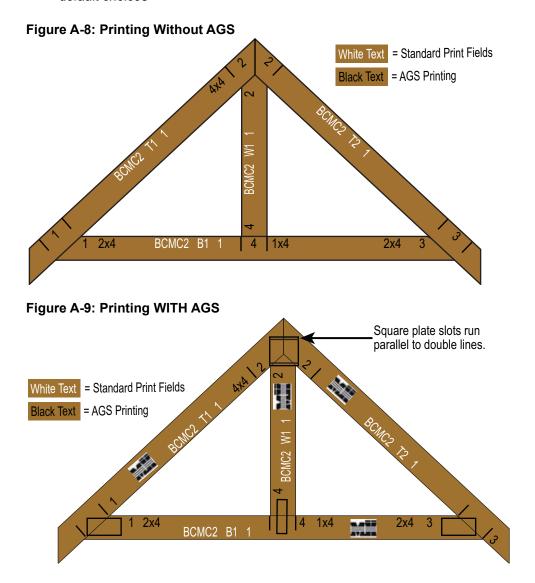


Print Fields

The standard print fields can be printed on each part as it enters the saw chamber. The fields with an asterisk mark are printed by default, but any other field can be chosen to replace or add to the default fields by selecting the Custom field in Board Stretcher's *Tools>Options* window.

Table A-3: Standard Print Fields			
Truss (name) *	Description*	Overall Length	
Assembly	Grade	Side	
Job Name	Stock Length	AO Side	
Group	Stock Width	Assembly Staging Group	
Quantity*	Centerline Length	Text	

* default choices



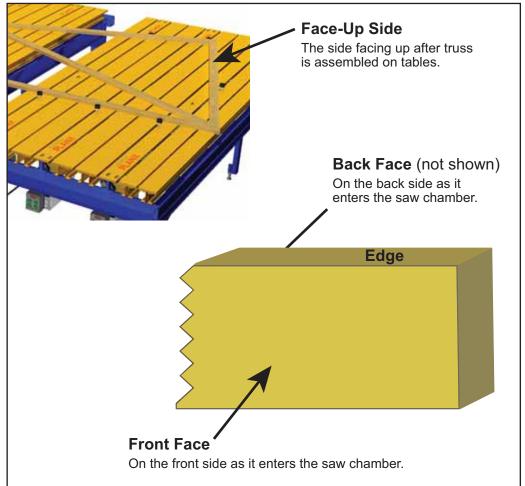




Print Side

Remember that the side of the board receiving an image depends on the part and the printer option installed. The graphic here defines front face, back face, edge (always top edge), and face-up to assist in understanding Table 2 which summarizes what and where each option can apply ink.

Figure A-10: Front Face vs. Face-Up



Edge Printer

Edge printing, in systems with that option, is always located on the top edge of the board as it enters the saw chamber. This is typically used for printing stud locations on wall panels. It can also print any of the standard print fields. All options including an edge printer (C, D, & F) require that the wall panel software license be purchased also.



Image Size and Location

Options A & C

Vertical	Horizontal Location	Size of Text
See graphic.	Select Leading Edge, Trailing Edge, or Center in <i>Board</i> <i>Stretcher</i> .	1 row of large text if it fits. If needed, automatically changes to two lines of small text.

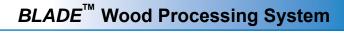
Options B & D

Vertical	Horizontal Location	Size of Text	Face That Receives Printing
See graphic.	 Without AGS Software: Select Leading Edge, Trailing Edge, or Center in Board Stretcher. With AGS Software: Face-Up Side: The largest available print zone. Opposing Side (face-down): Select Leading Edge, Trailing Edge, or Center in Board Stretcher. 	Without AGS Software: 1 row of large text if it fits. If needed, automatically changes to two lines of small text. With AGS Software: Small text arranged in two rows.	Without AGS Software: Prints standard print fields on front and back faces every time. With AGS Software: Default is to print standard print fields on face- up side only. A MiTek representative can change the configuration to print the standard print fields on the opposing (face-down) side also. AGS printing data always prints on the face-up side only.

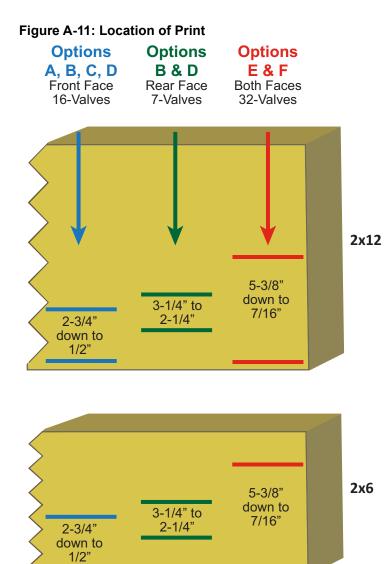
Options E & F

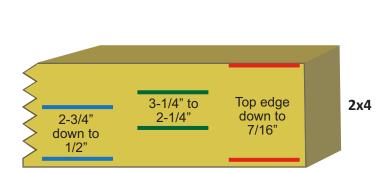
Vertical	Horizontal Location	Size of Text	Face That Receives Printing	
See graphic.	Face-Up Side: The largest available print zone.	Small text arranged in two rows.	able print arranged in fields on face-up side two rows. representative can cl	Default is to print standard print fields on face-up side only. A MiTek representative can change the
	Opposing Side (face- down): Select Leading Edge, Trailing Edge,		configuration to print the standard print fields on the opposing (face-down) side also.	
	or Center in Board Stretcher software.		AGS printing data always prints on the face-up side only.	

Plate Printing Note: Only plate edges that fall within the print area will be printed. On boards larger than a 2x6, some plate edges will not print.













Printing Lateral Bracing on Roof Trusses

Lateral bracing is indicated on truss drawings as a cross section of a piece of lumber at the required location. It is accompanied by a bracing note, as shown.

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 1 Row at midpt 5-12, 3-12 2 Rows at 1/3 pts 7-12

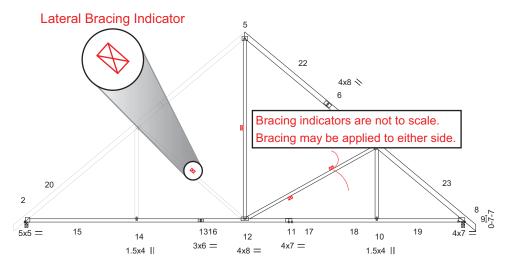
To apply the lateral bracing without the AGS+ Printer, the web must be measured and the location(s) calculated and marked. With AGS+, the lateral bracing symbols are printed directly on the face-up side of the board. Figure A-12: Lateral Bracing Symbol



As you can see in the sample photo, one side of the rectangle may be open due to print area limitations. If that occurs, it simply means the truss drawing had the symbol on that side of the board (the side without a line). In actuality, though, the bracing can be attached to either side (edge) of the truss lumber.

Just like on the truss drawing, the lateral bracing symbols printed on the lumber are not to scale, and they do not indicate the size of bracing to be used. Bracing sizes should be determined by the building designer and industry best practices. A typical MiTek drawing includes a note that reads, "MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide." The Stabilizer product was designed specifically for this purpose.

Figure A-13: Truss Drawing Showing Lateral Bracing Symbols





Sample Printer Agreement

In exchange for purchasing the $MiTek^{\text{(R)}}$ Inker/Printer from MiTek, the user (customer) of the Inker/Printer can expect the following from MiTek:

- 1. MiTek agrees to install the aforementioned Inker/Printer during the installation of a new $Cyber^{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}} A/T$ saw or $BLADE^{\ensuremath{\mathsf{TM}}}$ wood processing system that is purchased at the same time as the Inker/Printer. If purchased separately, the Inker/Printer will be installed at a mutually scheduled time between MiTek and the user.
- 2. MiTek will provide training and startup assistance during the installation of the Inker/Printer.
- 3. After installation is complete, MiTek will provide on-site assistance for software or saw related issues only. Mechanical repairs to the Inker/Printer are the responsibility of *Matthews*TM (the manufacturer of the Inker/Printer) and the user (customer).

In exchange for purchasing the Inker/Printer from MiTek, the user (customer) of the Inker/ Printer can expect the following from *Matthews*, the manufacturer of the Inker:

- 1. Matthews will perform all warranty services of the Inker/Printer.
- 2. *Matthews* will supply all of the perishable supplies when they are purchased by the user. MiTek will not be providing perishable supplies.

In exchange for purchasing the Inker/Printer from MiTek, the user (customer) of the Inker/Printer acknowledges the following:

- 1. The user understands the capabilities of the Inker/Printer, including its limitations, as integrated with the saw. The user agrees that MiTek is only responsible for providing the stated capabilities of the Inker/Printer during the installation and after the Inker is operational. Additional capabilities are not available without prior agreement with MiTek, which may delay shipment and installation of the Inker/Printer.
- 2. The user agrees to have the site ready for installation of the Inker/Printer at the scheduled time of installation. This includes, but is not limited to, building completion, available access to the building, power on site for the saw and Inker/ Printer, power in the correct location for the saw and Inker/Printer, air to the saw, and access to required tools.
- 3. The user agrees to have adequate materials and samples for testing the operation of the Inker/Printer and training on operation during the installation. The user should have actual cutting information that can be downloaded from the saw to the Inker/Printer.
- 4. The user agrees to purchase all consumable supplies such as ink or solvent at least three (3) weeks prior to the installation of the Inker/Printer, as they will not be



When the *MiTek* saw was purchased from MiTek, the information in this document was discussed. This sample Printer Agreement is just a reminder.



included with the Inker/Printer. The supplies and part numbers that must be available for use during installation are supplied in this document.

- 5. The user agrees to follow the maintenance procedures recommended by MiTek and Matthews. This may involve hourly, daily, weekly, monthly, and annual maintenance on the Inker/Printer. Ink for the Inker/Printer is required to be stored and used at a temperature of at least 32°F to prevent ice crystals from forming and clogging the Inker/Printer.
- 6. The user is responsible for establishing and maintaining a relationship with Matthews according to the contact information given in this document.
- 7. The user agrees to read and understand the Inker/Printer manual.
- 8. Failure to follow these items may delay the installation and start-up of the Inker/ Printer. It may also result in extra charges from MiTek and Matthews, depending on the severity and nature of the discrepancy.

This agreement must be signed and returned to MiTek prior to shipping. Failure to sign this agreement will delay the shipment and installation of the Inker/Printer. It may take up to **3 WEEKS** for supplies to come in, and they must be received prior to the saw's installation date!

Only Matthews-approved consumables can be used. Using any non-approved consumable supply will result in damage to the print heads and will void the warranty!

Signature of User

Title

Company Name

Date

Training



Appendix B

Purpose of Chapter This appendix is a valuable training tool for new *Miser II* and *Board Stretcher* operators. Veteran operators will also benefit by reviewing this information to improve efficiency and reduce waste.

Safety Resources

Safety notes are located at appropriate places throughout this manual, but nothing can teach common sense and planning ahead. Before operating or performing maintenance on any MiTek saw or assembly equipment, each person must watch the safety videos created for that equipment. They can be viewed on the MiTek web site under *Machinery*.

Basic Understanding of the System

Description of Machine and Training

The *BLADE* wood processing system is a highly sophisticated automated production method for the truss and wall frame industry. Once the cutting and marking list has been downloaded to the machine, the operator's involvement is minimal.

As with most automated machining systems, the *BLADE* wood processing system will likely cause you to change the way you do business, especially as it relates to your current cutting procedures and practices. Unlike many other brands, this system dictates production rates, not the operator. However, certain guidelines must be followed to ensure maximum production and accuracy levels. The following pages describe conditions that will affect performance and ultimately, your level of satisfaction.

This section is intended to be a training and familiarization tool. It offers ideas and guidelines based on design intent and lots of customer feedback. Each facility must determine which ideas work best for their application.



Operator Requirements

Training an operator is relatively easy since the system does most of the work. Customers have told us of successfully training an individual in as little as one half hour, but the quality of the training is more important than the quantity. The computer-literacy and component industry knowledge will also affect the amount of training an operator needs.

An effective operator must be a conscientious employee who looks out for the maintenance of the machine, stays busy stocking the lumber feed system in a timely fashion, handles manual loads without delay, watches for misfeeds due to crooked and bowed material, efficiently organizes and collates the finished parts, and is capable and willing to handle the occasional problem that occurs with all machines.

The Reports software can assist the operator and management in determining areas for improvement to facilitate further training.

Meeting Your Expectations

The system records virtually everything that is going on at the saw. Production rates are extremely predictable and repeatable. Comparing reports from week to week will help show trends that may influence production. It is like having an industrial engineer looking over the operators shoulder and can be a highly effective tool if used correctly.

When maintained properly, this system will almost run itself. If multiple related issues arise, a thorough troubleshooting attempt should be conducted immediately to solve the issues, regardless of how small they seem. Any issue that distracts the operator or slows the machine is unnecessary.

Your team has the potential of producing more parts per man-hour, while using a single operator, than is possible on any other machine in this industry. Follow these tips and we are confident you will be pleased.

Optimizing Board Usage

Optimization training is found online at MiTek University (as of late 2017).



Acceptable Material and Finished Parts

What You Should Send To the Saw

The smaller the job size, i.e., one or two trusses, the more likely you will want to do all of the components on the saw. Doing so eliminates the setup time and material handling that would normally be required for even the fastest automated multi-blade component saw. We suggest you evaluate the production capabilities of the multi-blade saws or other cutting hardware you have available. Take into account getting the material to the saw, marking it if necessary, doing the saw setup(s), doing the run, and going to the next setup in the machines computer (if it has one).

Now compare the multi-blade saw time with this equipment, using the production reports to predict the elapsed time to process the job or components. You will find you can very quickly and accurately predict such times since its report shows the average time in seconds to process a part in a given length range with a specified number of angles. These recorded times already account for material handling and doing the run. Since there is no setup time, it need not be estimated.

Generally speaking, the shorter the part the more likely you will want to process it on a linear saw. Conversely, the larger the number of long parts, the more likely a conventional component saw would be the choice. Again, evaluating the actual production times of the available cutting systems will dictate where the job or parts should be processed. When evaluating and comparing the production rates on the two systems, keep in mind that sending very short runs and short parts to a linear saw will dramatically improve the production rates of your multi-blade component saws.

What the Saw Will Cut

Certain parts may be directed to the saw, regardless of quantity, simply because of safety or its greater ability to make unusual or difficult cuts. This would include very short parts such as wedges and extremely long scarfs such as are common on large bottom chords. While the saw will attempt to cut virtually any part you send to it, there are certain limitations as to its ability to control the finished part with the LASM (lumber advance short move). With experience, the operator will develop parameters that define the minimum length to be processed at that facility while having the part discharge to the lumber exit chain from the LASM. Components shorter than this minimum length can then be deleted from the job file prior to being downloaded to the saw optimizing program. This should rarely be necessary, though, because the saw can cut and exit anything with a 2" surface for the LASM to grab.

Under no circumstance should the operator attempt to relieve a jam by placing a hand or an object within the vicinity of the lumber exit chain or the cutting chamber when the saw is powered.



Stock Length, Size, and Grade

We strongly recommend minimizing the grades, species, and lengths of material stocked. Traditionally, truss plants have tended to stock a wide variety of lumber to accommodate any truss. With current technology, the software is much more flexible than your floor space, so it is more cost-effective to stock fewer types and lengths of lumber. With the use of optimization software, waste will likely not be affected by fewer board lengths and substitutions are quick and easy within the software.

LENGTH AND SIZE: As an alternative to an infinite variety of dimensions, we suggest modifying designs to accommodate a smaller range of inventory. Doing so, will help assure the material in the lumber stations (if equipped) will only have to be changed under special circumstances rather than as an hourly or daily activity. This procedure will save operator time, confusion, and errors as well as minimize the space necessary near the machine for staging raw materials.

GRADE: Another important consideration is to use higher grades of materials. Perhaps select a grade that could be used on a larger percentage of components. In some instances, the higher grade might be overkill; however, it serves to minimize the variety of grades in inventory. In addition, it eliminates the possibility of using a substandard grade because of operator error, reduces the probability of recuts, improves efficiency at the assembly tables, and generally enhances the quality and appearance of your product. Finally, it can have a significant effect on the performance of the saw and its material handling system.

To work properly, automated machines and material handling systems need uniformity in the raw materials they process. Wood presents challenges not normally found in the world of automated machines. These challenges are even greater when dealing with lumber used in the truss industry. With that in mind, one of the changes you may be faced with is the viability of using higher grade materials. We acknowledge that certain other manually fed saws can more easily process bowed, twisted, or crooked material, however, their accuracy, man hours per part, production rates, and the quality of the finished product is always compromised.

While being the cheapest to purchase, the lowest grades of material may not be the least costly when considering the total production process. Some of the hidden costs are often overlooked by the purchasing agent. You should determine what your actual total cost per part is when processing low-grade materials with your current production method. Cull rates can reach over 25% on the lowest grades. Consider the time it takes to sort through a unit, handle the usable material, handle the reject material, and determine the potential use for such rejected material. Accounting for all of the preceding, plus the actual time to cut the part, will give you the true cost per part.



Things to Understand

Understanding Job Files

In general, when optimizing materials, the larger the job file of different truss types, the better the material utilization. Because of the large variation in components created by a larger job file, more parts can be placed on the available lengths of stock. The downside is, more complicated logistics on the outfeed end of the saw. Many users limit the job file to a couple of truss types, thus minimizing the number of carts and collating headaches at the end of the saw. Each facility must determine what works best at that site.

The jobs are created by the *Board Stretcher* software. *Board Stretcher* has different options for the sorting and optimizations that can be configured so as to be best suited for your operation. Experiment and see what works best for you.

One final note relating to downloaded job file size: Experience has shown that very large files, i.e. in excess of a thousand parts or more, can slow the rate of production of the saw. If you find it necessary to use very large files, contact MiTek to discuss your needs.

Understanding the CLS

The CLS (Crooked Lumber Sensor) automatically senses the position of crooked lumber above or below the bottom surface of the board in the saw chamber and adjusts the height of the cutting head to compensate for the crook. This elevation adjustment of the saw blade happens on the fly, so very little time is lost in the production process. The result is extremely accurate heel and centerline heights on lumber that previously may have been scrapped.

This system was developed with the idea of eliminating the challenges associated with component saws when processing the occasional piece of crooked lumber. Its use is not intended as an inducement to begin processing the worst of lumber. On the contrary, we prefer the straightest materials. As noted above, when discussing the use of low grade materials, the user must accept the fact that you will have more misfeeds, gripper and LASM jams, and generally slower production rates than when running lower grades of stock.



Using Remainders

At the saw, the saw program can maintain a list of default components, or remainders, selected by the operator, which may be processed from any waste remaining after the cutting list has been run through the normal optimizing routine. A remainder is the usable part of a board that unless used, would otherwise be scrap.

These remainder components are entered and assigned a priority by the saw operator, based on the required demand and existing supply of such items. This feature further reduces downfall to an almost insignificant volume, thereby creating usable standard components automatically while minimizing additional handling. With proper utilization, the program will dramatically reduce the waste that would normally be generated by other cutting systems. In some instances, you may choose to use longer original stock in order to increase the length of a remainder, thus permitting it to be recycled directly into the magazines or be processed by another saw.

This option can be turned on or off. Any part can be defined as a remainder. The parts can either be added from the cut list on the Home Screen by selecting F4, or from the *Key In Part* screen. Once in the remainder list, remainder parts can be active or inactive. If a part is inactive, that means it will never be cut, until it is activated. Remainder parts are prioritized within lumber sizes. For example, all active 2x4 remainder parts are prioritized. This means a remainder part with priority 1 will be cut before a part with priority 2. You should use caution here - typically priority 1 parts are longer than priority 2 parts.

That is, if your priority 1 part fits within the waste area, it will be cut. If it doesn't fit then your priority 2 part will be tested to see if it fits. This means a shorter priority 1 part will always be cut and a longer priority 2 part will never be cut. A diagram of the possible remainders can be viewed by clicking th F3 button.

- At the top of the screen, you have the option to cut leading and/or trailing remainders these are the parts you defined that show in the middle of the screen.
- If you wish to delete a part, highlight it and press the Del key or click on DELETE.
- If you wish to change the priority of a part, highlight it and press the CTRL key with the up or down arrow.
- If you wish to deactivate or activate a part, double-click it or highlight it and then click on the CHANGE ACTIVATION button.
- If you have a printer on your saw, the information under the 'Print' column is printed on the remainder part. You can change this information by highlighting the part and then keying in something new into the print field.
- If you make a change to the remainder part data, the ACCEPT button will become active. You must press the ACCEPT button to allow the data to take effect.
- If you make a mistake, such as deleting a part that you don't really want to delete, simple return to the Home Screen. You will get a pop up message saying you have changed items answer 'No' and your remainder data will be the same as when you entered the remainder screen.

actuate	to activate, put into action
affected employee	an employee whose job requires him/her to operate or use a machine or equipment on which servicing or maintenance is being performed under lockout or tagout, or whose job requires him/her to work in an area in which such servicing or maintenance is being performed
amperage	the strength of an electric current, expressed in amperes
authorized employee	a person who locks out or tags out a machine or equipment in order to perform servicing or maintenance on that machine or equipment; an affected employee becomes an authorized employee when that employee's duties include performing servicing or maintenance covered under this section
Auto Deck	a staging conveyor that feeds lumber to the Infeed Rail
Auto Mode	the normal operation mode when the saw is using job files to cut the lumber in the correct order
automated lumber feed system	mechanical system used to feed lumber to the Infeed Rail; can be the Auto Deck staging conveyor or an automated lumber retrieval system
axis	a main line of direction, motion, growth, or extension; includes angle, bevel, elevation, and stroke; plural is <i>axes</i>
bevel	the cut on the 4" dimension of a 2x4, is an optional feature
board	A specific piece of lumber with specific dimensions required by the saw to cut out specific parts
bow	a curve of the face of a board $(3-1/2"$ surface on a 2x4); the bow points to the side on floor and wall studs

bumper	a small, black rubber shock resistor used throughout the interior of the saw
bus bar	an electrical device that allows multiple gantry heads to be used simultaneously
CLS	Crooked Lumber Sensor; senses when a piece of lumber is crooked and adjust the cut to compensate
connector plate	a metal plate with "teeth" that hold truss or wall components together
crown	a curve of the edge of a board $(1-1/2)$ edge on a 2x4); the crown points up for floor studs or out for wall studs
disconnect	noun, the handle, often on a machine's main electrical enclosure, that shuts off incoming power at that spot in the electrical system
elevation	the assembly that moves the saw blade up and down
energized	connected to an energy source or containing residual or stored energy
energy isolating device	a mechanical device that physically prevents the transmission or release of energy, including but not limited to the following: manually operated electrical circuit breaker; a disconnect switch; a manually operated switch by which the conductors of a circuit can be disconnected from all ungrounded supply conductors, and in addition, no circuit can be operated independently; a line valve; a block; and any similar device used to block or isolate energy—push buttons, selector switches, and other control circuit type devices are not energy isolating devices
energy source	any source of electrical, mechanical, hydraulic, pneumatic, chemical, thermal, or other energy

felt strip	an anti-friction border on the metal plate that the stroke joins with inside the stroke-elevation chamber
foot switch	an operating device on the Auto Deck staging conveyor
gas spring	the mechanism that hold the saw chamber door open
gripper	the component on the Infeed Rail that holds the end of the board and pushes it into the saw chamber
hold-down	now called the top clamp; located on infeed side of saw
home	the default location of a component, the act of "homing" a component means to send it to it's home position
infeed gripper	see gripper
job	A group of parts requiring specific boards to cut it efficiently
illuminate	to light up, to turn on a light, to glow
Infeed Rail	the rail that lumber rests on before entering the saw chamber
infeed side clamp	see side clamp
inventory	in the saw software, inventory is the lumber entered into the software that is available to assign parts to in a job
jigging	any of several devices used to hold something; typically describes holding the truss in place on assembly tables
job	A group of parts requiring specific boards to cut it efficiently
LASM	Lumber Advance Short Move; grabs the board as it enters the saw chamber, and moves it to the outfeed side of the saw chamber, if necessary

LASM lockout sensor	sensor that prevents collisions between the LASM and the saw blade
layout	a scaled diagram of the location of components and the space that they occupy
leveling screws	used to refer to any structural leg that can be adjusted up or down by a screwing motion
limit switch	an electro-mechanical device that consists of an actuator mechanically linked to a set of contacts; when an object comes into contact with the actuator, the device operates the contacts to make or break an electrical connection
load arms	arms that load lumber from the lumber feed system (Auto Deck or) to the Infeed Rail
lockout device	a device that utilizes a positive means such as a lock, either key or combination type, to hold an energy isolating device in the safe position and prevent the energizing of a machine or equipment, including blank flanges and bolted slip blinds; should be standardized within the facility in at least one of the following criteria: color; shape; or size; and additionally, in the case of tagout devices, print and format shall be standardized
lockout/tagout	a means of isolating a piece of equipment from its energy source so maintenance can safely occur; guidelines provided in OSHA 29 CFR 1910.147
lumber	A group of boards or a non-specific board; no consideration given to the final size or shape
lumber exit chain	outfeed chain, part of the outfeed assembly
lumber feed system	any system that feeds lumber to the Infeed Rail; usually the Auto Deck staging conveyor or an automated lumber retrieval system
lumber pusher	on Auto Deck, pushed the lumber onto the Infeed Rail

Lumber Yard	The virtual lumber yard in the saw software that lists lumber available to use and allows the operator to assign each board in a job to a specific lumber in the virtual inventory.
Manual Mode	the mode the saw is in when operating it from the Diagnostics screen
master printer enclosure	the enclosure that powers the first printer in the system (included in saw purchase)
Miser	a linear saw created by The Koskovich Company and sold by MiTek
operator control interface or operator interface	the physical components and methods in which the operator controls the machine; for this equipment, it is a touch screen and panel of mechanical buttons
operator interface panel	a group of controls located on the operator interface, to the right of the touch screen
outfeed assembly	the entire area between the saw chamber and the outfeed table or conveyor; includes the lumber exit chain and outfeed clamp
panel	may refer to an electrical enclosure or a group of controls, such as the operator interface panel located on the touch screen enclosure
part	A piece of a board, cut to the exact size and shape required for the job
РС	personal computer
plate	see connector plate
PLC	Programmable Logic Controller; a solid-state control device that can be programmed to control process or machine operations.

port	a connection point for a peripheral device
potentiometer	a control knob that is a dial; allows a range of values to be set by turning the dial, also called <i>pot switch</i>
Powered Skewed Conveyor	an optional outfeed conveyor that integrates with the system to transport and sort the lumber
proximity switch	a switch that uses an electromagnetic field to detect when an object is near, there is no physical contact between the object and the switch; inductive proximity switches detect only metal objects, capacitive proximity switches can sense both metallic and non-metallic objects
qualified person	a person or persons who, by possession of a recognized degree or certificate of professional training, or who, by extensive knowledge, training, or experience, has successfully demonstrated the ability to solve problems relating to the subject matter and work—ANSI B30.2- 1983; one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of the electrical equipment and installations and has received safety training on the hazards involved—NEC2002 Handbook
regulator	a component of the pneumatic system that connects to the main air source and regulates the air pressure allowed into the system
side clamp	roller clamp on infeed side of saw that contacts the face of the lumber
solenoid	an assembly used as a switch consisting of a coil and a metal core free to slide along the coil axis under the influence of the magnetic field
station	a physical location on an automatic lumber feed system
stroke	the assembly that moves the saw blade in and out (toward or away from operator)

tagout device	a prominent warning device, such as a tag and a means of attachment, which can be securely fastened to an energy isolating device in accordance with an established procedure, to indicate that the energy isolating device and the equipment being controlled may not be operated until the tagout device is removed; should be standardized within the facility in at least one of the following criteria: color; shape; or size; and additionally, in the case of tagout devices, print and format shall be standardized
top clamp	roller clamp on infeed side of saw that contacts the top edge of the lumber; has been called a hold-down
torque	a turning or twisting force
touch screen monitor	a computer monitor that operates from human touch
VFD	Variable Frequency Device; controls the speed of the cycle
voltage	Equal to the difference of electric potential between two point on a conducting wire carrying a constant current of one ampere when the power between the points is one watt
wane	a defect in a board where a portion of the wood is missing from the board edge or face
warp	a curve where the face of a board $(3-1/2)$ side on a 2x4); is higher or lower in one spot than on the rest of the board
waste conveyor	a conveyor under the saw blade that transports waste lumber to a waste receptacle supplied by customer
wood processing system	the entire system including the saw, and all devices that transports lumber to and away from the saw

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